THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WHOLE NO. 12,297. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 22, 1870.—TRIPLE SHEET. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

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PERSONAL.

A. "CHURCH" WILL BE PLEASED TO FURNISH the information asked for, if Pali Unknown will please send address.

ADDRESS OF MRS. EMILIE TOTTERUP, OF CHRISTiania, is wanted by J. Gieco. Address Messrs. HILDENHEIM & CO., 43 Front street.

A.—THE GENTLEMAN THAT STOLE A KEY WITH A $1 bill in the ring of it can have the $1 if he will return the key to No. 6 Greene street.

A MOSQUITO.—TO THOSE WHO MAY BE CURIOUS to learn the solution of "Mosquito" are requested to read carefully the New York Herald of Sunday next.

A FRIEND. NOTE RECEIVED AT HOTEL, SIGNED "A Friend," in regard to matter in B—— street. Would like an interview, or learn more through the same source as before. Everything confidential and services will be duly appreciated.

ANNIE A., WHO RESIDED ON BLEECKER STREET some three or four years since, is requested to write to RALPH, Herald office.

A.—FROM THE YEAR A. D. 1862 UNTIL THE YEAR A. D. 1868 the world shall be deluged with blood, during which period the Jews will begin to return to Palestine. "The Anointed."
JOHN BISHOP HALL.

BOOTH'S THEATRE, WEDNESDAY EVENING.—WILL the lady who recognized gentleman in side stage, also upon leaving theatre, please address W. W. WALTONS, Union square Post office?

CUENUNT.

C.—YOU ARE DECEIVED BY A MEAN FLIRT. N.

DEAREST—I FORGIVE YOU, AND WOULD LIKE TO see you, but cannot come; there is a chance at present which prevents me. I would be happy to hear from you, but fear mistakes through this mode of communication. F. N.

ELLA DE FORREST.—YOUR FRIEND FRANK, WHO knew you about two years ago at 131 West Twenty-sixth street, wishes to hear from you. Address FRANK, Herald office.

FRED—YOUR LETTER RECEIVED; RETURN IMMEDIately; the reward is offered by your friends; all will be well. HAYES.

INFORMATION WANTED—OF ELLEN KILROY, NAtive of Castle Bella, county Galway, Ireland, who arrived in New York in steamship Idaho on March 28, 1870. Any information will be thankfully received by her sister, DELIA KILROY, 181 Grand street, Jersey City.

INFORMATION WANTED—OF HONORA O'BRIEN, A native of Kilmore, county Tipperary, Ireland; left Liverpool fifteen years ago. Any account of her will be thankfully received by her nephew, MICHAEL WHEELER.

INFORMATION WANTED—OF JULIA FITZSIMMONS, aged 13 years, who left her home with the Sisters of Praise street, about three months ago. Any information will be thankfully received by her brother PATRICK, corner Third avenue and Twenty-fourth street (Bull's Head), or her sister MARY (Mrs. Chr. Wild), Macomb street and Fifth avenue, South Brooklyn.

IF MISS McELWAIN, WHO INQUIRED OF THE COlored boy at the Astor House on Wednesday evening for Flos. C. K., will call on or send her address to T. C. E., Astor House, she will confer a favor.

I.—YOU DID NOT KEEP APPOINTMENT YESTERday. Write me at address given, making another for Monday or Wednesday, or any evening. L. W.

MR. McCORMACK, WHO WAS IN EUROPE ABOUT A year ago, will please call at 84 Stone street.

MISS CARRIE GARDNER—FULTON FERRY, NEW York side, Saturday afternoon at four o'clock. If not then convenient, address as before. Appointing another interview. FIFTH AVENUE STAGE.

MISS CARRIE HOOD, A FRIEND WHO SAW YOU last on Friday, April 1, wants to see you again. State address, box ** Post office.

OJOS.—WILL NEXT TUESDAY EVENING BE CONvenient? May I then be honored with your agreeable company to attend the performance of the "Twelve Temptations?" Address MILEE, No. 823 Broadway.

PINK DILLIE.—IF YOU LIVE AND LOVE ME STILL, let me know it. Write to PTTIE or KATE.

PAULINE.—WHY DO YOU NOT WRITE? E. R. H.

PEDRO DA COSTA MANGRICAO IS REQUESTED TO call at the office of L. L. AMSINCK & CO., 135 Pearl street.

PAPA—I AM DREADFULLY WORRIED. LET ME know where you are; write me. GEORGE.

TIGER—DO NOT LOOK AT REWARDS TO-DAY. ARGUS.

WILL THE LADY IN MOURNING, WITH THE OLOrious black eyes, if agreeable, favor the gentleman with the blue cravat, who returned on the same train from Orange, N. J., yesterday, with an interview or her address? NED DAVIS, New York Post office.

WARD—TRUST IN ME AND LET ME SEE YOU. C. F. U., Box 184 New York Post office.

WEDNESDAY, 12 O'CLOCK P. M.—LADY AND GENT dining at saloon opposite Post office; gent at third table in front, opposite exit; looks of recognition, &c. Address, if agreeable, J. L. W., Herald office.

WILL ISAAC MILLER, FORMERLY FROM CLYDE, Wayne county, N. Y., call at the Cosmopolitan Hotel before Saturday noon? Mrs. M. F.

WILL EITHER OF THE YOUNG LADIES WHO picked up five cent piece in front of St. Nicholas Hotel yesterday P. M., between four and five o'clock, address their ardent admirer, SPANKER or PAIGE, box 197 Herald office?

$500 REWARD AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED.—Missing, Frederick M. Bennett, of Bergen City, N. J., aged sixteen years; was dressed in pea jacket, with velvet collar; mixed pants, with purple cord at sides; red and black necktie, black round top hat, fair complexion, dark hair, about five feet three inches in height; was last seen in New York city on the morning of April 11. Any information of his whereabouts, for which the above reward will be paid, can be left with his father, R. H. Bennett, Pine street, near Communipaw avenue, his uncle, F. Clarke, 159 Washington avenue (Lafayette), Bergen City, N. J., or P. O. Boring, 15 Murray street, New York city.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A. O. OF H. F.—THE ANNUAL SESSION OF THE R. H. Grand Lodge A. O. of O. F., of the State of New York, will be held on Friday evening, at 8 o'clock, April 22, 1870, at 26 Delancey street. All representatives are invited to attend. ADAM STOCK, Grand Master.
BERRMAN, CONRAD, Grand Secretary.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A RATTLING OF DRY BONES THROUGHOUT THE LAND.

CHAPTER I.

Certain bald-headed eagles of the profession, curious of our success, have raised against us the stale, old cry of "quack." Many of these ignoramuses who call us "quacks" can scarcely write their own names, let alone a decent or grammatical letter; and as for "doctoring"—Heaven save the mark!—innumerable tombstones attest their handiwork. The anathemas of "quack" and "humbug" amount to nothing; for they have ever been hurled against the reformer, and in every age the benefactors of the human race have endured the persecution of the ignorant and self-wise. The Saviour of mankind was called an impostor and crucified, and if he were on earth to-day there are many who would revile and crucify him again. Quackery is not generally understood to be classical scholars, and in medical and classic lore we should be pleased to compare notes with our hypercritical Rhadamanthus.

CHAPTER II.

It is true that we stand in hostility to the old practice. Collectively our band is against the schools. Bullet-headed and rhinoceros-hided we are prepared to give and take blow for blow. We cringe to no clique—ask no favors. We have little reverence for the "powers that be" or ancient authorities. We despise a coward, and believe in the God-given right of resistance to imposition and tyrannism. Three times have the Pitchfork-bigoted Candaitli assailed us, and three times have they been "sent to grass."

CHAPTER III.

The people are beginning to get their eyes open to the fact that the medical profession is a gross imposture and that the doctors kill more than they cure; and they are not far from right when they accuse some blundering practitioner of killing a beloved child or friend. Says Dr. Frank, "Thousands are slaughtered in the quiet, sick room."

CHAPTER IV.

Acting in accordance with the views of a number of eminent American physicians who believe that the time is come when educated physicians should make a decisive effort to overthrow the health-destroying system of quackery, in and out of the profession, we have placed before the people the finest chemical remedies ever originated in materia medica. The University Medicines are employed by nearly 1,500 physicians of all schools, with a success unparalleled since the days of miracles. A knowledge of medicine and chemistry as profound as that of any physicians that have lived enables us to warrant these compounds to be the most efficacious curatives for disease ever discovered in any age. They are not patent medicines. We shall never patent one of them. The imperial science of medicine tolerates no bigoted exclusiveness—the field is open to all. Further descriptions of these invaluable Health Restoratives will be found in our various illustrated, elaborate publications, which are free to all. Address Professor SCOTT AND ASSOCIATES, New York Medical University, Nos. 6 and 8 University place, New York.

AGENCIES FOR THE SALE OF THE UNIVERSITY MEDICINES—Where these favorite prescriptions of the New York Medical College are constantly kept in large quantities. Competent physicians daily in attendance to give medical advice free. Various illustrated books free.
Hudnut & Co., Herald Building, New York.
Brooklyn, N. Y., G. P. Milne, No. 217 Fulton street.
Williamsburg, N. Y., E. Eulon, 470 Grand street.
Williamsburg, N. Y., E. V. B. Livingston, 244 Grand street.
Newark, N. J., Dr. W. A. Conover, 292 Broad street.
Newark, N. J., J. W. Osborne & Co., 482 Broad street.
Paterson, N. J., Dr. M. Moses, 167 Main street.
Elizabeth, N. J., Whitehead & Hooker, 171 Broad street.
Newburg, N. Y., Chapman & Co., 111 Water street.
New Haven, Conn., Noyes & Shepherd, 391 Chapel street.
Philadelphia, No. 1,637 Chestnut street.
Baltimore, No. 11 North Holiday street.
Washington, No. 321 Pennsylvania avenue.
Boston, No. 637 Tremont street.
Portland, No. 590 Congress street.
Chicago, No. 457 South State street.
St. Louis, No. 206 South Fifth street.
Troy, No. 13 Watkins Block.
Rochester, No. 21 Main street (Crystal Palace).
Mobile, corner Lawrence and Dauphin streets.
Augusta, Ga., No. 315 Broad street.
Frederick City, Md., West Patrick street.
Harrisburg, Pa., corner Second and Walnut streets.

WHOLESALE AGENTS,
JOHN F. HENRY AND MCKESSON & ROBBINS.

ANNOUNCEMENT—
DOWN TOWN AGENCY OF THE UNIVERSITY MEDICINES.

In order to supply the heavy demand we have taken the agency for the sale of the new and popular Health Restoratives. The UNIVERSITY MEDICINES are evidently destined to become the remedies of the day. Already their sale is more extensive than that of any medicines. Thousands of physicians and patients are using them with a success bordering on the miraculous. Painful and exhausting complaints, which resist all other methods of treatment, are cured by them almost instantaneously. If on trial they are not found to be the most rapid and obnoxious curers of disease on the face of the earth they will be furnished free. They stand on their merits alone. Illustrated descriptive books free to all. Open day and night. HUDNUT & CO., Agents,
Herald Building, 218 Broadway, New York.

HYNARDS'—STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, PIANOS, Baggage, &c. 482 West Fourteenth and 78 and 80 Bank streets. Furniture packed, shipped or moved in city or country. Responsible for breakage. Money advanced.

ANY LADY OR GENTLEMAN GIVING UP HOUSEkeeping would confer a favor on a poor, respectable lady by the gift of an old carpet or any piece of furniture to enable her to take a room. Address Mrs. HARIOT HOWLAND, station D, for two days.

L. BATTERSON'S STORAGE WAREHOUSE FOR furniture and pianos, 651 and 653 Sixth avenue, near Thirty-ninth street. Pianos and furniture boxed for shipping; furniture removed, in city or to the country. Rooms to let for storage.

ALL PARTIES WISHING TO MOVE SHOULD ENgage immediately.—Large Wagons for moving furniture, city or country; furniture, pianos packed, shipped; storage. 113, 115 West Eleventh street, near Sixth avenue. A. F. G. BURNHAM.

A VERY IMPORTANT MEDICAL DISCOVERY.
TO THE SICK AND AFFLICTED.
COMPOUND OXYGEN TREATMENT.
A CURE GUARANTEED IN ALL CURABLE CASES.
DR. BROWN'S ROOMS CROWDED DAILY.
OFFICE NO. 15 WEST TWENTIETH STREET, NEW YORK.

In our office practice we have treated every form of disease with success; but for the benefit of the suffering we give here a list of the most common diseases, all of which we will treat successfully. We guarantee cures by special contract whenever the patient desires it. Persons suffering from ailments not mentioned here are invited to call or communicate a description of their cases by letter. Our reply in all cases will be consistent with our experience and knowledge and strictly honest.

CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE.

Consumption, Catarrh, Scrofula, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Palpitation of the Heart, Spinal Diseases, St. Vitus' Dance, Spermatorrhœa, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Liver Complaints, Piles, Tetter, Ulcers, Acute and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Spinal Diseases, Cancer, Dropsy, Diabetes, Kidney Diseases; all diseases incident to females.

The medical agent used by Dr. Brown in his practice at 15 West Twentieth street, New York, for the cure of all diseases is compound oxygen, or a combination of essential gases chemists and scientific men have been trying to form for ages, but without tangible results, till the recent discovery. The action of this remedial agent is alterative, stimulant and tonic, never failing to purify the blood and impart vigor to all the organs and every function of the body. No harm can possibly result from its use in any case.

This remedy has been thoroughly and successfully tested in Philadelphia and is now being introduced in New York in its present form for the first time.

All inquiries by letter will be answered and all necessary information given by calling upon

W. R. BROWN, M. D.,
No. 15 West Twentieth street, New York.

A.—A. PERSONS WHO ARE INSURED IN GOOD life insurance companies and who do not desire to surrender their policies by an absolute sale, can borrow the surrender value of their policies by applying at Insurance Agency, 71 Broadway, room 23.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS and Valises at the Great Family Shoe Emporium, 639 Bowery, corner of Bond street, selling 20 per cent below Broadway prices. W. D. BIGELOW,
ROBERT IRWIN.

A.—A.—OFFICIAL DRAWINGS
C. H. MURRAY'S LOTTERIES.
MISSOURI—EXTRA CLASS NO. 311—APRIL 21, 1870.
28, 52, 21, 53, 3, 47, 60, 8, 48, 6, 59, 18.
MISSOURI—CLASS NO. 312—APRIL 21, 1870.
69, 44, 13, 59, 1, 67, 6, 20, 22, 51, 23, 52.
KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS NO. 287—APRIL 21, 1870.
33, 5, 67, 54, 2, 18, 20, 44, 16, 53, 45, 75.
KENTUCKY—CLASS NO. 288—APRIL 21, 1870.
42, 63, 25, 36, 24, 49, 43, 42, 7, 72, 57.
Information furnished in the above and also Royal Havana Lotteries.
J. CLUTE, Broker, 366 Broadway,
122 Fulton street and No. 2 Park row.

A.—A.—ORPHANS' HOME LOTTERY OF THE STATE of Mississippi.
Class 5-9—11, 34, 37, 32, 71, 65, 69, 19, 25, 13, 6, 16.
Class 2-10—45, 57, 15, 75, 59, 66, 20, 11, 71, 41, 24, 14.
All orders for tickets and circulars to be addressed to McINTIRE, McBRIEN, HERNDON, COLBURN, BASKERVILLE & CO., Managers, Columbus, Miss. Information furnished at 316 Canal, 154 Chatham, 380 Seventh avenue, and 128 Greenwich street. Coin paid for all prizes.

FURNITURE TAKEN ON STORAGE.—GOOD ACCOMmodations for parties leaving town for the summer. W. H. SMITH & CO., 945 Broadway.

IF YOU WANT AN ELEGANT, FASHIONABLE HAT for $3, same as others charge $5, save your money and call on HEBBERD & CO., 419 Broadway.

LOTTERY PRIZES CASHED, AND INFORMATION given. Kentucky and Havana circulars sent. JOSEPH BATES & CO., 11 Wall street, box 4,264. Branch office, 417 Bleecker street.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS AND CURLED HAIR manufacturers. The Butchers' Hide and Melting Association of this city are prepared to receive bids until the 25th inst. at their office, 87 First avenue, for contracts for all Horse and Hair Tails that may be received by the Association during the year 1870.

THE GREAT ORGAN IN ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH, built by Jardine & Son, will be exhibited on Thursday evening, the 28th. The most eminent talent is engaged.

TO AMERICAN'S VISITING PARIS.—JAS. W. BELL, artist tailor, of 174 Fifth avenue, has opened a branch house at No. 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, for the production of the latest styles of American and European fashions.

TAMM,
Marchand Tailleur,
Paris, France,
Removed from
17 Rue de Holder to
No. 7 Boulevard Haussmann.

UNION COLLEGE ALUMNI.—TICKETS FOR THE ANnual Dinner at Delmonico's next Tuesday to be procured at the office of SILAS B. BROWNELL, Esq., 38 Wall street.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

ANY ONE HAVING A SET OF DRUG FIXTURES CAN find a purchaser by addressing, stating price, FIXTURES, box 182 Herald office.

50,000 RAILROAD TIES WANTED—OAK AND chestnut, 8 inches thick, 8 inches face and upwards, and 8 and 9 feet long. D. N. BEARDSLEY, 251 West street.

STRAW GOODS.

PANAMA HATS IN THE ROUGH—SOME EXTREMELY fine and white; no bleaching required; for sale to the trade by R. BALGAZAR, 68 Pine street.

SPORTING—DOGS, BIRDS, &C.

ALL KINDS OF FANCY DOGS AND BIRDS FOR sale.—Medicines for all diseases. Prepared food for mocking birds, at B. DOVEY'S, No. 3 Greene street, corner of Canal.
N. B.—Ladies attended by Mrs. Dovey.

FOR SALE—A ST. BERNARD DOG, 14 MONTHS OLD; a Bloodhound, 11 months; two Newfoundland Dogs, one 11 weeks and the other 5 years old; a white and two black Esquimaux (Spitz) Dogs; also three Black and Tans, of the finest race. Apply at 154 First avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets, basement.

FOR SALE—FINE ENGLISH BREECH-LOADING Gun; made to order; cost $275, with case. Will be sold at half its cost. 49 Ann street, up stairs.

THE TURF.

FLEETWOOD TROTTING PARK.
Grand Inaugural Meeting.
Purses amounting to $12,200.

The Inaugural Meeting of the new course, Fleetwood Park, Mount Vernon, Westchester county, will be held on the 5th, 7th and 8th of July and the following purses will be given:—

FIRST DAY.

A purse of $700 for horses that never trotted better than 3 minutes; $450 to the winner, $150 to the second and $100 to the third horse.

A purse of $2,000 for horses that never trotted better than 2 min. 26 sec.; $1,300 to the winner, $500 to the second and $200 to the third horse.

SECOND DAY.

A purse of $2,000 for horses that never trotted better than 2 min. 31 sec.; $1,200 to the winner, $500 to the second and $300 to the third horse.

A purse of $1,000 for horses that never trotted better than 2 min. 40 sec.; $600 to the winner, $200 to the second and $100 to the third horse.

THIRD DAY.

A purse of $1,500 for horses that never trotted better than 2 min. 35 sec., two mile heats; $900 to the winner, $400 to the second and $200 to the third horse.

A purse of $3,000, free for all horses; $2,200 to the winner, $1,350 to the second and $750 to the third horse.

The above races are to be mile heats, three in five, in harness, with the exception of the fifth, which will be two mile heats, in harness.

Entries ten per cent. To close at the New Bay House, kept by Mr. Joseph Crocheron, corner of Forty-second street and Seventh avenue, at 9 P. M., May 4.

Entries by mail to be addressed to Henry Dater, box 1,516 New York.

The above races are to be trotted under the rules and regulations of the National Association adopted at the late Convention.

The hotel at Fleetwood Park now open, under the supervision of Mr. James Lambert.

TROTTING ON FASHION COURSE—SATURDAY, April 23, 1870, at 2 o'clock P. M. Good day and good track. Mile heats; best three in five, in harness.

Stakes $300.

Ferguson enters s. g. Nathan.
A. Patterson enters g. m. Ella.
Ralph Ogle enters b. g. Red Rover.
WM. H. SAUNDERS & SON, Proprietors.

UNION COURSE, LONG ISLAND.—TROTTING—FRIday, April 23, at 3½ P. M. Match $100; mile heats, best three in five, to wagons; play or pay. H. Simonson's bay stallion ——; H. Smith's bay gelding ——. Rain or shine.
WILLIAM SHAW, Proprietor.

WOODSIDE PARK, STAMFORD, CONN., TO LET.—Terms favorable. Address T. J. & S. H. FERRIS, Stamford, Conn.

STALLIONS.

COMMODORE VANDERBILT.—FOR SALE, THE CELEbrated Trotting Stallion Commodore Vanderbilt; he is in splendid condition for the stud and will be sold for less than half his value; if not sold in ten days he will make the season at Osborn's New Club House, Central avenue, Westchester county. Commodore Vanderbilt can be seen at private stable, 141 West Thirty-third street.

FOR SALE—THE BEAUTIFUL YOUNG TROTTING Hambletonian Stallion Black Pilgrimage; sired by George Wilkes; dam Alice Gray. He can be seen at the private stable 383 Union street, between Hoyt and Bond streets, Brooklyn.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

AT THE AUCTION HOUSE OF
JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
OFFICE AND SALESROOM 37 NASSAU STREET,
opposite the Post office.
THE HORSE AND CARRIAGE BRANCH
of our business is conducted at our
HORSE AUCTION MART,
112 EAST 13TH STREET, NEAR 4TH AVENUE,
where we hold regular
SALES OF HORSES AND CARRIAGES
EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

Gentlemen wishing to purchase, or those having Horses or Carriages to sell will find our house perfectly reliable, as we conduct this branch of our business, as we do all our other business, on the same straightforward principles which govern honorable houses in all mercantile pursuits.

WE GIVE A FREE PURCHASER OF EVERY HORSE THAT IS WARRANTED SOUND FROM 24 TO 48 HOURS TO TRIAL.

Entries for sales of Horses and Carriages can be made at our down town office and salesroom, 37 Nassau street, where we also keep a register of horses for private sale.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

CATALOGUE OF THIS DAY'S SALE.

FRIDAY, APRIL 22, AT 12 O'CLOCK.

GRAY TROTTING MARE Lady Kate, 15½ hands, 8 years; kind in all harness, free from vice, very stylish and warranted sound, kind and true; trotted on St. James' track last September in 2:44, 2:45; can trot in 2:30 any day; is of great bottom and in harness.

SORREL TROTTING HORSE Medoc, 16 hands, 10 years, sired in all harness, excellent saddle horse and free from vice; never says he trotted in 2:30; very stylish; warranted kind and true; lady or child can drive him; sold on account of owner going abroad.

TRUCK TEAM—Bay and sorrel Horses, 15½ hands, 8 years; kind in all harness, free from vice, very stylish and warranted sound, kind and true; drive single or double; together with

THREE-QUARTER TRUCK; Also set double Harness.

ROAD ESTABLISHMENT—Black Mare, 15½ hands, 6 years; kind in all harness, free from vice, good traveller, trots fast.

RUNNING MARE—Bay Mare, 15½ hands, 6 years; kind in all harness, free from vice, good runner and traveller; run last fall a one-quarter in 28 seconds; trots inside of 4 minutes.

COUPE HORSE—Sorrel horse, 15½ hands, 9 years; kind in all harness; nice saddle horse; free from vice; good worker; will make a splendid coupe horse; lady or child can handle him; is a good, free driver.

BROWN STALLION—Brown stallion, 15½ hands, 8 years; kind in all harness; good saddle horse; free from vice; stylish, kind and true; good family horse.

BAY PONY MARE—13 hands, 6 years; kind in all harness; fine under saddle; superior traveller; very stylish; warranted sound, kind and true.

ELEGANT PONY PHAETON, with shifting top, trimmed with Turkish Morocco; only used four times; cost $650.

No top Road Wagon, made by Brewster.
Irish Jaunting Car, made by Wood Bros.
Four seat Thorne Seat Rockaway.
Victoria (very light), Pole and Shafts, built by Brewster.
Four seat no top Park Phaeton.
Victoria, built by John R. Lawrence.
Six seat Westchester Rockaway, built by Adams.
Victoria, in very good order.
Top Express Wagon.
Coupe to fit Wood Bros.
No top Wagon, made by Dilont & Woerner.
Top Wagon in fine order, with Pole and Shafts, built by R. M. Silvers.
Two other shifting top Wagons, by first class makers.
Several other Horses, single and double Harness, Blankets, Robes, Whips, &c. Full description time of sale.

AT BARKER & HAMLINS
CITY AUCTION MART AND N. Y. TATTERSALLS,
corner of Broadway and Thirty ninth street.
Regular auction sale of
TROTTING,
ROAD,
WORK
AND BUSINESS HORSES;
top and no top Road Wagons;
Depot, Express and Business Wagons;
Harness, and everything in the horse line.
TO-MORROW,
SATURDAY, APRIL 23, AT 12 O'CLOCK,
A LARGE DRIVING RING
in the mart.
THE ONLY ONE IN THE CITY,
for showing horses on sale.
SEVERAL CHEAP WORK HORSES.
See to-morrow's Herald for catalogue.

AT 58 LIBERTY STREET—1870 GOODS AT 1860 PRICES. No old stock; no big expenses; no trust.
Elegant light Buggies, Wagons, Rockaways, Park Phaetons, Pony Phaetons, Depot Wagons, &c., all by reliable makers and sound and perfect. Also
Harness, Harness, Harness.
250 sets light Harness; some very fine city made; all offered at tremendous reductions in prices; much of it below cost. Attention of the trade especially solicited.
John M. Tatts, Jr., Salesman.
JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
58 Liberty street.

AT AUCTION, ON SATURDAY, 23D INST., AT 275 Spring street, at 11 o'clock sharp, several fine work, family and road Horses; Coaches, Phaetons, Rockaways, top and open Wagons, Single and Double Harness, Blankets, Whips, &c. Full description in Saturday's Herald.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SECOND HAND
Top Wagons,
Rockaways for four and six persons,
No top Road Wagon, by Brewster,
Top Wagon built by R. M. Silvers,
Shifting Top Basket Phaeton,
Coupe by Wood Brothers,
Two elegant Victorias, by Brewster.
All the above are second hand, in good order; also some 20 others; description time of sale.
At auction this day
(Friday), at 12 o'clock,
BY JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
at their Auction Mart,
112 East Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue.
Full descriptions in catalogue.
We never postpone a sale on account of the weather.

AUCTION SALE OF CARRIAGES.
ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.
By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
ON SATURDAY, April 23.
Positive sale of elegant Carriages, made by Messrs. Brewster, Moore & Stevens, Baldwin, Adams and other well known manufacturers, comprising Vehicles of every description, at the Carriage Salesroom No. 5 1 Broadway,
St. Nicholas Hotel Block,
commencing at 11 o'clock each day.
Now on exhibition.

A.—NEW TOP AND ROAD WAGONS,
Two second hand Phaetons,
Two second hand Broughams,
Two second hand Coaches,
One light one horse Rockaway.
B. F. Rogers's patent C spring Wagons to order.
FREDERICK R. WOODS, 219 and 221 West Nineteenth st.

A.—ONE HUNDRED POUND WAGON.—SIGNAL triumph of our "Patent Supporting Bars." The attention of the riding public is respectfully invited to a Wagon just completed for
ROBERT RONNER,
the axle beds and draught bars being so constructed with our patent attachment as to have twice the usual strength and stiffness. J. B. BREWSTER & CO.,
Twenty-fifth street, near Third avenue.

A GENTLEMAN'S ROADSTER, OR SUITABLE FOR A phy sician's or family use; gray, 15½; 7 years old; trots in 3:20; handsome and enduring; belongs to a foreign gentleman and for sale cheap. MR. WILSON, Wilson House, Elizabeth, New Jersey.

A NICE DOCTOR'S HORSE TO BE SOLD—AND ALSO a Buggy. Call at 341 Sixth street, near First avenue, at Mr. SARLES'.

AN ELEGANT PONY PHAETON, WITH SHIFTING top, trimmed with Turkish morocco, only used four times, at auction this day (Friday), April 22, at 12 o'clock, by JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL, at their Auction Mart, 112 East Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

A.—BELOW COST.
A few Carriages left from our auction sale.
Among others,
1 Coupe,
2 Clarences,
2 Bretts.
JAMES B. CONE & CO.,
684 Broadway.

A SELECTED STOCK OF CARRIAGES AND HARness—Prices from this day materially reduced; extension top, platform spring Phaeton, $375; leather top Buggies, $165; other styles equally low; Park, Pony and Albert Phaetons, Rockaways, Broughs, Road Wagons, &c., our own manufacture, not excelled, on hand and to order.
HICKS, 22 Barclay street, established 1838.

AT HARNESS WAREROOMS, 10 COLLEGE PLACE. Harness for farming, teaming, carting, expressing, livery stables contractors, coach, coupe, buggy, &c., &c.
Single Harness, complete, $8 to $175 per set.
Double Harness, complete, $2 to $450 per set.
We manufacture all of our harness, and can sell lower than any house in the city.
Also Ladies' and Gents' Saddles, at all prices.
THE TRADES MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

A.—MINER, STEVENS & CO.
Offer at their warerooms,
636 BROADWAY,
a large assortment of first class Carriages and light Wagons, of their own make; also one six seat Phaeton, one Barouche, one Coupe Rockaway and one four spring Pony Phaeton, but little used.

ASSORTMENT: ROCKAWAYS, PARK PHAETONS, Pony Phaetons, Dog Carts, Victorias, Depot Wagons, Road Wagons, Harness, &c., new and second hand; unusually low prices for reliable work. TAYLOR'S, 59 Cedar st.

A.—COACHES, CLARENCES, BRETTS, CABRIOLETS, Phaetons (Pony and Park), Jagger and Express Wagons; 20 top, and open second hand Wagons, $40 up; Harness, largest stock in city, from $10 to $500 a set; all new, fresh stock; blankets, Sheets, Whips, Robes, &c.
W. H. GRAY, 20, 22, 24 and 26 Wooster street.

A VERY HANDSOME CLARENCE FOR SALE.—ALSO, Phaeton, Sleigh and very fine Harness. Apply at private stable 85 Madison avenue.

A VERY HANDSOME BLOOD BAY COUPE HORSE; also three thoroughbred, well trained Saddle Horses. Apply to Mr. ELWES, at Boulevard Stables, Fifteenth street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues.

AT GOLD PRICES.

Our immense stock of elegant Carriages,
for city and country.
DEMAREST & WOODRUFF,
623 Broadway, New York.

A. S. FLANDRAU, CARRIAGE BUILDER,
7 and 15 East Eighteenth street.
Carriages in all the newest styles at greatly reduced prices.
Landaus, Landaulets, Clarences,
Light Rockaways, Depot Wagons, &c.
"THE CARRIAGE OF THE PERIOD."
Pony Phaetons from $150 up.

A NEW TURN OVER SEAT ROCKAWAY, $125; SECond hand do., $75; also top and open Wagons, Pony and Park Phaetons, depot and Jagger Wagons, express and business Wagons, Skeletons and Sulkeys, Gigs; also single and double light and heavy Harness; truck, farm and express Harness very cheap, at 1,339 and 1,401 Broadway, near Forty-first street. JAMES JENKINS.

ALL STYLES AND QUALITIES OF
PLEASURE CARRIAGES
at BATES', 1,505 Broadway.

A HANDSOME PAIR OF MATCHED BLACK HORSES, 15½ hands high, 7 years old; warranted sound and kind; long tails; no spots; fast travellers; worthy the attention of gentleman wanting a fine team. Apply to Mr. BATTERSON, railroad station, Stamford, Conn.

ALDERNEY BULL, KING WILLIAM, 3 YEARS OLD, winner of the first prize at the last county fair, for sale by GEORGE BURGESS, Scarsdale, Westchester county, N. Y.

A GREAT BARGAIN.—LIGHT ROAD WAGON FOR sale; price $45; owner has no use for it. Apply at 333 West Thirty-fourth street.

ANY STYLE CARRIAGE TO LET—BY THE WEEK, month or season; old carriages taken in trade. Lot second hand Carriages for sale cheap.
CALVIN WITTY, 638 Broadway.

A LOT OF SLIGHTLY

THE VOORHEES TRAGEDY.

Chambers Boasts that He Has "Cheated the Gallows."

The Jury Find Him Insane and He is Sent to the Utica Lunatic Asylum—What the Murderer Boasted to the Sheriff.

The trial of William Chambers for the murder of Dominicus S. Voorhees in South Brooklyn, was concluded yesterday morning in the Kings County Court of Oyer and Terminer, Judge Joseph F. Barnard presiding.

Dr. M. Gonzalez Echeverria was recalled by Mr. Howe for the defence and his testimony continued. He gave the details of an examination he made of the prisoner at the jail and stated that from the examination made and from the evidence he had heard adduced he did not believe the prisoner was a free agent when he killed Mr. Voorhees. On the cross-examination by Mr. Morris, District Attorney, witness said that he did not think it was possible for Chambers to deceive him by his replies to questions, as the replies themselves were of such a nature that they corresponded with the physical signs in the man exactly.

Q. From the examination you gave him did you come to the conclusion he was sane or insane? A. He was sane at that time—reasonably.

Dr. Vance, of Bellevue Hospital, was called by the District Attorney. He had made an examination of Chambers at the jail, where he inquired of him his name, age, business, whether he was a man or woman, the name of the murdered man, &c., and the prisoner made no reply more than a kind of a grunt. But when the doctor asked him who his lawyers were he replied promptly Howe and Spencer. He also said he had seen Mr. Bummell (Mr. Howe's partner), who was a small man. The opinion the doctor formed was that Chambers was sound in mind and body and deliberately assumed an incoherence and idiotcy to deceive him. There was no evidence of insanity about the prisoner at that time.

Q. Was it your opinion that this homicide was the result of insanity? A. From the circumstances you have related I should say not; if I exclude the effects of drinking I see nothing to lead me to suppose that it was the act of an insane man.

Mr. Howe, to cross-examining this witness, stated the points of the testimony for the defence relating to how Chambers imagined everybody was spitting at him, how he was turned out of a boarding house for strange conduct, how he armed himself against imaginary robbers, the death of his mother in a madhouse, &c. The Doctor replied that those circumstances would make him modify his opinion. Then the District Attorney went at the witness and stated the testimony bearing upon Chambers' attention to business, retention of memory, his quiet demeanor in Fogarty's barroom before and after the shooting, &c., and asked for an opinion. The Doctor replied that that brought him back to the first proposition.

Dr. William T. Neebs, of the New York city prison, was called by Mr. Howe, and expressed the opinion that the shooting was the act of an insane man, and that the prisoner was fit for a lunatic asylum.

The defence rested, when Mr. Morris called up Dr. Ed. R. Chapin, who has charge of the Flatbush Lunatic Asylum, and who, upon the cross-examination, stated that from what he had heard in the case he was satisfied that Chambers was insane at the time.

Dr. Cary, formerly of the Bloomingdale Asylum, concurred in Dr. Chapin's statements.

This closed the testimony.

Mr. Howe was satisfied to let the case go to the jury without summing up.

District Attorney Morris said he deemed it his duty to bring the case before a jury, and he had summoned some of the ablest physicians in the country to ascertain and testify as to the prisoner's condition of mind. He was aware what the evidence of Drs. Chapin and Cary would be, but he felt it was his duty to place them on the stand, and he could not ask for a verdict of guilty when he believed it was not warranted by the facts.

JUDGE BARNARD'S CHARGE TO THE JURY.

GENTLEMEN OF THE JURY—The people must establish three things to convict this accused person. They must first establish what is called in law the body of the offence—the killing of Voorhees at the time laid in this indictment by a pistol shot. The second thing they must prove is that the accused killed Voorhees, and the third is that the accused killed Voorhees with a premeditated design to effect the death of the person killed or some other human being. Now, gentlemen, on the first two facts which are essential to this verdict there is no question. Voorhees came to his death by a pistol shot wound inflicted upon him by the prisoner, and if he were a sane man there would be no escape from a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree. But the case of the defense comes up under the third fact which the people are to prove, that he killed the deceased with a premeditated design to effect death. The prisoner says, through his counsel, that he cannot be convicted, because at the time the act was done he was so bereft of reason as not to be responsible for his acts, and that is the question which you are to pass upon in this case. If the accused knew that the act he did was wrong and illegal and that he was subject to punishment for it, he has sufficient capacity in law to be punished for his act. But if this act was incited by a disordered brain, and if at the time that he did this act he had no will to resist an insane impulse, he is not responsible for his act. You have got to determine that single question of fact, and if you find it in favor of the prisoner he is entitled to your verdict of acquittal—not guilty, but one thing further. Our statute provides that whenever a person is accused of crime, and is acquitted because of insanity at the time the act was done, the jury must say so in their verdict, so that the Court may, if the insanity continues, which is clearly proved in this case, order him into an insane asylum until he shall be discharged thoroughly cured, and that he may be in no condition to inflict like injury on persons hereafter. You will therefore find your verdict either guilty of murder in the first degree, or not guilty on the ground of insanity at the time the act was done.

The jury, without leaving their seats, returned the following verdict:—

We find the prisoner not guilty, but that he was insane when he committed the deed, and we recommend that he be put in an insane asylum.

Judge Barnard (addressing the District Attorney)—Now, Mr. Morris, the Court is entirely satisfied that the prisoner is an unsafe man to be at large in the community. The order of the Court will be that he be sent to the Utica Asylum.

Chambers was then removed from court in the custody of a posse of officers.

"I'VE CHEATED THE GALLOWS!"

This was the exclamation of Chambers, the brutal murderer of Mr. Voorhees, the good citizen of Brooklyn, shortly after the former had re-entered the Raymond street jail yesterday after his acquittal from the charge of murder, on the ground of insanity. This boast was exultingly made to Sheriff Walter and Mr. Myers, one of the prison officials. He further added, in conversation with the officers, putting his finger on his neck, under his ear, on the spot where the noose of the rope is adjusted before execution, and then raising his hand upward and pointing to an imaginary gallows, "You thought to have hung me, but you are disappointed." He further said, "I am no more insane than the doctor who last examined me; my mind is as sound as his." These remarks were uttered in

A DEFIANT TONE,

as though for the purpose of convincing the officials that they, together with the doctors and the jury, had alike been imposed upon. How well they applied will appear more clearly to our readers when they are informed that the day before yesterday Chambers pretended not to know his own name upon being interrogated by Mr. Kenredde, the head keeper of the jail, and, further, when it is known that previously and up to the time of going to court he almost invariably spoke in an under tone of voice, as though suffering from severe physical prostration as well as mental derangement. The whole of yesterday afternoon this cloak was entirely thrown off and Chambers was himself again. Nay, he was so sane as on reflection to consider the damaging effect which his remarks might probably have on his future prospects, and when asked why he made them he replied that he felt good at the time, as was natural, and, besides, he did not want to be interrogated and gazed at by any one. Whatever Chambers might have been in the past, and however truthful the evidence concerning some of his delusions, the verdict of acquittal has restored him to perfect sanity. He held a long conversation yesterday afternoon with a gentleman, which was, to all intents and purposes, perfectly rational, and he was as calm and collected as the strongest minded man could be supposed to be under the circumstances.

THAT SKULL BANDAGE.

During the whole of his incarceration in Raymond street jail he has found it necessary to wear a cloth over his head; but directly after the trial and on his way to the prison he dropped the cloth as no longer needful to keep up the delusion.

He exultingly exclaimed to Sheriff Walter, on his return from the trial, "I'm to go to Flushing, now"—expecting that he was to be sent to the Flushing Lunatic Asylum. In this he was mistaken, for he will go to the State Asylum at Utica. In the evening he told the prison authorities they need not lock him up in the cell, he was "all right now."

It is only fair to state that although this is now the conduct of Chambers it is quite consistent with a state of mind at the time of the shooting, that rendered him legally irresponsible, and the anomalous state of the law that enables murderers to go unpunished under such circumstances needs amendment, and that right early.

Most of the trout thus far caught in the streams of Pennsylvania have been with worm baits. Our trout don't readily take the fly here before May. Mr. Benjamin Butler, time they endorse the words of Mr. Benjamin Butler, "Shoo, fly! don't bodder me!"

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

WALL STREET, THURSDAY, April 21—6 P. M.

It is a sign of the times when reports and rumors which ordinarily would have produced great excitement and wide fluctuations in values pass almost unheeded in Wall street. Added to the feeling of dulness is one of scepticism among the operators who "most do congregate" in the vicinity of the Stock Exchange and Gold Room. Had these latter individuals not been veterans in the strategy of Wall street they would have betrayed very juvenile sensations when the street was flooded, as it was today, with rumors of a

WAR WITH SPAIN.

It was reported that the Cabinet was in important secret session, and that orders had been issued to the naval depots to lay in stores and to naval officers to report to their ships for duty. Before this time gold had declined to 112¾ upon the lower rates for exchange and upon higher quotations for five twenties in London—where the bank statement showed a loss of only £43,000 in specie during the past week. The Washington telegrams, however, rallied the price to 113¼, which point was barely touched, as the sceptical and incredulous dealers in the Gold Room laughed at the news and sold gold to all who were willing to buy on the strength of the information. Afterwards the market declined to 113 upon the posting of the following announcement at the Sub-Treasury:—

UNITED STATES TREASURY, NEW YORK, April 21, 1870.

By direction of the Secretary of the Treasury this office will, on Monday, April 25, commence the payment of the interest falling due May 1, 1870, without rebate. CHARLES J. FOLGER, Assistant Treasurer.

This action of the government in prepaying the May interest was generally expected and seems to have been discounted, for the price rallied and closed at 113¼. The market left off very dull, and both sides of the speculative contest proclaim it a drawn battle. It is supposed that the clique endeavored to unload upon the Spanish war news, but as the price fell so rapidly to 113 the conjecture is probably only partially correct. The market at the close to-night resumed its wonted dulness, showing that it is very difficult, in the present inactivity in financial circles, to inspire any of the markets with life. The chief fluctuations of the day are shown in the table:—

10 A. M.	112¾	2 P. M.	113¼
11 A. M.	112¾	3 P. M.	113¼
11:30 A. M.	113	3:30 P. M.	113
11:52 A. M.	112¾	4 P. M.	113¼
12 M.	113¼	5:15 P. M.	113¼
12:35 P. M.	113¼	5:30 P. M.	113 a 113¼
1 P. M.	113¼		

Holders of gold paid from 1½ to 5½ per cent to have their balances carried over. The operations of the Gold Exchange Bank were as follows:—

Gold cleared	$46,572,000
Gold balances	1,528,800
Currency balances	1,326,027

STOCKS DULL, STEADY AND STRONG.

The stock market at the opening was inclined to heaviness, in sympathy with the yield of gold to 112¾, but rallied upon light transactions, and closed strong and dull. The Vanderbilt shares were firmer on more favorable reports from Albany. Erie was weak, and sold as low as 24¼. The most active shares were Lake Shore, which has the support at present of the ex-treasurer of Erie, who is visiting Wall street for another of his characteristic "flyers," and Ohio and Mississippi. Hannibal and St. Joseph, which was run up to 139 this time a year ago by the same reports of a scrip and cash dividend which are current to-day, and which was unloaded to the public at that price by its clique of speculating officials, who thereafter depressed it to 104, was advanced to 109¼ in the course of repetition of the scheme of last spring. The ease in the money market assists the plans of the "bull" cliques. Loans on call to-day were quoted at five to six per cent on stocks and at four to five per cent on governments. The following were the closing prices at the last session of the Stock Exchange:—Canton, 69¾ a 70¼; Cumberland, 30 a 31¼; Western Union, 32¼ a 32½; Quicksilver, 8¾ a 9¼; Mariposa, 6½ a 7½; do., preferred, 13½ a 13¾; do., certificates, 42¼ a 44; Pacific Mail, 36¾ a 36¾; Boston Water Power, 16¾ a 17; Adams Express, 60½ a 61¼; Wells-Fargo Express, 19½ a 19¾; American Express, 38 a 38¾; United States Express, 43 a 43½; Merchants' Union Express, 8 bid; New York Central, consolidated, 92¾ a 92¾; do., scrip, 89¼ a 89½; Harlem, 142 a 142½; do. preferred, 145 bid; Erie, 24¼ a 25¾; do. preferred, 48; Reading, 99 a 99½; Michigan Central, 121½ bid; Lake Shore, 89 a 89¼; Illinois Central, 139 bid; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 98¾ a 99¼; Chicago and Northwestern, 73¼ a 73¾; do. preferred, 84¾ a 84¾; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 76¾ a 79; Rock Island, 116 a 116¼; Milwaukee and St. Paul, 59¾ a 59¾; do. preferred, 73¼ a 73¾; Toledo and Wabash, 49¾ a 50; Fort Wayne, 91¾ a 92; Alton and Terre Haute, 36 a 39; Ohio and Mississippi, 30¼ a 30¾; Delaware and Lackawanna, 103¼ a 103½; New Jersey Central, 105 a 105¼; Chicago and Alton, 111 a 112½; do. preferred, 112½ bid; Morris and Essex, 92¼ a 93; Hannibal and St. Joseph, 108¾ bid; do. preferred, 108¾ a 109; Iron Mountain, 43¾ a 44½; Dubuque and Sioux City, 106¾ a 108; Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central, 17½ a 17¾.

HIGHEST AND LOWEST PRICES.

The extreme fluctuations in the leading speculative shares were as follows:—

	Highest.	Lowest.
New York Cen. & Hud. consolidated	92¾	92
New York Central & Hudson scrip	89¾	88¾
Erie	24¾	24¼
Reading	99½	98¾
Lake Shore	89¼	88¾
Wabash	50¼	49½
Northwestern	73¼	72¾
Northwestern preferred	84¾	84¼
Rock Island	116¼	116
Milwaukee and St. Paul	59¾	59¼
Milwaukee and St. Paul preferred	73¾	73¼
Ohio and Mississippi	30¼	29¾
New Jersey Central	105¼	104¾
Boston, Hartford and Erie	4¾	4½
Pacific Mail	36¾	36¼

GOVERNMENTS LOWER AND STEADY.

The government market was heavy and prices fell off with the lower ruling of gold and in sympathy with the large offerings of bonds at the Sub-Treasury, the total of which was about three millions, a greater amount than expected. The market closed steady at the lower prices as follows:—United States currency sixes, 112 a 112½; do., 1881, registered, 114½ a 114¾; do. do., coupon, 114¾ a 114¾; do. five-twenties, registered, May and November, 107½ a 107¾; do., 1864, coupon, do., 112½ a 112¾; do. do., 1864, do. do., 110¾ a 111¼; do. do., 1865, do. do., 111¾ a 111¾; do. do., coupon, January and July, 109¾ a 109¾; do. do., 1867, do. do., 110 a 110¼; do. do., 1868, do. do., 110 a 110¼; do. ten-forties, registered, 105¾ a 106; do. do., coupon, 106¼ a 106¾.

The million bonds purchased by the government were in the lots and at the prices following:—

$500 '55 r	107.82	$9,500 '65 c	107.79
1,200 '64 r	107.82	5,500 '67 r	107.79
2,600 '67 r	107.82	6,500 '67 c	107.79
2,750 '67 c	107.82	10,000 '65 r	107.79
1,500 '65 c, n	107.82	15,000 '65 r, n	107.82
200 '65 c, n	107.60	5,000 '62 r	107.90
1,400 '65 c, n	107.60	1,950 '64 r	107.90
1,400 '65 c, n	107.60	1,700 '65, n	107.90
800 '65 r	107.37	750 '67	107.90
2,650 '65 c, n	107.31	500 '67	107.90
7,000 '67	107.77	59,000 '62 r	107.90
25,000 '67	107.79	31,000 '64 r	107.90
25,000 '67	107.67	30,000 '65 r	107.80
25,000 '65, n	107.67	35,000 '65 r, n	107.90
3,000 '65 c, n	107.88	$21,700 '65 c, n	107.90
650 '67 c	107.88	22,000 '64 r	107.90
3,000 '67 r	107.88	13,000 '64 c	107.90
1,500 '68 c	107.88	4,600 '65 c, o	107.90
5,000 '62 r	107.85	18,000 '65 r, o	107.90
7,000 '65 r, n	107.89	217,000 '65 c, n	107.90
6,000 '68 r	107.89	22,000 '67 r	107.90
3,350 '62 r	107.90	10,000 '67 c	107.90
1,750 '65 r	107.79	5,000 '68 c	107.90

SOUTHERN SECURITIES STEADY—TENNESSEES ACTIVE.

The Southern list was active for the Tennessees, which rose to 57 for the new and 61 for the old. The balance of the list was steady and dull, the market closing as follows:—Tennessee, ex coupon, 60¾ a 61; do., new, 56¾ a 57; Virginia, ex coupon, 69¾ a 69¾; do., new, 69 a 69¼; Georgia sixes, 85 a 86; do. sevens, 93 a 94; North Carolina, ex coupon, 46¾ a 46¾; do., new, 22¾ a 22¾; Missouri sixes, 92½ a 92¾; do., Hannibal and St. Joseph, 92 a 93; Louisiana sixes, 75 a 76; do. levee sixes, 76¾ a 77; do. do. eights, 92 a 93; Alabama eights, 99 a 99½; do. fives, 75 a 77; South Carolina sixes, 89 a 90; do., new, 82 a 82½; do., registered stock, 80 a 83.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE LOWER, DULL AND STEADY.

The foreign exchange market was dull, and rates in the presence of a supply of bills drawn against exported government securities were lower. The range of quotations at the close was as follows:—Sterling, sixty days, commercial, 108½ a 108¾; good to prime bankers', 109 a 109¼; short sight, 109¾ a 109¾; Paris, sixty days, 5.21¼ a 5.17½; short sight, 5.16¼ a 5.15; Antwerp, 5.21¼ a 5.17½; Switzerland, 5.21¼ a 5.17½; Hamburg, 35½ a 35¾; Amsterdam, 40½ a 40¾; Frankfort, 40½ a 40¾; Bremen, 77¾ a 78¾; Prussian thalers, 70½ a 71.

THE RAILWAY MORTGAGES.

The following were the bids to-day for the railway mortgage bonds:—

New York Cen 6's, 1883	92½	Gt West 2d m, 1893	81
N Y Cen 6's, 1887	93½	Gal & Chic extended	99
New York Cen 6's, r e	91	Gal & Chic 2d m	91
New York Cen 6's, sub	85	Ch & R I 1st	100½
New York Cen 7's, 1876	103	Chic, R I & Pac	98½
Erie, 1st m, extended	100	Mor & Essex, 2d m	96½
Erie, 1st endorsed	100	Clev & Tol sink fund	100½
Erie 7's, 2d m, '79	95	N J Cen, 2d m	105
Erie 7's, 3d m, 1883	88½	N J Cen, new bds	98½
Erie 7's, 4th m, '80	84¾	Pitts, F W & Chic 1st m	102
Erie 7's, 5th m, '83	82½	Pitts, F W & Chi 2d m	98
Buf, N Y & E 1st m, '77	90	Pitts, F W & Chi 3d m	93
Hud R 7's, 2d m, s f, '83	105	Clev & P 2d m	94
Mich So 7 p c 2d m	95½	Clev & P 3d m	89
M So & N I 8 I 7 p c	100½	Clev & P 4th m	77
Pac R R 7's, guar by Mo	97	Chi & Alt 1 mtd	100
Union Pac 1st bonds	94⅞	Chi & Alt 1st m	102
Alt & T H 1st m	94	Chi & Alt income	84
Alt & T H 2d do pref	83¼	Ohio & Miss 1st m	97
Alt & T H 2d m, inc	81	Dub & Sioux C 1st m	96
Chic & N W s fund	95	Peninsula RR bonds	90
Chic & N W int bds	91	St Louis & Iron M bonds	87¾
Chic & N W 1st m	94½	Mil & St P, 1st m, 6's	105
Consol 7 p c conv	87	Mil & St P 1st m, 7 3-10	91½
H & St Jo land grants	105	Mil & St P 1st m	93
Lac & W bonds	96½	Mil & St P, I & M d	86
Del, Lac & West, 1st m	99½	Mil & St P 2d m	83
Del, Lac & W 2d m	97	Mar & Cin 1st m	91½
Tol & W, 2d m	84½	Col, Chi & Ind, 1st m	80½
Tol & W, equip bds	79½	Col, Chi & Ind, 2d m	61½
T, W & W c con, s f	79	N York & N Haven 6's	94½
Gt West, 1st m, 1888	101	Tol, Peo & W, E D	83½
Gt West 1st m, 1888	88	Tol, Peo & W, W D	79

SALES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thursday, April 21—10:15 A. M.

$5000 US 5-20, r, '62	107¾	29 shs Tenth Nat Bank	106
69000 US 5-20, c, '65, n	110	10 Ninth Nat Bank	111
16000 US 5-20, c, '62	112¾	20 Del & H C Co	121
25000 do	113	260 Canton Co	70½
10500 US 6's, cur'cy	112	100 Pac M SS Co b c	5¾
45000 US 5-20, c, '67	110¾	25 Adams Ex b c	61¼
30000 do 63	110¾	75 Am Mer U Ex	38
26000 do	110¾	19 do	58¼
20000 Tenn 6's, ex c	60	200 N Y C & HRRR 53	93¾
20000 Tenn 6's, n	56	1000 do	92¾
25000 do	55¾	1400 do bet c	92¾
5000 do	56¼	100 do	92¾
20000 do 650	56	20000 N Y G & H RR	89¾
11000 N Car 6's	46¾	10000 do	89¾
2000 Mo 6's	92¾	10000 do b cal	89½
7000 Ark'ns, is to LR & Ft Smith R C	73½	100 Erie RR	24¾
5000 Brooklyn 6's, w. i.	94¼	100 L S & M S RR	88¾
5000 do	91¾	100 Chic & N W RR b c	73¾
500 do	93¾	100 do 810	73½
2000 Erie 1st m	100½	200 do	73½
3000 Erie 5th m	83¾	100 C & N W pfd b c	84¾
3000 H R 2d s f bds	105½	32 N J Central RR	105
7000 Cen Pac RR gr bds	91¾	100 do b c	105¼
6000 U Pac RR 1st m	85	27 Chic & Rk I RR	116
5000 Alt & T H 1st	94½	7 Mil & St Paul RR	59½
1000 Alt & T H income	81	200 do	59½
1000 Chic & NW c con b	87	300 Tol, Wab & W RR	50
3 69 T & Wab 2d m	85	100 do 530	50½
6000 Great West 3d m	81½	120 Pitts, F W & C gtd	92½
1000 Pitts, F W & Chic 2d	95½	600 Ohio & Miss RR	30½
5000 Pac 6's, sd by Mo	91	100 do 530	30¾
1000 M & S P 2 3d con	91¾	100 Ohio & Miss pref	73
5000 StL & I M 1st m bs	87¾	140 Del, Lack & W	103½
5000 do	88	100 do	103½
5000 M & St P 1st	98	100 H & St Jo RR	109½
5000 C, C & Ind C 1st	80¾	100 do	109½
5000 C, Cin I & M 1st	61¾	300 do	109¾
1000 N Y & N H 6's, bds	99	100 do	109
1000 Lake Shore div bs	91	500 H & St Jo RR pf	109
70 shs Nor Pac Bk	100	40 Dub & S C RR	107
10 Bank of Commerce	175½	400 Col, C & I C RR	17½
7 Sam'n Leather Bk	158	500 do b c	17¾
5 Park Bank	170	10 Morris & Es RR	97

12 o'Clock M. and 2:15 P. M.

$18000 US 6's, '81, c	114½	$51500 US 5-20, c, '67	110½
6000 US 5-20, c, '62	112¾	92500 do 63	110½
9000 US 5-20, c, '64	111	15000 do	110¾
40000 US 5-20, c, '65, n	109½	20000 do c	110½
10000 do	109½	25000 do	110½
10000 do	109½	125000 do	110¾
36000 US 5-20, c, '65	111½	13500 US 5-20, c, '68	110½
2000 do	111¾	2000 US 5's, 10-40, r	105¾
28000 US 6's, cur'cy	112	5000 US 5's, 10-40, c	106¾
13000 do	112		

One o'Clock P. M.

$5000 Tenn 6's, ex cou	60¾	100 shs Pac M SS Co	36½
2000 do	60¼	100 Am M U Ex b c	75½
40000 do	60¾	10 N Y C & HR RR	92¾
2000 do	60½	700 do	92¾
25000 Tenn 6's, n	56¾	800 do b c	92½
35000 do	56½	400 do	92¾
2000 do	55¾	200 L S & M S RR	89
5000 do	55¾	50 do	89½
5000 N Y 6's, '72	100	200 do b cal	89½
2000 California 7's	112	200 Cleve & Pitts RR	98½
10000 U Pac RR 1st m	85	200 N J Central RR	105¾
2000 Mil & St P 6's, 1st m	105	300 Tol, Wab & W	49½
1000 Buf, N Y & E 1st m	99	39 Del, Lack & W	103½
40 shs Bk of N Amer	100½	200 Han & St Jos	109¾
50 West U Tel	32¾	100 do	109¾
100 do	32½	300 H & St Jo RR pf	108¾
300 Quicksilver Min Co	9¼	25 Chic & Alton	111¼

STREET QUOTATIONS.

Half-past Five o'Clock P. M.

West Un Tel	32¼ a 32¾	Chic & N W pref	84¼ a 84¾
Pacific Mail	36¼ a 37	Rock Island	116¼ a 116½
N Y Central con	92¼ a 92¾	St Paul	59¾ a 59¾
N Y Cen scrip	89¼ a 89½	St Paul pf	73¾ a 73¾
Erie	24¾ a 25¼	Tol & Wabash	50 a 50¼
Reading	99¼ a 99¾	Ohio & Miss	30½ a 30¾
Lake Shore	89¼ a 89¾	N J Central	105¼ a 105¾
Chic & NW	73¼ a 74	Han & St Jo	109¼ a 109¾

COMMERCIAL REPORT.

THURSDAY, April 21—6 P. M.

COFFEE.—Rio was in fair demand from the trade, and the stock still being very light the market was strong at former quotations. Sales 577 bags ex Silesia and 3,476 do. ex Johanne on private terms; also, in Baltimore, 1,930 bags ex Francis Jane and 2,860 do. ex Lizzie Fox on private terms. St. Domingo was in demand, and 1,900 bags in bond were sold on private terms. Other kinds were quiet, but firm.

COTTON.—With a fair demand from all classes of buyers and only moderate offerings the market was strong and prices were ⅛c. higher, closing firm. The sales were 2,850 bales, including 1,020 for export, 1,195 on speculation, and 515 for spinning. For future delivery the market was only moderately active but ⅛c. higher. The sales were as follows:—300 bales June low middling for April at 29½c. a 29¾c., 100 do. for May at 29¾c., 500 do. for June at 29¾c. a 29⅞c., and 400 do. for July at 29⅞c. We quote:

Uplands and Mobile fmd	Florida.	Memphis.	N. Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	18½	18¾	19	19¼
Good ordinary	20½	21	21¼	21½
Low middling	22½	22¾	23	23¼
Middling	23½	23¾	24	24¼
Good middling	25	25¼	25½	25¾

FLOUR AND GRAIN.—Receipts, 10,845 bbls. flour, 730 bags corn meal, 19,064 bushels wheat, 16,549 do. corn, 9,534 do. oats, 6,046 do. barley, 1,800 do. malt and 1,875 do. rye. The market for State and Western flour was moderately active, the demand being principally for export, and prices were quite steady. The sales were about 14,000 bbls., including 5,000 bbls. at $4 90 for extra State for June delivery, and $4 77½ a $4 80 for trade do. for April delivery. For Southern flour there was a fair demand at firm prices; sales 1,000 bbls. Rye flour was firm, owing to the scarcity; sales 150 bbls. Corn meal was quiet, owing to the increased firmness of sellers. As high as $5 75 a $6 was demanded for Brandywine. We quote:—

No. 2 State	$4 20 a $4 40
Superfine State	4 35 a 4 60
Extra State	4 60 a 5 00
Choice do	5 10 a 6 00
Superfine Western	4 35 a 4 60
Extra do	4 60 a 5 00
Extra Minnesota	5 00 a 6 00
Round hoop Ohio, shipping brands	5 00 a 5 50
Round hoop Ohio, trade brands	5 50 a 6 50
St. Louis fine extra	5 00 a 6 00
St. Louis straight extra	6 00 a 6 50
St. Louis choice double extra	7 00 a 7 50
St. Louis choice family	7 50 a 9 00
Southern choice and family	6 00 a 9 25
Southern superfine	4 60 a 6 00
Rye flour	5 00 a 5 40
Corn meal, city	4 75 a
Corn meal, Jersey	4 60 a 4 75
Corn meal, Brandywine	5 50 a 5 75

—Wheat was steady, with a fair demand, chiefly for export. The sales were 100,000 bushels, at $1 08 a $1 10 for No. 2 Chicago spring, $1 11 for do. Milwaukee, $1 13 a $1 16 for No. 1 do., $1 25 for small lots amber winter in store, $1 60 for white Genesee, $1 70 for white Michigan; also, reported, sales within a few days of about 100,000 bushels No. 2 Chicago, to arrive within thirty days, at $1 08, for export. Corn was quiet, but held with firmness. Sales were 20,000 bushels at $1 14½ a $1 15 for old mixed Western in store, and $1 15 a $1 15½ for new do. afloat. Oats were quiet, but nominally unchanged. Small lots State on dock were sold at 70c. Rye was quiet, but firm at former prices. Of barley there were sold 9,000 bushels Canada, to arrive, at 92c., and 8,000 do. California on private terms. Of malt 8,600 bushels were sold on private terms.

FREIGHTS.—The market was quite active for grain at firm rates, but quiet for almost all other articles. The chartering business was tolerably active, and rates were rather firmer, especially for grain and petroleum vessels, which were in fair demand. The engagements were:—To Liverpool, per steamer, 50,000 bushels wheat at 4d., 800 bales cotton at ⅝d. To London, 7,500 bushels wheat at 4½d., and, per steamer, 7,500 bushels wheat at 6d. To Hamburg, per steamer, 2,800 bbls. rosin at 2s. 6d. The charters were:—An Italian bark, to Cork for orders, with 2,200 quarters grain, at 5s. 6d.—if to a direct port 5s. 3d.; a ship to Bremen, with 3,000 bbls. petroleum, at 3s.; a bark to London, with 2,300 bbls. do., at 4s. 6d.; a bark from Philadelphia to a distant port on the Continent, with 6,300 bbls. do., at 4s. 3d.; a bark, 660 tons, from the coast of Mexico to Falmouth for orders, with mahogany, at 65s.; a brig, 498 tons, to the Mediterranean, on private terms; a brig, 246 tons, to the north side Cuba and back, with sugar, at $8 37½, port charges paid; a brig, 94 tons, to a port in the West Indies and back, at $11 00; a brig, from Wilmington to the Clyde, with about 2,500 bbls. tar, and (rumored) a ship to Bremen, with about 9,000 bbls. petroleum, on private terms.

HOPS.—The market was without change. There was no demand except for small lots to supply the immediate wants of purchasers, owing to the firmness of holders, who demanded 15c. a 25c. for common to choice grades. Yearlings were quoted at 4c. a 6½c.

MOLASSES.—Grocery grades were held with firmness, while other qualities were rather heavy. We heard of sales of 125 hhds. Porto Rico at 42c. a 60c., and 200 do. Cuba at 35c. a 40c. We quote:—

	New Crop.	Old Crop.
Cuba—Centrifugal and mixed	30c. a 32c.	20c. a 23c.
Clayed	35c. a 38c.	24c. a 28c.
Muscovado, refining	37c. a 42c.	— a —
Muscovado, grocery	40c. a 50c.	— a —
Porto Rico	40c. a 65c.	30c. a 50c.
English Islands	30c. a 50c.	— a —
New Orleans	60c. a 85c.	— a —

Stock to-day, 19,665 hhds. Cuba, 3,697 do. Porto Rico, 1,670 do. English Islands and 500 bbls. New Orleans.

HAY.—The demand was moderate, and, the receipts being free, the market was heavy, at 70c. a 80c. for shipping, 90c. a $1 10 for retail lots, 95c. a $1 for long rye straw and 75c. for short do.

HEMP.—The market was quiet, but prices were steady at the following quotations:—Manila, 14¾c., gold; jute, 5¾c. a 6¼c., do.; Sisal, 12c. a 12½c., do., and Tampico, 7c. a 7½c., do., in bond.

NAVAL STORES.—The transactions in spirits turpentine were light, there being but little demand, but prices were unchanged, the market closing at 46½c. a 47c. for merchantable and shipping lots. Rosin—Strained was in better demand, but at lower prices, while the other grades were dull but unchanged. The sales were 3,500 bbls. strained at $2 65 a $2 10; 115 good and No. 2 at $2 50; 104 virgin at $6, and 230 do. No. 1, at $3 75 a $3 75. We quote:—Strained, $2 65 a $2 10; No. 2, $2 20 a $2 50; No. 1, $3 60 a $4; pale, $4 25 a $5; extra do. and window glass, $5 25 a $8. Tar was dull but unchanged.

OILS.—Linseed was dull, but firm, selling in small lots at 86c. a 88c. Lard was firm at $1 35 a $1 40 for prime winter, with small sales within the range.

PETROLEUM.—Crude, in bulk, was offered at 14¾c., but buyers were indisposed to pay over 14½c., except for small lots. No sales were reported. Crude, in bbls., was held at 19½c. a 19¾c., with 19c. bid. Naphtha was dull and nominal at 16c., at which price the last sales were made. The demand for refined, from all sources, was very light, and the sales were confined to 1,100 bbls. at 25¾c. a 25½c. and 6,500 cases at 33c. a 33½c., all for export. Holders demanded 25½c. a 26c., but buyers were unwilling to operate to any extent above 25¾c. For future delivery the sales were 500 bbls., for May, on private terms, and 1,000 do., for August, at 27½c. Jobbing lots were selling at 28c. a 29c., the latter price for prime white. In Philadelphia the market was more active, the demand being partly for export, but there was no improvement in prices. The sales were 1,400 bbls. for April at 25½c., closing weak at 25½c.; 1,000 do. for the last half May, at 25½c.; 2,500 do. for the first half June, at 25¾c., and 4,000 do. for the last half do. at 25½c.

PROVISIONS.—Receipts, 685 bbls. pork, 21 do. beef, 1,018 packages cut meats, 53 do. lard. With an improved demand and light offerings the market for pork was firmer and prices were higher, closing strong at $28 for new mess. The sales were 350 bbls. at $27 87½ for new mess, $24 a $22 for prime and extra prime, $24 a $25 for Western prime mess, and $25 75 for choice city do. For future delivery there were sold 1,500 bbls. at $28, for April and July, and $27 87½ for June. Dressed hog

NEW YORK HERALD

BROADWAY AND ANN STREET.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
PROPRIETOR.

Rejected communications will not be returned.

Volume XXXV.....No. 112

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

BOOTH'S THEATRE, 23d st., between 5th and 6th ave.—A WIDOW HURT—FOOTE'S.

THEATRE COMIQUE, 514 Broadway.—COMIC VOCALISM, NEGRO ACTS, &c.

WALLACK'S THEATRE, Broadway and 13th street.—MEN AND ACTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, 14th street.—ITALIAN OPERA—THE MAGIC FLUTE.

OLYMPIC THEATRE, Broadway.—NEW VERSION OF MACBETH.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE, Twenty-fourth st.—FROU-FROU.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, corner of Eighth avenue and 23d st.—THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE, Broadway, corner Thirtieth st.—Matinee daily. Performance every evening.

NIBLO'S GARDEN, Broadway.—PIPPIN; OR, THE KING OF THE GOLD MINES.

BOWERY THEATRE, Bowery.—MEDEA—MEDIA.—THE GOOD FOR NOTHING.

THE TAMMANY, Fourteenth street.—GRAND VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

MRS. F. B. CONWAY'S PARK THEATRE, Brooklyn.—MARY STUART.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE, 201 Bowery.—COMIC VOCALISM, NEGRO MINSTRELSY, &c.

BRYANT'S OPERA HOUSE, Tammany Building, 14th st.—BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS, 585 Broadway.—ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELSY, &c.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS, 720 Broadway.—FROW FROW.

APOLLO HALL, corner 28th street and Broadway.—THE NEW HIBERNICON.

HOOLEY'S OPERA HOUSE, Brooklyn.—HOOLEY'S MINSTRELS—SUPERNATURAL ILLUSIONS—HAMLET.

HIPPOTHEATRON, Fourteenth street—PROFESSOR RISLEY'S COMBINATION.

STEINWAY HALL, Fourteenth street.—GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT.

NEW YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, 615 Broadway.—SCIENCE AND ART.

TRIPLE SHEET.

New York, Friday, April 22, 1870.

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THE ELECTION TICKETS IN FRANCE.—The Bonapartists, the radicals, the "reds" and the Orleanists have all party election tickets in France. The Orleanists incline towards the oppositionists of the Bonapartes. The Bonapartists have, however, three millions of francs, and are pretty sure that "the police is all right"—the latter point an important one in city contests, even in New York.

EX-SECRETARY SEWARD, at a dinner given by him at his residence in Auburn yesterday to a few friends, made a speech touching his late extended tour through the West, Alaska, Mexico and Cuba. Even with such a confirmed politician the traveller's fondness for telling about his travels prevailed, and there was not a word that the distinguished ex-Secretary uttered which could be tortured into any political significance.

IMPORTANT ARRIVAL OF CELESTIALS.—The San Francisco papers of the 14th inst. contain the announcement of the arrival in that city of a large number of Chinese merchants and other dignitaries from the Celestial empire. They are, of course, welcome to our shores, and, undoubtedly, will be doubly so when they reach the city of New York, the commercial emporium of the nation. Let them come and let them be cordially welcomed. "Eastward" the star of commerce is setting its way.

THE ACQUITTAL OF CHAMBERS.—William Chambers, tried in Brooklyn for the murder there, in February last, of ex-Supervisor D. S. Voorhees, was acquitted yesterday on the ground of insanity, and was given in charge of the police to be taken to an insane asylum, as recommended by the jury. Being thus secured against hanging, and having only the dread of the lunatic asylum before his eyes, this philosophic murderer went back to prison, and, plucking the unsightly rag off his head by which he had influenced the jury, he boasted aloud, in the presence of the Sheriff and the other jail officials, that he had cheated the gallows and was not insane either. "You thought you would hang me," he said; "but I have cheated the jury."

The European Problem—The Political Crisis in France.

Our cable despatches from the various centres of thought and action in Europe, read in the light of our extensive European correspondence, reveal a state of things which cannot certainly be regarded as a fair illustration of the beauty and order of Cosmos. The nations seem to be on the eve of another serious outbreak. Is it that the appointed days of peace are ended? Since 1866 the temple of Janus has been shut; has Mars become impatient? There is trouble in almost every nation in Europe, nor can it be said that any one nation is on good terms with any other. From Rome to St. Petersburg, from London to Constantinople, the old Continent has the aspect of a vast and troubled sea. Reform movements are everywhere, because the advance of intelligence, the growth of a healthful and vigorous public sentiment, has made peoples imperious and rulers conciliatory. Nor is popular discontent more marked than is national ambition. All over it is felt that sweeping and radical changes are imminent. The old is perceptibly passing away, and men peer into the future with eyes expressive of uncertainty and alarm.

True to her ancient character, France towers up proudly and prominently among the nations and reveals the general situation. The French people fight for political liberty; the Emperor struggles hard for his dynasty, and the result is a compromise, of which the *Senatus Consultum* is the expression. What the Emperor thinks and means to do we know already with a tolerable amount of accuracy. What the people think and mean to do we shall know, if the latest arrangements are carried out, on the morning of the 8th of May. That the Emperor is going as far in the way of reform as is compatible with his own interests and the interests of his family few intelligent minds will refuse to admit. At the same time no lover of constitutional forms finds it easy to reconcile the *plebiscite* with free parliamentary government. If the Emperor really means to govern France as a constitutional sovereign, by and through the agency of a free and unfettered Parliament and a responsible ministry, this direct appeal to the people, if not avoided altogether, might and ought to have been made in another way. In the United States or in Great Britain such a course as the Emperor has resolved to follow would be impossible. That it is possible in France only proves that Napoleon is, and means to remain if he can, the master of the situation, and that Frenchmen are wholly unused to parliamentary forms. As it is, however, the *plebiscite* is regarded by many as an insult to the representatives of the people; nor is it at all impossible that, remembered in this light, it may yet bring forth bitter fruit. We do not feel justified in saying that the strikes which are crowding the streets of Paris with thousands upon thousands of workingmen, and which in numbers proportionately large must be crowding the streets of every city in the empire, are begotten of politics, or, in other words, that they are political in their origin and their object; but we can and do say that on the eve of a great national test vote—a vote which touches the heart and conscience of every Frenchman, and which involves consequences of the mightiest import—we do say that in such circumstances this universal uprising of the workingmen of France is to be viewed with alarm.

However this purely national question may be settled in France there will still be left open other and serious international questions. Napoleon looks to Europe as well as to France in making up his budget of possibilities and probabilities. In spite of growing infirmities, we are told by some facetious correspondents, he can still mount his horse; and we may well rest assured that there is, if need be, fight enough in him to make a big trouble in Europe—big enough, at least, to make Frenchmen forget domestic politics. It is this which gives importance to the recent speech of one of his Councillors of State. When Guéronnière—who may or may not be a wise man, who may or may not be specially in the confidence of the Emperor—said "that France may be content each Power must be in its proper place," he might or he might not be pleasing his imperial master; but of this there can be no doubt, he was expressing French sentiment and gratifying French vanity. It is this same thing—this determination of the Emperor to win, if he should run all the risks of a European war—which gives significance to the troubles in the Austrian empire; to the movements in South Germany; to the cautious, cunning and persistent policy of Prussia; to the grumbling of Denmark about the unfulfilled conditions of the treaty of Prague; to the watchful attitude of Russia; to the strangely inconsistent talk about arming and disarming; and, above all, to the folly of Rome in pushing the infallibility dogma to a vote, and thus strengthening the North German Confederation and aiding Prussian ambition by multiplying the anti-Romanists who speak the German tongue.

There is nothing more true than this, that all Europe is now looking to France and watching the progress of events with a view to necessary action when the time for action comes. Nor is there anything more true than this, that Napoleon is watching Europe quite as much as he is watching France. He scans the whole horizon and sees all possibilities. That he has made, or that he is making, every necessary arrangement and fully providing for every contingency may well be taken for granted. To say this much is only to say he is the man who accomplished the *coup d'état* in 1852, and laid Austria low in the dust in 1859-60. At the same time it is undeniable that since 1866 events have been in progress that have given unity to the German race, and that have virtually created a powerful Teutonic empire in the centre of Europe.

A dash by Napoleon, or the sudden death of Bismarck, might delay the inevitable for a time; but as things now are we cannot see how Napoleon can win permanent glory by attacking Prussia. No other war is now possible. He dare not attack Great Britain. He has no quarrel with the United States. Austria is too weak and Russia is too far off. It is a big fight, however, in which the Emperor is already engaged, and he must go through with it. It will be well, in our judgment, if a European war does not form one of his necessities. It will be better for him, better for his son, better for his dynasty, if he can convince France to take reform quietly at his hands. Meanwhile, unless he orders it, his counsellors of State must have a guard upon their speech.

The Arcade Railway Swindle.

The bill to incorporate the New York Arcade Railway Company passed the State Senate yesterday, and thus has accomplished one important stage of its journey. The means by which it passed the Senate indicate the danger that it may slip through the Legislature almost before the people are aware of its true character. It is the most nefarious scheme ever yet presented at Albany in the guise of a railway bill. Its primary purpose is not so much to furnish the convenient means of transportation the people so greatly need as to directly destroy Broadway as the great central avenue of city life and trade. It is a grand speculative game, with the destruction of Broadway for its first object. People do not need to be told the history of the growth of this city and of the development of the value of property on our beautiful thoroughfare when it became evident that the main trade of the city had chosen that avenue as its favorite seat; but the speculators have evidently studied that subject closely, as well as the means to divert the great Broadway trade to other channels, and so, perhaps, cause to centre elsewhere the value that now attaches to Broadway property. The first step is to paralyze Broadway trade—to compel that incessant traffic to stand still or go elsewhere. This result the bill, if it ever becomes a law, will accomplish as its first step.

This bill gives the incorporators absolute authority over Broadway for five years. For that term the street is theirs to do what they please with—theirs on the surface and theirs under ground. Not only the part dedicated to the public uses of the people is theirs, but the private property at either side also. In favor of these men is suspended every general principle of law that guarantees a citizen in his private possessions. They may so tear up and obstruct Broadway that a loaded vehicle can neither pass up nor down the length of that street for five years; and they may seize any man's house, and proffer in payment half or quarter the value, and the pretence of improving other property he may have near by is to justify this seizure of private property without remuneration. Any man with common sense can see for himself the consequences that must immediately flow from this power to dig up Broadway. It will render insecure every house that stands on either side this of street of splendid edifices—destroy every vault—make uncertain the tenure of property—make traffic impossible and travel disagreeable and dangerous. It will drive trade to the side streets, and this the mass of the people might not look upon as a great calamity, unless they consider that any such breaking up of the system of trade must prove disastrous generally to the city.

But not only is this great thoroughfare—five miles of the most magnificent property in the world—given into the hands of a railroad corporation to wrest to its purposes, but to the same body is made a free gift of all the small parks on the line of Broadway, with so much of the Central Park as it may have the temerity to seize. Under authority of this law the Arcade Railway may seize the whole of the Battery, what is left of the City Hall Park, Union Park, Madison Square and what they want or dare take of the Central Park itself. All these public places they may cover with their depots and car houses, and they cannot be compelled to pay to the city one cent for these great privileges.

And what is the railway to do finally? Simply to carry fish to the net of the great owner of the Hudson River and Harlem Railways. Its main end is to go to the Hudson River Railway, and a branch at Union square is to run up Fourth avenue to the Harlem Railway. It is, in fact, an extension of these two railways to the Battery. In deference to the interest of these railways Broadway is to be torn to pieces and its trade paralyzed for five years—that is to say, killed.

One fact is, the history of the bill is characteristic. It is a pet measure with the young democracy. Only Senators Genet and Pierce of this neighborhood voted in its favor. They are the young democracy, and they were backed up by "the country members." Excepting only Genet and Pierce all the New York, Long Island, Richmond and Westchester Senators voted against the measure. The things this bill proposes to do must not be done. If the bill goes through the Legislature the Governor must veto it. If the Governor permits it to pass the citizens must fight it to the last extremity with all the power of the courts.

A WAR WITH SPAIN IN WALL STREET.—The "bulls" and "bears," for lack of news to break the monotony, which is death to their business, flooded Wall street yesterday with reports of a Cabinet session on the subject of making war against Spain. The incredulous speculators wouldn't get excited, however, and so the "war with Spain" had to go upon the shelf with the "Death of Napoleon," "Fatal Illness of Bismarck" and other stories which don't "wash" any more. It seems this last venture, however, was a desperate one, and had employed forgery as one of its aids to excite the market. Admiral Godon, of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, and Captain Steadman, at Charlestown, have both informed Admiral Porter that they have received despatches signed "Porter" ordering every available vessel to be put in commission, as war with Spain was inevitable. The Vice Admiral has returned them word that the despatches are forgeries. The desperate gamblers who thus dare to play against the peace of the country ought to be ferreted out and punished.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND AND THE BANK OF FRANCE.—The gold in the Bank of England is reported this week as £143,000 (or say 3,000,000 francs) less than it was last week, while the gold in the Bank of France has increased since the last previous weekly report 1,700,000 francs. Why this difference between these two banks? The main reason, we presume, is this: France is in a political crisis, and the French people are rather disposed to put their gold in the bank for safe keeping than to risk it in uncertain adventures. In England, on the other hand, there is no such alarm and no such drawbacks upon business.

The Rochester Conventions—The Judges of the Court of Appeals.

The Democratic Convention, which meets at Rochester on Wednesday next to select candidates for the judges of the Court of Appeals, has an important duty to perform, in carrying out the only provision of the new constitution which has been endorsed by the vote of the people, and saved the whole concern from being a total wreck. That the nominations will be generally acceptable we have no reason to doubt. That the names presented will be those of strong men, both in their professional and party capacity, we suppose may be regarded as a fixed fact. The aspirants for Chief Justice are legion. They are cropping out like a sudden and an unnatural vegetation—out of the earth everywhere. But as the election takes place in spring, perhaps we need not be surprised at the springing up of early buds and blossoms of hope at the judicial convention. For instance, nearly all the State officers are desirous of obtaining the prize. They are willing to abandon their useful labors at Albany for the luxurious seat of fourteen years' duration on the bench of the Court of Appeals. No doubt it is something to be coveted. Comptroller Allen would cheerfully resign his control of the State money bags. The young lawyer Homer A. Nelson would gladly transfer the seals of State to the next comer for a corner on the bench in the marble building next door. Attorney General Champlain would probably rather be hearing arguments from other lawyers in the quiet repose of a judgeship than making arguments, as now, on the floor of the court room. However, all these gentlemen cannot be gratified. To place any of them in the position they aspire to would indeed be to cause a desertion from several important posts. It might do more. Such an abandonment of the State offices might give the republicans control of the Canal Board, should future events transfer power to that party.

Among the prominent claimants talked of is Judge Comstock, who is supposed by his friends to have the prize in his own hands. But the really prominent and probably successful candidate is Sanford E. Church, whose personal, political and professional attributes give him great strength with his party and the people of the State. Mr. Church's record is familiar, and would naturally give him precedence over other candidates for the Chief Justiceship. He is well known in his former capacity as Comptroller, as Lieutenant Governor and as a candidate for the Presidency in the last Democratic National Convention. His popularity with all branches of the democratic party, as well as the generous sympathy expressed for his recent illness, would insure him general support. Hence—to use a sporting phrase—Church seems to be "a good man to bet on" and "a winning card." Of the host of other aspirants for the bench of the Court of Appeals are Judge Grey, Martin, of Buffalo, and Judge Joseph F. Barnard. It does not seem desirable that the sitting judges' seats should be disturbed. Comstock, one of the old Roman order of magistrates, is entitled by his experience and integrity to a continuance of the respect he has already earned. The friends of Judge Earl are anxious to keep him there, and so with Judge Locke. They should remain to close up the unfinished business before them, and therefore there seems to be much fitness in keeping them in their present position. Judge Peckham, of Albany, who has yet six years to serve on the bench, would, no doubt, like to be Chief Justice; but there may be a little shadow of partisanship, connected with the Erie, Central and Susquehanna railroad controversies, on his name, which will probably damage his chances. He may do very well for Albany, but it is questionable whether he would suit the whole State. The bench of the court of last resort must be free from all tinge of partisanship.

It is not likely that the New York city democratic delegation will present any candidate, but will leave the matter entirely with the country delegates. No one yet is definitely named, though Judges Daly and Leonard and Mr. Rapallo are talked of; but as the salary of a judge of the Court of Appeals is not equal to that of Police Justice these gentlemen would hardly accept a nomination. There is every prospect of a struggle at the Democratic Convention, and there may be a little spice thrown in; but it may be presumed that under the present good management of the party a strong ticket will be presented.

At the Republican Convention, which "follows hard upon" that of the democrats—namely, Thursday, 28th—the only names as yet prominently talked of are William M. Evarts, Judge Emott and Edwards Pierrepont.

The Boston Radical Club—A New Kink.

We have before us a report of a meeting in "the Hub" of the Boston Radical Club—not a political organization, but a sort of transcendental, atheistical, physiological, botanical and philosophically chaotic concern—the latest kink yet of the moral outcroppings of New England Puritanism. The essayist, Mrs. Edmah Littlehall Cheney, was the oratress of the evening, and her subject was "The Value of Individuality in the Organization of Church and Society"—a theme suggestive of a restoration of the blessed state of the primitive barbarian. She argued from this point—that "a germ and a cell are the foundation of all vegetable growth, and a germ and a cell are the beginning of all animal life;" and the drift of her argument was this:—"Whence grows this power of the germ—this life which enables it to appropriate to itself whatever is fitted to its inward nature?" This being the question which this Boston Radical Club has undertaken to settle, we dare say it will have employment enough for a thousand years to come. We fear, however, that this club, in a religious view, looks to the French Jacobin Goddess of Reason, and so we dismiss it.

A STRANGE ILLUMINATION FOR THE MORMONS.—We have the report from Great Salt Lake City that on the arrival there, on Wednesday last, of the new Governor for Utah, (Shaffer) and the other new State officers accompanying him, appointed by General Grant, they received a rousing welcome, and that after they had flatly told the assembled citizens that their mission was to suppress polygamy there were great rejoicings, including bonfires, fireworks, a parade and an illumination of the city. All this shows that the Gentiles are getting to be a powerful party at the Mormon capital, or that the saints have had a new revelation. It does not appear that Brigham Young took any part in the proceedings, but he will have to define his position very soon. We should not wonder if he, too, in due season, should disclose a new revelation, instructing him to depart with his people out of Egypt; and this will probably be the settlement of the Mormon question.

The Navy and Senator Spencer.

In giving our support to the navy and endeavoring to raise it from the condition into which it was falling, owing to the supineness of Congress, it is not astonishing that we now and then tread upon somebody's toes. It is bad enough for men to fail in their duties, either from indifference or from ignorance of the subject; but when a person holding an important position, in which his abilities should be exerted on the side of his country, undertakes to break down one of our national bulwarks, our remarks in reference to such conduct must necessarily be unpalatable to him.

There is a Naval Committee in the Senate, composed of gentlemen who have for many years devoted their attention to naval matters, and have much more enlarged and comprehensive ideas of the service and its wants than any one is likely to have who has just emerged from the Southern swamps. Those gentlemen who have charge of naval affairs have not deemed it necessary to introduce such a sweeping bill as that framed by Senator Spencer, of Alabama, who, in his endeavor to explain his course, shows how very little he knows about the service. It must be amusing to Messrs. Cragin and Anthony, of the Senate Naval Committee, and to Mr. Drake, who was educated in the navy, to see a tyro trying to take the helm from their hands; but no doubt they were indignant at his proposition to broach the navy to, and have ere this consigned it to that undiscovered country from whose bourn no such proposition ever returns. It is a well known fact that the proposition to reduce the navy to the little end of nothing originated in personal feeling, and not from motives of economy, as stated. As regards Mr. Spencer's comparison of the army and the navy, we will merely say that the organization of the two services is entirely different. An army can be raised from our people in a day or in a week or a month, according to the size required. A navy, on the contrary, is the work of long years of patient care. A ship has no relation to a regiment or a fleet to an army, under any aspect. One general can command five hundred thousand men, but it requires one admiral to command a squadron of even four ships, manned by less than twelve hundred men. A captain in the navy commands a ship of three hundred men, while his relative in rank in the army (a colonel) commands a regiment of one thousand soldiers. Every squadron, be it ever so small, is entitled to its admiral; and as there are seven squadrons to be maintained in our navy there must be seven admirals; and since these cannot spend all their lives at sea or away from the United States there must be a corresponding number of reliefs. All this is either misunderstood by Mr. Spencer or he has endeavored to perpetrate a great injury upon the navy and false premises upon the country. We regret that we are unable to credit him with any patriotic intention. The fact that the Senator would save a million by his operation will not even please his constituents; for he might save far more than that by abolishing the navy *in toto*, cutting down the civil list and reducing his own pay, which last he will not be likely to agree to. The people of this country want economy, but not meanness or breaches of trust with the men who have fought its battles.

The last clause in Mr. Spencer's letter, which we published for him, shows even more clearly how little he understands the question, and is varnished off with that threadbare subject of "staff rank," of which the public have become quite tired. If Senator Spencer is really serious when he says that "no one appreciates the necessity of a navy commensurate with our standing as a nation more than myself," let him show it by his endeavors to build the service up, and not by his efforts to pull it down. The life of a naval officer is hard enough without looking ahead to the ingratitude of his countrymen and having the prospect of being left to starve on a pittance in his old age. There are a thousand ways for a member of Congress to bring himself before the public without resorting to measures that would, if carried out, belittle us as a nation. Our commercial interests are matters for the attention of all wise legislators. Our trade, driven from the ocean, needs the fostering care of Congress to replace it there and protect it after its resuscitation. We should commence such a career of greatness as the world never yet has seen by monopolizing the trade of the East Indies, which we have the power to do through our railroad to the Pacific and by cutting a canal across the Isthmus of Darien. In this latter movement our navy is taking a prominent part, and, with the energy it has ever displayed, is pushing the survey rapidly across the isthmus, overcoming difficulties heretofore deemed insurmountable.

In its new guise of well equipped ships the navy is expanding its sails on its way to the China seas to cement those relations lately formed with the Chinese which are to give us the control of the commerce of the East. It is removing the rude marks made upon its discipline during the past eight years, and is settling down to its ancient organization and prestige. It is daily gaining strength in the affections of the American people, who will not tolerate any attempt to break up an institution on which our commerce and our people so much depend in case we should be involved in a foreign war, and we must support it until its size is increased in a ratio with the tonnage of our country.

FROM JAPAN AND CHINA we have mail details of the news to the 22d of March. The advices report some few melancholy after incidents of the Oneida disaster in noticing the burial of a few of the victims. The commercial and political items are interesting and rather important.

HE HAS HAD ENOUGH OF IT.—Mr. Vallandigham declines to run again as a candidate for Congress. His platform has been completely upset, and he retires in disgust.

Congress—The Northern Pacific Railroad—The Navy and Ben Butler in the House.

The only work of importance in the Senate yesterday was the passage of the Northern Pacific Railway bill, which provides for a railway from Minnesota to Puget Sound, through a cold and almost unexplored region, where there is nothing much more civilized than Indians and grizzlies. The bill provides, very suspiciously, that the franchises and land grants donated to the company may be sold without reference to the building of the road.

As for the House, the scent of the Sypher case clings round it still. Mr. Stevenson, who originally engineered Sypher so disastrously, renewed Mr. Kerr's motion to notify the Governor of Louisiana that there was a vacancy in Sypher's district; and in advocating it he took pains to show that Sheldon, who is safely in, and the other radical members from Louisiana whose seats are yet in abeyance ought to be ousted as Sypher was. In fact, he expected such would be the result in the cases yet to be tried, and concluded to withhold his resolution until they were disposed of. As it is, Colonel Sheldon has cause to congratulate himself that his case was tried first; for it seems that Sypher in his fall will knock down all the rest like a row of bricks.

The Naval Appropriation bill was taken up, and several members took occasion to show how utterly inefficient our navy is. The bill is still under discussion.

The Georgia bill, we are afraid, is to be held in suspense for a long time. Ben Butler wants to go home, like the man in the play (Butler is always reminding us of some incident in a comedy), and has made a private arrangement with his Reconstruction Committee to postpone it until May 5. Thus this accommodating Union stands still while Butler practices in some little law court of Massachusetts for his fees, and the State of Georgia is disfranchised until the puissant Butler gets through with his little outside business. Bad as the bill is, "if it were done when 'tis done then 'twere well it were done quickly," and if it is utterly impossible for the House to do the business without him, Butler ought to be tied down to his desk by force until it is done.

Our South American News.

Our correspondence from Rio Janeiro published this morning furnishes interesting details of the killing of President Lopez of Paraguay on the first day of last month by the Brazilian forces under General Camara. This event was the cause of great rejoicing in Rio, where processions were the order of the day. The Princess Imperial, wife of the Count d'Eu, under whose command the allied army put an end to the war, was the recipient of two demonstrations in her honor by the enthusiastic ladies of the capital, who delivered addresses and wound up with huzzas for the Princess and Brazil. Dom Pedro, too, had received numerous evidences of his popularity with the people. His Majesty had declined to sanction the erection of an equestrian statue of himself, as proposed by a number of gentlemen residing at the capital. In a letter forwarded to the promoters of the project he requests them to expend the money collected for the statue in the construction of primary schools, which evidence of Dom Pedro's devotion to the cause of public education deserves the praise it has received.

Our other items of news from South America are interesting. Brazilian politics were in their accustomed muddled condition; but the conservatives were stronger than ever, probably because of the successful termination of the war for Brazil and her allies. Rio was agitated on a question of the right of a monastic institution to retain nuns within its convent walls against their will, and public sentiment was almost unanimous in favor of their release. The matter had been referred to the Council of State for a final decision.

The Argentine Confederation, under the able rule of President Sarmiento, continued to move forward in the path of prosperity. The same cannot be said of Uruguay, which is threatened with another rebellion, and will not unlikely fall a prey to Brazil.

Our Jury System.

For years the courts and lawyers have complained bitterly of the difficulty of obtaining good jurors; the few persons who serve have groaned at their being called so often, many poor men have been ruined by being compelled to leave their business, important cases and trials have been adjourned and postponed over and over, and general dissatisfaction occasioned through the present incomplete, loose and inoperative jury system. In other countries and States the people have been given a proper, coherent and equal system, such as is now proposed in the Jury bill before our State Assembly. This bill remedies most of the existing evils which at present annoy alike our judges and jurors. It provides a fair remuneration for the poor man and compels the rich to share in the performance of this duty. By enabling our Commissioner of Jurors to procure the names of all liable and limiting exempts to a just number it enlarges the list so that the services of each would be light and infrequent. The necessity of its passage is as unquestionable as is the popularity of the bill with our best citizens, most of whom are willing to assist in carrying out so fair, useful and equitable a measure.

THE STEAMER VENEZUELA, which was spoken some time ago, in distress, by the ship Camilla, and which is now over thirty-five days out from Liverpool for the West Indies, has again been seen. The steamship Ohio, which arrived at Baltimore yesterday, saw her, still in distress, with her rudder gone, on the 16th instant, in latitude forty degrees eight minutes, longitude eight degrees seventy-three minutes, and offered to tow her to New York, but the crazy captain of the Venezuela, who probably has a wholesome dread of running up a bill for salvage against his employers, declined any assistance. Her passengers, luckily, had already been brought to New York by the Camilla, so the crew and captain has only the lives of himself and crew to risk in this insane business.

THE BILLS removing disabilities from colored voters and repealing the Registry law, except in the city of New York, were both passed in the State Senate yesterday.

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TELEGRAPHIC NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

Napoleon Preparing a Proclamation to France.

The French Plebiscitum, the People, the Bonapartists and Orleanists.

Spanish Riots and Bourbon Principle.

THE STEAMSHIP CITY OF BRUSSELS SAFE

An American Ship on Fire at Sea.

HORRIBLE TRAGEDY IN BALTIMORE.

A Woman Butchers Her Four Children and Cuts the Throat of Her Mother.

FRANCE.

Napoleon's Proclamation.

PARIS, April 21, 1870

The imperial printing office will to-morrow commence the publication of the proclamation of the Emperor concerning the *plebiscitum*, together with the text of the latter.

In his proclamation the Emperor gives a *résumé* of the reforms introduced since 1860 up to the present moment, and dwells on the fortunate results to come from them, namely, stability of institutions and the easy transmission of power to the heir of the throne.

The formula of the *plebiscitum* is brief and simple. The vote will be taken on the 8th of May, verified on the 10th, and its result officially announced on the 12th.

Prince Napoleon, who left Paris before the recent debates in the Senate because the Emperor desired that he would take no part in the discussion on the succession to the throne, returns on Saturday.

Legislative Endorsement.

PARIS, April 21, 1870.

The President of the Senate, M. Rouher, proceeded to the Tuileries to-day and presented to the Emperor the *Sénatus Consultum* as unanimously voted by the Senate.

The Home Parties.

PARIS, April 21, 1870.

The Marquis d'Andelarre, leader of the left centre in the Corps Législatif, publishes a letter denying the truth of the report that the left centre has ceased to exist as a party.

Electoral Agitation.

PARIS, April 21, 1870.

The *Siècle* (irreconcilable organ) to-day publishes a vigorous appeal to the electors of France to vote "no" on the question of personal government. Among the signers of the appeal are Messrs. Arago, Bancel, Crémieux, Gambetta, J. Ferry, Garnier Pages and Jules Simon.

The Imperial Election Fund.

PARIS, April 21, 1870.

The committee in favor of the *plebiscite* has already collected 3,066,000f. toward defraying expenses.

Orleanist Party Tactics.

PARIS, April 21, 1870.

The *Figaro* (independent journal) of to-day says that MM. Daru and Buffet left the Ministry because they received a letter from the Duke d'Aumale telling them to do so else the Orleanists might vote for the *plebiscite*. The *Figaro* adds that the Emperor has a copy of this letter in his possession.

The Trades Strike.

PARIS April 21, 1870.

It reported that the makers of wall paper will join the strikers to-day.

The Bank Return.

PARIS, April 21, 1870.

The bullion on hand at the Bank of France this week is 4,700,000 francs greater than on last Thursday.

ROME.

Fallible or Infallible?

LONDON, April 21, 1870.

Letters from Rome contradict the assertion recently made that a minority of the bishops would leave the Ecumenical Council if the infallibility proposition is pressed.

SPAIN.

Fatal Riot.

MADRID, April 21, 1870.

An industrial demonstration of workingmen was made at Cadiz yesterday, but was quickly repressed by the local authorities. One rioter was killed and several badly wounded.

Bourbon Dignity.

MADRID, April 21, 1870.

The family of Prince Henri de Bourbon has refused to accept the indemnity of $8,000 which was imposed upon the Duke of Montpensier by the Council of War.

AUSTRIA.

Constitutional Reconstruction.

VIENNA, April 21, 1870.

The new Ministry formed by the Count Potocki is regarded as transitional merely. Its mission is to adjust the application of the constitution to the several peoples members of the empire.

ENGLAND.

The Steamship City of Brussels.

LIVERPOOL, April 21, 1870.

The missing steamer City of Brussels, of the Inman line, passed Crookhaven at eight o'clock this morning, under sail.

An American Ship on Fire.

LIVERPOOL, April 21, 1870.

An American ship was seen on fire on the night of December 28, in latitude 41, longitude 13 west. She appeared to be of about eight hundred tons burden and to be loaded with cotton. During the night she disappeared, and next morning an empty long boat was picked up. The name of the vessel could not be ascertained.

Other Disasters at Sea.

LIVERPOOL, April 21, 1870.

The steamer Sado, from Oporto for Liverpool, was lost off the Scilly Islands. The passengers and crew were saved.

Ship Veteran, from Shields for Quebec, has put into Moville, where she is repairing. Her cargo is damaged.

Sectarianism and Religion.

LIVERPOOL, April 21, 1870.

A large meeting was held in this city last evening to protest against the proposed official inspection of the convents.

The Mordaunt Divorce Case.

LONDON, April 21, 1870.

The further hearing of the Mordaunt divorce case, family arrangements and settlements, has been postponed.

American Securities.

LONDON, April 21, 1870.

The London *Globe*, in its city article to-day, ascribes the prevailing depression in American railroad securities to the mismanagement of the Erie road.

The Bank Return.

LONDON, April 21, 1870.

The bullion in vault in the Bank of England, according to the official report made to-day, is £143,000 sterling less than last week.

IRELAND.

Agrarian Outrage.

DUBLIN, April 21, 1870.

Several cases of agrarian outrage, attended with circumstances of brutal violence, are reported from the county of Meath.

GERMANY.

The Customs' Parliament—Tariff Revision.

BERLIN, April 21, 1870.

The session of the Customs' Parliament commenced to-day. Herr Delbruck opened the proceedings with a speech, in which he enumerated the measures which would be proposed for consideration. Among them are the revision of the duties on sugar and coffee, and commercial treaties with Mexico and the Hawaiian Islands.

THE STEAMER VENEZUELA.

The Steamer Venezuela Spoken—Assistance Again Refused—The Captain Confident of Reaching Port.

BALTIMORE, April 21, 1870.

The steamship Ohio, from Bremen, arrived this afternoon. She reports on the 16th of April, in latitude 40 deg. 8 min., longitude 68 deg. 73 min., spoke British steamer Venezuela, from Liverpool for the West Indies, thirty-five days out, with loss of rudder. The Ohio offered to tow her to New York, but the captain of the Venezuela thought he could reach a port without assistance. Her passengers have been taken off by another steamer, as previously reported.

UTAH.

Arrival of Governor Shaffer at Corrinne—Enthusiastic Reception by the Gentiles—The Anti-Polygamy Laws to be Enforced.

CORRINNE, April 20, 1870.

Governor Shaffer arrived here at eight o'clock this evening. The people were out in hundreds and escorted him from the cars to the hotel, where he was welcomed in behalf of the citizens by Mayor Monroe. The Governor briefly replied to the remarks of Mayor Monroe, stating that he was in Utah for the purpose of enforcing the laws of the United States, and when he cannot do this he will return to his home. The constitution and laws must be respected and obeyed everywhere. This Territory will not be made an exception.

Judge Hawley and Strickland, of the Supreme Court, and General Maxwell, Register of the Land Office, followed the Governor, showing that it is the intention of the government to suppress polygamy and compel Utah to submit to the authority of the republic. That time has now arrived and this abomination, though supported by remonstrance from the disloyal and traitorous, will not stay the action of Congress.

The city is illuminated, there are bonfires and fireworks, and the people are parading the streets cheering for the first real Governor Utah ever had.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

Grand Military Review in Montreal—Troops Ordered to the Frontier—Supposed Fenians En Route to Ogdensburg.

MONTREAL, April 21, 1870.

The whole of the volunteers turned out at Champ de Mars yesterday afternoon for inspection by Lieutenant General Lindsay. The General was accompanied by Prince Arthur, attended by a numerous staff, and received a general salute.

The Provisional battalion, consisting of four companies, under Captain Simpson, are under orders to proceed to the frontier, their headquarters to be at La Prairie.

Two car loads of suspicious looking characters, supposed to be Fenians, are reported to have passed over the Grenshaw road last night, going west. It is supposed their destination is Ogdensburg or Cape Vincent.

Sir Stafford Northcote, Lady Northcote and family have arrived here from England.

Hearing in the Case of the Red River Delegates—The Writ of Habeas Corpus Discharged—The Accused Remanded Back into Custody—Enlistment of Volunteers for the Red River Campaign.

OTTAWA, April 21, 1870.

Father Richolt and Alfred Scott were brought before Judge Holt this afternoon. Mr. Billyard Cameron appeared for the prosecution. He stated that it was his opinion there was no ground for discharging them under a writ of habeas corpus, as it was clear these men could be indicted and tried for a capital offence before our courts, and if so the magistrate had the power to give the warrant to arrest them. The Judge then discharged the writ and ordered the accused back into custody.

The police magistrate has fixed three o'clock to-morrow to proceed with the examination for information. The prisoners remain in custody as before and not sent to jail.

The deputy adjutant generals of Ontario have issued a circular to the lieutenant colonels of battalions, requesting seven men to be selected from each corps for service in the Red River country. None but men who are healthy and sound in every particular will be accepted, and preference will be given to those who have a trade or can use an axe and have knowledge of wood craft. The men will receive a new kit complete, two suits clothing, rifle, with ball cartridges and accoutrements. The term of enlistment will be for one year certain, or two years if required by her Majesty. The pay for color sergeants will be eighteen dollars; sergeants, fifteen dollars; corporals, thirteen dollars; privates twelve dollars per month, free rations, to receive pay from 1st of May.

THE INDIANS.

Favorable Reports of the Omaha Indians—Suffering Among the Tribes at the Grand River Agency—Agriculture Among the Blackfeet.

WASHINGTON, April 21, 1870.

Superintendent Janney has forwarded to the Indian Office a report of the condition of affairs at the Omaha agency for the first quarter of the present year, from which it appears that Omaha has shown a marked increase of interest in agriculture. Industry and thrift are now taking the place of idleness and improvidence. During the winter they were busily engaged collecting material for building houses. The men work well, and even the old chiefs now shoulder their axes and go into the timber to work with the rest. The past winter was the first in which they have had the care of their own cattle, and, though steadily worked, they are now in good condition. Most of the Omahas lived in mushin tents during the winter, with a scanty supply of clothing and scarce any animal food, corn being their principal subsistence, yet they seem cheerful and hopeful of aid from the government. Only one day school has been established, although many express a desire to go to school, and funds are needed for the support of others.

A report of the officers of the Grand River Agency, Dacotah, for March, states that there arrived at the agency 1,127 Indians, all in a starving condition. Many of them had to kill and eat their horses. The agent sent them provisions to assist in getting them there, and on their arrival clothing was issued. The Indians conduct themselves very well, considering that a large number of them never have been on a reservation before. It is recommended that a separate agency be established at a point between Fort Rice and Grand River for the Sioux Indians, as this band is further advanced than the others, and very anxious to commence farming at once. Three hundred acres of land has been ploughed for them thirty miles above the Grand River Agency, in order that they will not be disturbed by the other bands, as they do not agree very well together. "Grass," the principal chief of the Blackfeet, is desirous of having a separate agency at the Marean river, and desirous of having ground ploughed for the Blackfeet to start planting corn at that point.

The Cuchapas are not so far advanced, as they have been among the whites but very little. A small portion intend to plant and the remainder to hunt during the summer. The agent says if a loghouse, sixteen by sixteen, was built for each of the chiefs who will remain at the agency it would induce other Indians to follow their example.

The Wyoming Redskins on the Warpath.

CHEYENNE, April 21, 1870.

The detachment sent from Fort Laramie to pursue the Indians who lately shot a citizen within 600 yards of the post overhauled them across the Platte and had a talk with them. The band of Indians belong to Crazy Sorce, and that chief says that he is "on the warpath heavy."

INDIANA.

The Robbers of the Vermillion County Treasurer's Office.

TERRE HAUTE, April 21, 1870.

Yesterday's despatch left the two robbers of the Vermillion County Treasurer's office nearly naked, fugitives in the woods, with hundreds of people hunting for them. Some time yesterday they presented themselves to two well known citizens on the highway and drawing a revolver compelled the citizens to strip on most of their clothing, which the robbers put on and "lit out." The semi-nude citizens were soon picked up by a number of men who were hunting for the burglars, and having every external appearance of being the fugitives they were arrested and taken to Clinton or Newport for trial. They proved an *alibi* and got off.

HORRIBLE TRAGEDY IN BALTIMORE.

Bloody Deeds of an Insane Mother—Four Children and an Aged Mother Murdered.

BALTIMORE, April 21, 1870.

The entire city was intensely excited this evening by a report that five horrible murders had been perpetrated by a mother, by cutting the throats of four of her children and of her own mother. The report proved true, the facts being as follows:—About four o'clock this afternoon Mrs. Catharine Marsh, who with her four children lived with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dwyer, at No. 99 Canal street, a few doors from Blair Market, committed the terrible butcheries, first killing her children and then assaulting her mother. Mrs. Dwyer, the mother of Mrs. Marsh, in her ante-mortem examination to-night stated that at about four o'clock this afternoon herself and her daughter, Catharine Marsh, and three children of the latter were in the house, Mrs. Marsh asked her if she had ten cents, and on her answering "No," she (Mrs. Marsh) said she had ten cents. She then put on her bonnet and left the house. She went a few doors and borrowed a butcher's knife. She then proceeded to District School No. 13, and calling out her son James, aged eight years, cut his throat from ear to ear, nearly severing his head from his body. A little boy named Burnett came out of school with James and witnessed the murder. Mrs. Marsh, after committing the horrible deed, rushed at the boy Burnett, but he ran and escaped. She then returned to her home and went in the back yard where another son, William, aged seven years, was swinging, his little sister, Mary Jane, being at play near by. She seized William and cut his throat, causing instant death and immediately grasped her little girl and applied her weapon, cutting off her head. She then went into the house and cut the throat of her youngest child, George, aged about two years and five months; the head was nearly severed from the body. She next assaulted her mother aged about fifty-four and very feeble, cutting her throat so terribly that she cannot survive. Mrs. Marsh, the murderess, is aged about twenty-seven, was born in the county Kerry, Ireland, and has been in the United States about twenty years. She was married some nine years ago in this city to William Marsh, a barber, who left her about eighteen months since to find employment elsewhere. He is now said to live in New York city. The reputation and character of Mrs. Marsh is said to have been very good. She was undoubtedly temporarily insane when committing the murders. The faces of the murdered children, as they lie side by side to-night, are as placid and calm as if they were composed in sweet sleep. They are dressed neatly in the same clothes they wore when killed. At nine o'clock to-night the mother, who is confined at the Eastern police station, was conscious of her terrible deeds.

SEWARD AT HOME.

Speech of the Veteran Statesman at a Dinner Party in Auburn—His Travels from the Arctic to the Equator.

AUBURN, April 21, 1870.

A delegation of thirty-five gentlemen arrived in this city from Syracuse this afternoon to pay a complimentary visit to Mr. Seward. He received the company at seven o'clock, and at eight o'clock gave a dinner to the whole party, with the addition of eight or ten citizens of Auburn. During the two hours at the table a lively conversation was kept up between the host and his guests, until finally Mr. D. P. Phelps, the head of the delegation, rose and addressed Governor Seward in behalf of the company, thanking him for the privilege of the interview and referring in appropriate terms to the distinguished services he has rendered the country. In response Governor Seward addressed the company as follows:—

GENTLEMEN OF SYRACUSE—If my life and your own lives had been merely domestic it would, nevertheless, even in that case, have been a pleasant thing to meet you now in this balmy spring season and renew the pledges of a friendship of thirty or more years. I will not attempt to describe my emotion in receiving this visit from you, which opens afresh the domestic cares, anxieties, pleasures and sorrows of so long a period, intermingling everywhere with national trials, dangers, triumphs and calamities, such only as fearful civil commotion and revolutionary war could have produced. You know it is not my habit to dwell on the topics of the past. You have reminded me that since we parted last I have been in some sort a traveller, and you greet me all the more cordially as a neighbor returned home. I should like, if it were convenient, now to speak to you of the glaciers, mountains, forests and table lands; of the mines and caverns; of the cataracts, rivers, lakes, seas and oceans, their majesty, beauty and riches; of States beginning, States begun, of states growing, of States struggling, of States rising and of States dissolving to recompose themselves again; of men and races, Indian, African, Asiatic and our own, their characters and wants, powers in the complex system of American republican civilization as I saw nature and men in the field. I have surveyed from the Arctic to the Equator, and between the two oceans. The impulse to utterance on that line fortifies itself by recalling certain promises to speak without reserve here in Auburn—promises which I made to all those sorts and conditions of men, with a view to moderate my expressions of gratitude, not less suggestive than oppressive on the spot for welcome received in Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Oregon, Washington British Columbia, Alaska, California, Cuba and Mexico. But, gentlemen, you have promised me that this visit shall be an informal one; moreover, I have scarcely yet recovered from the chill which the March snows gave me on a too sudden arrival here from the West Indies. Let it suffice to say that everywhere within the United States and without the United States I found in political institutions and in the current of political events and in the progress of order, freedom and humanity a full confirmation of the principles, policies and sentiments in which the people of Auburn and Syracuse have educated themselves, and which, without shrinking from the sacrifice of life and fortune they have so long maintained. Gentlemen, I have trusted you long, and you have adhered to me with perseverance. Let us thank God with humility and reverence for the blessing of such a friendship, and hope and strive that it may continue to the end of our days. Gentlemen, the first century of our national existence is drawing to a close. While the seals of the second century are being opened we shall be passing away. Relying on the benevolence of God and the progress of humanity, let us hope, without doubting, that our successors will be wiser and better men than we have been; that henceforth the reformer of the nation may never be found lacking in patience, the patriot in zeal, the soldier in prudence or the statesman in constancy, and, above all, that the nation itself may never distrust its own gracious destiny. Amen.

Several other speeches were made during the evening. The delegation returned to Syracuse by the quarter to twelve train.

MASSACHUSETTS.

The Burlingame Remains—Unfounded Reports Concerning the Union Pacific Railroad—The Ten Hour Law.

BOSTON, April 21, 1870.

The remains of Anson Burlingame arrived at the Old Colony depot at ten o'clock this morning and were received by a committee of the city government and conveyed to Faneuil Hall in a hearse drawn by four horses, the committee following in carriages. The hall is being elaborately decorated. The remains will rest upon a catafalque four feet high, six feet wide and twelve long. The windows are darkened and the hall is only lighted by a portion of the gas jets directly in front of the catafalque. The Chinese and national American colors droop together and are the only national emblems in the hall. The casket will be covered with flowers. To-morrow the public will be admitted. The Arlington street church will also be appropriately decorated for the funeral on Saturday.

The report circulating through the press that the Union Pacific Railroad Company owe a large amount of money to James W. Davis and associates for materials furnished the road and that payment is fraudulently withheld from them, is entirely destitute of truth. The company has proposed and are ready at any time to settle their claim, if they have any, by arbitration or otherwise, upon any fair and equitable basis. The Union Pacific Railroad Company are able and willing to pay all honest claims which may be brought against them at all times; but the company cannot be forced into the settlement of unjust or dishonest claims from any fear of false statements and misrepresentations.

The House to-day reconsidered its vote on the Ten Hour bill, and after amendments making it apply to all minors under eighteen years of age it passed to engrossment—134 to 83.

The resolve to amend the State constitution so as to repeal the reading and writing qualification of voters passed the House—143 to 55.

Deacon Ebenezer P. Plane, an old and respected resident of Arlington, drowned himself in a pond at that place last night.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS ITEMS.

William Young, of Worcester, Mass., 60 years of age, shuffled off his mortal coil yesterday by hanging himself.

Yesterday morning a boiler in a sawmill near Pithole, Pa., exploded, killing the owner and wounding two others.

A locomotive exploded its boiler in Toledo, Ohio, yesterday, instantly killing the fireman and fatally injuring the engineer.

E. A. Souder & Co., of Philadelphia, suspended payments yesterday. They show assets amounting to $445,000 and liabilities of $265,000.

Some villains set fire to the market house in Gallopolis, Ohio, yesterday. A prisoner confined in the station house in the same building was burned to death.

A vigilance committee broke open the jail at Salem, Ill., Wednesday night, and took out and hung a noted desperado named Hank Leonard, alias Rogers.

A resolution was adopted in the Mississippi Legislature on Wednesday asking the removal from office and impeachment of Judge Shackelford for releasing Yerger on bail.

THE SPRING FRESHETS.

Damage to Property by the Overflow of Waters.

Particulars of the Flood in the Hudson, Mohawk, Genesee and Schoharie Valleys—Extent of the Losses in New Hampshire and Maine.

The Freshet at a Stand in Albany—Rain—Indications of a Further Rise of the Waters.

ALBANY, April 21, 1870.

At this city the freshet is again at a stand. It is raining to-day, and there are indications of a further rise of the water. All business along the docks is suspended, as also along a great part of Broadway.

Rensselaerville Under Water—Destruction of Property for a Distance of Ten Miles—Details of the Losses.

ALBANY, April 21, 1870.

A correspondent of the *Evening Journal* gives the following account of the freshet in Rensselaerville, in this county:—

The inhabitants were aroused in the night, and found that a flood was pouring down upon them from Ten Mile creek. They were obliged to flee for their lives to the high ground. The flood rushed onward, carrying destruction in its track for ten miles to Catskill creek. The first obstruction was a small dam at the top of the falls and a trunk conveying water across the stream on a suspension bridge to supply power for Waterbury's woollen mill. These were swept away down the stream like chaff. It next encountered the woollen factory, sweeping away a new addition and undermining a portion of the main building, and the whole structure was in danger of destruction. On the opposite side of the creek Mr. Waterbury's new barn and carriage house gave way before the force of the current and were swept down the stream, with a pair of fine horses, four or five sets of harness, wagons, carriages and other property. Next went the factory bridge, then Mr. Barton's barn, a portion of his house and the bridge opposite; also Mr. Washburn's barn, with its contents; next the grist mill dam and race. Mr. Shuiter's fine saw mill, cider mill and other machinery all succumbed to the resistless force of the flood. Below this the low land was all overflowed, and several dwellings were carried off, the inmates barely escaping with their lives. Sick persons were carried out through the raging waters to dry land, while others had to climb trees and fences for their lives. Mr. Farley's foundry, with all its contents, his barn and teams, wagons, harness, &c., are all gone; also Mr. King's new barn. Seventeen head of cattle, belonging to Mr. Jenkins, were swept away with the flood. Several carpenters, who were repairing Mr. Jenkins' house, lost their full chests of tools, valued at $800.

A messenger has just arrived from Medusa six miles below, saying they have escaped with loss of bridges, dams and slight damage to mills.

The Freshet in the Mohawk—Bridges, Houses, and Other Property Swept Away—Damages by the Flood in the Genesee and Schoharie Valleys.

ALBANY, April 21, 1870.

At Schenectady the flood has subsided some fifteen feet. The Mohawk bridge was but slightly injured. The soil on the dike is washed off to the depth of about six inches. The water was two feet deep on the floor of Mr. Degraff's hotel, at the north end of the bridge, and a channel to the depth of two or three feet and several feet wide is washed out of the dike, between the hotel and bridge. The ground was washed away several feet deep within a few feet of Colonel Tall's residence near the bridge. The injury to the canal is considerable. The water rushed into the head of the seven mile level and filled the canal. It ran back into the river at this end of the level. Superintendent Van Vranken was on the ground and assisted matters as much as possible. At the aqueduct the feeder was carried away and the water came rushing down the canal, doing much damage.

THE GENESEE VALLEY.

Advices from Rochester state that the season is very unfavorable to the opening of the canals at an early date. The low spots on the canals, where there is no way for drainage, are filled with water, which will scarcely disappear in a month under favorable weather. The water is high in most of the streams and very seriously interferes with the work of repair, and little or nothing can be done in April. The impression appears to be that the canal will open somewhere about the 10th or 15th of May.

THE SCHOHARIE VALLEY.

The freshet in the Schoharie Valley is very severe, doing much damage. Barns, outhouses, fences, &c., have been swept away; a number of cattle have been drowned, and the people have been forced out of their houses to high ground.

The Freshet in New Hampshire—The Merrimac River Falling—Railroads Repairing—Snow.

CONCORD, April 21, 1870.

The river fell about fourteen inches during the night. A large force of men are employed repairing the railroad, and it is believed that travel will be resumed to-day. Three Northern mails are here awaiting transportation.

There is a slight covering of snow on the ground, which fell last night.

Arrangements for Railroad Travel Until Damages are Repaired.

CONCORD, April 21, 1870.

The up trains have been telegraphed to come over the road. The regular quarter past three o'clock train for Boston via Lawrence will leave at half-past three o'clock this afternoon. The passengers for Lowell will be sent to Lawrence and Lowell by the Lowell and Lawrence road. It is expected the trains will run regularly after to-day.

The Freshet in Maine—Height of the Saco River—Property Swept Away by the Flood.

PORTLAND, April 21, 1870.

The Saco river was higher yesterday than at any time since 1827, having risen three feet. On Tuesday all the booms and one mill were swept away at Bar Mills. The covered bridge at Moderation, all the booms, one sawmill and the woollen mill belonging to the estate of the late Oliver Tracy, and some small buildings, were also swept away.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Attempt of Convicts in the Penitentiary to Escape—The Guards Outwitted—The Convicts Overpowered—Boiler Explosion.

WHEELING, April 21, 1870.

Forty or fifty of the convicts confined in the Penitentiary at Moundsville entered into a conspiracy to escape, and on Tuesday evening last overpowered two of the guard, taking the key of the cell, and, after stripping the guards, attired two of their number in their clothes, who were put on guard to disarm suspicion. In this manner the relief were deceived and captured, and the plot seemed to be working to their entire satisfaction. When, at half-past six o'clock P. M., the guard who should have reported at the gate failed to appear suspicion was aroused. The guard and citizens, alarmed, collected at the gate and were marched to the hall where the insurgents were, and, on refusing to cease their resistance, they were fired upon and a convict named Moore was seriously wounded. The remainder then surrendered.

A young lady of this city named McCollock attempted to commit suicide yesterday by jumping into the river, but was rescued in a senseless condition.

A boiler in a steam mill at Milford, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, exploded a few days ago, blowing the mill to atoms and seriously wounding three men.

NEW MEXICO.

Mexican Thieves Lynched at Los Vegas—Rich Gold Discoveries—Shooting Affray at Pueblo.

DENVER, Col., April 21, 1870.

At Los Vegas, New Mexico, on the 19th inst., two Mexicans were arrested for stealing groceries and brought to the town. The same day irons were put on them and they were lodged in jail. Yesterday morning they were found hanging to a beam in the jail yard, having been taken from the jail during the night by a party of unknown men wearing masks.

Considerable excitement was created this morning at Los Vegas, gold having been discovered within 200 yards of the town, in surface diggings. The prospect, as far as heard, is from good color up to ten cents to the pan. There is no certainty yet whether the diggings will pay to work. The gold fever runs high at present. The weather is clear and warm.

At Pueblo Carl Walstein, President of the German Colonization Society of Colorado county, was assaulted this morning in the Post Office by Samuel McIlride, the proprietor of the Colorado *Chieftain*, published in this place, and shot through the left arm above the elbow. He is now in a critical condition. It is the opinion of the public that the shooting was premeditated and without any provocation.

PROBABLE HOMICIDE IN THE SIXTH WARD.

On the evening of Tuesday a week ago William Welsh and James Collins, of No. 10 Mulberry street, had a quarrel in front of their residence. When the altercation was over Collins gathered a quantity of stones and threw them at Welsh's windows, breaking several panes of glass. Welsh at once came out of his apartments, armed with a club, and struck Collins several times therewith, inflicting severe scalp wounds. Welsh was at the time arrested by an officer of the Sixth precinct and taken to court, where he was discharged by the officiating justice. At ten o'clock last night information was received at the Franklin street station house that Collins was in a dying condition. A Central Office surgeon was sent for, who, upon examination, pronounced Collins to be dangerously ill of inflammation of the brain, superinduced by the injuries received from the club used by Welsh. Captain Kennedy at once set out in search of the man who inflicted the wounds, and was successful in arresting the man Welsh, who was locked up to await the result of Collins' injuries.

NEW YORK CITY.

Local and Police Paragraphs and Miscellaneous Items of Metropolitan News.

The following record will show the changes in the temperature of the weather for the past twenty-four hours in comparison with the corresponding day of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's pharmacy, HERALD Building, Broadway, corner of Ann street:—

	1869.	1870.		1869.	1870.
3 A. M.	63	51	3 P. M.	68	63
6 A. M.	64	56	6 P. M.	65	60
9 A. M.	62	59	9 P. M.	60	57
12 M.	64	64	12 P. M.	60	55

Average temperature yesterday 58½
Average temperature for corresponding date last year 63

John A. Kennedy has been appointed a Deputy United States Marshal, by Marshal Sharpe, to fill a vacancy.

The newly appointed Board of Commissioners of Charities and Corrections, consisting of the same persons who constituted the old board, met yesterday and formally organized. No business of importance was transacted.

Superintendent Jourdan yesterday instructed his captains to enforce an old order of his predecessor, to prevent the collection of crowds about theatres. Captains are also ordered to report daily at the Superintendent's office for orders.

Mr. Charles E. Loew, County Clerk, was made the recipient yesterday afternoon of a series of resolutions, beautifully engrossed and framed, adopted by the Eleventh Ward Democratic Republican Committee, for his services in promoting the interests of the various democratic candidates for elective offices in said ward.

The strike of the ship carpenters is practically at an end. Most of the firms have agreed to pay the wages demanded, and nearly all the yards will soon again be in full operation. The organization of the strikers is the most perfect made in this city for many years, and altogether too formidable for the "bosses" to fight against—at least for the present.

Dr. Moreau Morris, the new Sanitary Inspector, will immediately qualify and enter upon the duties of his office. It is expected that there will be numerous changes in the clerical force of the department, but among those likely to be retained are Mr. Norton, of the Sanitary Superintendent's office, and Mr. Goodman, assistant to Mr. Clark, secretary. Both gentlemen are efficient and energetic officials.

A number of persons designing to emigrate to Colorado Territory met last evening at No. 214 Bowery and organized into an association in order to reduce the individual rate of fare to Denver City. Mr. Popples, agent of the Erie Railroad Company, who was present, stated that the company would transport the members of the association at the rate of fifty three dollars a piece, being more than forty dollars less than the usual rate. Several persons, among whom was Mr. Gregory, one of the earliest pioneers to the Pacific slope, spoke of the fertility of the soil and its richness in minerals, &c.

From the annual report of the New York Juvenile Asylum we learn that there were received during the year 1869, 689 boys and 127 girls, making the total number of boys in the institution during the year 1,177 and 244 girls—an aggregate of 1,421. Of these 879 were returned to parents and friends, 170 indentured and placed in homes, twelve transferred to other institutions, three escaped and two died. The whole number in the institution on the 1st of January, 1870, was consequently 555. The total number received since the opening of the institution was 14,622. There is a balance to the credit of the building fund of $27,100 66. During the year there were paid out $81,595 08 and received from all sources $82,505 29.

THE STORY OF LITTLE NELLIE BURNS.

Recovery of the Lost Boston Child—The Work of Kidnappers—Attempt to Extort Two Hundred Dollars from the Little Child's Father—Affecting Scenes.

Three weeks ago yesterday little Nellie Burns disappeared from her father's residence, No. 16 Shawmut street, Boston, and since last time a diligent and untiring search for her has been made. The efforts of the police to hunt the child up had been unsuccessful, and the restoration was brought about curiously enough. The father of the child offered a reward for her recovery, and in addition thereto the City Council offered a reward of $500. Mr. Burns says he thinks the child wandered away from the house with a playmate, and was picked up and kidnapped by the woman Lizzie Chase, who is in custody of the police. Quite a large number of strangers had visited Mr. Burns and tendered him information as a clue to the whereabouts of the child, but all had heretofore proved worthless.

A few days ago Mr. Burns received the following note through the post office, the envelope being marked April 18:—

BOSTON, April, '70.

SIR—Your daughter has been in good hands ever since she left your house. She will be returned to you on the following conditions:—Two hundred dollars to be paid immediately and sent to the address below, and with it a written promise not to prosecute. The remainder of the reward to be paid at the time the child is delivered. Unless the promise is sent nothing can be done. No counterfeits or marked bills need be sent as they will not be received. I think you ought to allow me something for the time the child has boarded at my place. Address,

Q. A. SMITH, Boston Post Office.

It will be of no use to arrest persons sent for letters as they will know nothing about it.

To the above letter Mr. Burns, after due consideration, wrote the following reply:—

BOSTON, April 18, 1870.

Q. A. SMITH—Give me my child and I will comply with your wishes. H. BURNS.

This answer was posted and an officer was detailed to watch for the person who called for it. No one came, however, and the distracted father had almost given up the search as hopeless when, on Tuesday evening, a young man named Doherty called upon him at his house. He stated that in a house on Institute place there was a child answering to the description, and said that he learned of this originally from his brother, who was an occasional visitor at the house, and who remarked the fact that the child slept with her finger in her mouth. They put various little signs together and consulted the police notice of her, and as the girl was a stranger in the house the conclusion arrived at was that she was the one abstracted from Mr. Burns, although there still existed some uncertainty in regard to the child. The next morning Mr. Burns, accompanied by a policeman and young Doherty, went to Institute place. At the entrance to the court a number of children were perceived playing about, one of whom wore a cloak with plaid trimmings. The officer looked at this child rather closely, and while he was doing so Mr. Burns immediately recognized the little one and exclaimed,

"THAT'S MY CHILD, SIR."

He then took a large sized photograph from his pocket and asked the child who it was, whereupon she exclaimed,

"THAT'S PAPA, PAPA,"

and turning toward the original put her arms around his neck. This was sufficient proof, if any doubt existed, to establish her identity, and taking her in his arms the father entered a house and went up stairs to one of the apartments, accompanied by the officer, where they arrested Mrs. Chase and a man named Manning. On his way home with his child Mr. Burns was recognized by many of his friends, and the news of the recovery and restoration of Nellie

SPREAD LIKE WILDFIRE.

A crowd soon collected and followed the party through the streets, augmenting rapidly until they reached his home, where Nellie's reception by her mother was very affecting.

The woman Chase informed the writer that she belonged in Portland, Me., where her parents reside, and that she had been a resident of Boston between two and three years. She formerly lived on Lyndeboro' place, near Carver street. She says that she is a married woman, twenty-one years of age, and has a husband who is a seaman on board the United States screw steamer Quinnebaug, of the South Atlantic squadron. She says that she found the child between three and four o'clock on the afternoon of Thursday, March 31, on Tremont street, near the Common, and asked her where she lived. The child replied, "In the house;" and on further questioning the child said she wanted to go home. The woman then said she'd take her home, and she carried her to

THE HOUSE ON INSTITUTE PLACE.

This is one of two dirty edifices occupied by a dozen or fifteen families. The room in which the Chase woman has lived is miserably furnished with half broken furniture, and evidences of poverty are everywhere numerous. When the child was found she was poorly clad and very dirty, vermin being visible upon her person. One other child was found in the house, and the officers are engaged in making inquiries about it in order to ascertain whether or not it has been kidnapped.

THE KIDNAPPERS HELD FOR TRIAL.

Mrs. Chase and the man Thomas Manning were before the Municipal Court yesterday charged with kidnapping, and were held in $3,000 bail each for trial.

THE GRAND BOULEVARD.

Advancement of the Work—The Circles—The Pivotal Point of the Island—Description and Direction of the Highway.

Among all the important landed improvements that have been going forward under the charge of the Park Commissioners for the past few years none has been watched with so much interest and hope as the splendid Boulevard stretching away from the junction of Eighth avenue and Fifty ninth street. This grand highway is approaching its completion, and few even now, upon the threshold of its opening, can comprehend its vast utility to the residents upon this island. It will form a valuable highway, not only because it serves as a valve by which an overcrowed population can escape northward, but because of its ornamental beauty, the finely embellished and richly planted country through which it will pass, and because the excellent judgment that has fixed its termini, marked out its sinuous course and carefully considered its *desiderata*, will be connected with its development and

ELEGANT AND COMPACT FINISH.

Paris has running through its heart, from the Place de la Concorde to the Triumphal Arch, the grandest highway in the world—broad, of magnificent sweep, picturesque scenery, green parks, velvet lawns, nicely contrived episodes and surroundings that breathe a rural beauty and serenity in the midst of a noisy and populous city. The Champs Elysees is to Paris what the new Boulevard will be to New York. The Park has been a gay and deservedly elegant resort for driving, sailing and walking; but there has been no straight, broad ornamental stretch in the city for fast driving except Harlem lane, and certainly none that would be at once useful and ornamental, for the ugly avenues in either sense are no improvement on the old Boston post road.

But a short time and the Boulevard will be open to driving. It is

A BROAD THOROUGHFARE,

one hundred and fifty feet wide, with a footwalk in the middle twenty-two feet in width, flanked on either hand by two drives forty feet wide; and, again, to either side of these capacious roadways are walks respectively twenty-two feet in width. There will be planted four rows of trees, lining the walks and drives from one terminus to the other, throwing the Boulevard into a cool shade at almost any hour of the day, save about noon, when the heated season keeps so many indoors. Throughout its length gas pipes are being laid, water pipes put down and stone is being broken for the surface of the road.

Over a thousand men are now at work busily engaged in grading, filling, compacting, planting, curbing and finishing.

The Circle, at the junction of Fifty-ninth street, Broadway and Eighth avenue and the Merchants' Gate of the Park, is now

THE PIVOTAL POINT

of the island. It is a circular enclosure, 430 feet in diameter, with a mathematically perfect circumference, which is surrounded by double rows of promising trees, finely curved with accurately fitting blue stone standing on end, macadamized in the area, and as near perfection as American and foreign artisanship can make it. Concentric with it, and in its centre, is a smaller circle, eighty feet in diameter, treated in an ornate manner and designed for a magnificent group of statuary. In a short time the Circle will be finished in every detail, that is if the Eighth Avenue Railroad Company show the proper public spirit and dignify their tracks which now deface the entrance to

THE EDEN OF NEW YORK.

It will thus be seen that this Circle is important in the geography of the city; that it commands a grand entrance to the Park,

SALES AT AUCTION.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER,
Salesrooms Nos. 5 and 7 Chambers and 7 Reade street. Art Galleries Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway southwest corner of Twelfth street.

THE SALE OF THE SEASON

Messrs. LEEDS & MINER on TUESDAY, APRIL 19, at 10 o'clock A. M. and 7½ P. M. AND THE SUCCEEDING DAYS will offer for sale the Household Furniture, Rare Curiosities and entire
PRIVATE COLLECTION OF PAINTINGS OF J. P. BEAUMONT
At the Leeds Art Galleries, 817 and 819 Broadway
comprising the
MOST VALUABLE SALE OF WORKS OF ART
ever advertised in this city.
The collection of Paintings includes
ADMIRABLY FINE SPECIMENS
of our own American artists and the choicest European schools including a few highly noted
GEMS BY THE OLD MASTERS
Among the former may be mentioned paintings by GILBERT STUART, CHURCH, LANDSEER, JOHNSON, COLE, SULLY, LEUTZE, HUNTINGTON, MOUNT, etc., among the latter are works by GIRANDI, DOMENICHINO, LUCA, RAGEL, VELASQUEZ, TOLLI, TINTORETTO, ZUCHI, BELLI, VAN DER HELLEN, SNYDERS, LOSA, DA HOVOLL, GONZALES, COYPEL, and among the modern European artists are CARL HUPNER, ZIEM, VERBOECKHOVEN, MADOU, CHALIF, ROBBE, GUILLEMIN, TSCHAGGENY, DE BLANDT, FAUVELET, OTTO LEDMANN, CALISCH, HERRING, LEROY, HILL, ARMFIELD, PASSMORE, CENIZ, CARLBECKER, DE BLOCK, FLORENT, WILLEMS, HATTELL, VAN HOVE, WALRAVEN, VAN SCHLENDEL and others of a similar or greater celebrity in the
ART CIRCLES OF MODERN EUROPE.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, on SATURDAY, April 23, at 11 o'clock,
AT OUR SPACIOUS CARRIAGE REPOSITORY SALES ROOMS, NO. 91 BROADWAY (ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL BLOCK, BETWEEN BROOME AND SPRING STREETS
GREAT TRADE SALE OF ELEGANT CARRIAGES
FIRST CLASS MAKERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF THIS CITY, and comprising all the newest styles and varieties of vehicles now in use, of the very best workmanship and elaboration,
comprising
CLARENCES, LANDAUS, LANDAULETS, COUPES, COUPELETS, BAROUCHES, SLYPE COACHES, PARK PHAETONS, DOG CARTS, TILBURIES, CABRIOLETS, INVALID CARRIAGES, SUNDOWNS, COUPE ROCKAWAYS, LIGHT FOUR PASSENGER ROCKAWAYS, BASKET PHAETONS, BEACH AND TAGGERT WAGONS, LIGHT TOP AND NO TOP BUGGIES to include several ROAD WAGONS AND TROTTING WAGONS
Made by Messrs. Brewster, Hoey & Greene, Baldwin, Mix Co., Wood Bros., Adams, Harris, Armstrong, Mann & Kean & Lines and other well known makers, also a line of Basket Phaetons, just manufactured by a well known firm as a specialty.
All of which will be SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE and will be on exhibition as above on and from Monday, 18th inst.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
On Thursday, April 21, at 7½ o'clock P. M., at the galleries of
Messrs. W. J. Richard & Co.,
No. 692 Broadway,
The entire collection of the Paintings of the Dusseldorf, Flemish and French schools, consisting of the artists of reputation, and orders to be sold without reserve.
This well known collection comprises the works of—
Oswald Achenbach, C. Sohn, Tennecker, Fritz Lange, L. Lottatt, A. Lunde, Lemverber, P. Geselschap, Carl Hoff, Heinze, J. Hoff, Ambeck, Hermann Wurtzer, Norbert Goeing, Dee, J. W. Linder, Lorenz, R. Schulze, Francke, Wilhelm, Allei, Prof. Bewer, Jacobson, Lauenstein.
Also pictures by or in the manner of American artists—Kensett, Inslee, Lane, J. D. Kingsport, A. F. Bricher, W. Granthorpe, F. Peel and others, with a very fine line of engravings, richly framed and desirable.
Now on exhibition.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
OF FLORIDA, prior,
at 10½ o'clock at the private residence (new No. 74) old No. 64 West Forty-fifth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.
Elegant Household Furniture, Rosewood Grand Piano, Works of Rare Engraving, Frame French plate Pier Mirror Velvet, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Velvet Rugs, Lace Window Curtains and Gilt Cornices, elegant carved black walnut Parlor Suit in green and gold, Magnolia striped and figured brocatel, black walnut marble top Centre Table, the finest mahogany Suit in future of rosewood, French top Table, oak and walnut marble top Buffets, Extension Dining Tables, Pier and Console Mirrors, Oil Paintings and Engravings, China, Crockery, Cutlery and Glassware, Velvet and Brussels Carpets, two rosewood Bedsteads, Hair Mattresses, Spring Beds, French Pillows and Bolsters, fifty four white Linen Window Shades, Turkish Easy Chairs and Lounges, three carved oiled walnut Extension Tables, one Line Engravings, Bronze and Ormolu Clocks, carved walnut marble top Hall table, do. Hall Chairs, one French plate Hall Mirror, carved rosewood marble top Centre Tables, carved walnut marble top Buffet, Sideboard, Silver Plated Ware, French China Dining, Crockery, Cutlery, two Refrigerators, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER,
On MONDAY, April 25, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence, No. 27 West Twenty-second street,
Elegant Household Furniture, &c.
Full particulars hereafter.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
On TUESDAY, April 26, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence, No. 2 West Ninth street,
Handsome Household Furniture, &c.
Full particulars later.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
On Saturday, April 23, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesrooms, 98 Chambers st. 177 Reade street,
Elegant Household Furniture, &c.
consisting of a large and fine assortment of Velvet, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, rosewood black walnut and mahogany Parlor Suits in brocatel, damask and reps, rosewood marble top Centre Tables, black walnut do. Étagères, elegant carved black walnut Bedsteads, Dressing Bureaus, Wash Stands, Commodes, Ward robes, Bookcases, Mattresses, Pillows, Bolsters, Clocks, Bronze Clocks, Gilt Clocks, Glassware, Cottage Suits, China, Crockery, Glassware, Window Curtains and Cornices, &c.
Also at 9 o'clock,
several rich rosewood and mahogany case Pianos by well known makers of all times, sound and tuneable. To be sold positively without reserve.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, on Friday, April 22, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence, No. 2 West Sixth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ALL TO BE ORDERED BY MEARS AND NEW HOUSE, BLACK WALNUT, ROSEWOOD, BOUDOIR PIANO, BY CHICKERING, PARIS ROYAL VELVET AND BRUSSELS CARPETS, RICH LACE WINDOW CURTAINS, REPS DO. LAMBREQUINS, FRENCH WALNUT AND ROSEWOOD PARLOR SUITS, CARVED ROSEWOOD MIRROR, DOOR AND BACK ÉTAGÈRES, FRENCH PIER MIRRORS, RICH BRONZE AND ORMOLU ANTIQUE CLOCKS, FOURTEEN BEDROOM SUITS, OF carved oil walnut, viz.—Bedsteads, marble top Dressing Bureaus, Wardrobes, Washstands, Commodes, pure curled Hair Mattresses, Spring Beds, French Pillows and Bolsters, fifty four White Linen Window Shades, Turkish Easy Chairs and Lounges, three carved oiled walnut Extension Tables, one Line Engravings, Bronze and Ormolu Clocks, carved walnut marble top Hall table do. Hall Chairs, one French plate Hall Mirror, carved rosewood marble top Centre Tables, carved walnut marble top Buffet, Sideboard, Silver Plated Ware, French China Dining, Crockery, Cutlery, two Refrigerators, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

AUCTION NOTICE—R. T. HAZELL, AUCTIONEER.
THIS DAY (FRIDAY), April 22,
at 10½ o'clock at our sales room No. 6 Chambers street,
Heavy and Shelf Hardware,
in lots to suit dealers and country trade.
Also
Snow's Spades, Chains, Scales, Locks, &c.
Also
French Tinned Ware, a full assortment.
Also
Table and Pocket Cutlery, Silver Plated Ware, &c.
Catalogues on morning of sale.
R. T. HAZELL & CO.
Auctioneers, 105 Chambers street.

AUCTION NOTICE. AUCTION NOTICE.
JAMES MILNOR TAYLOR, Auctioneer
The Sale of the Season
$20,000 worth Magnificent Household Furniture, rosewood Parlor Suits, drawing Room Suits, Lace Hangings, Silverware, stationary and many rare and costly Works of Art.
Peremptorily sold at public Auction,
ON THIS DAY (FRIDAY), April 22,
at the elegant residence of West Fifteenth street between Fifth and Sixth avenues, commencing at 10½ o'clock.
Drawing Room Furniture, covered satin brocatel, richest description, Marguerite Boisne Rose Tables, Encoignures, Etageres, Lounges, Brocatel Window Curtains, mantel suits, Velvet Brussels Carpets, elegant gilt frame and Lackwain Tapestry Pier and Vase Mirrors, rich Parian Figures and Vases, rosewood and black walnut Bedsteads, Dressing Bureaus, Wash Stands, Commodes, Wardrobes, Bohemian Mattresses, Pillows, Bolsters, &c., Gilt and Bronze Clocks, Grecian Cut Glassware, Cottage Suits, China, Crockery, Glassware, Window Curtains and Cornices, &c.
Also at 9 o'clock,
several rich rosewood and mahogany case Pianos by well known makers of all times, sound and tuneable. To be sold positively without reserve.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER.
By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER,
On Friday, April 22, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence, No. 2 West Sixth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF HIGH AND MIDDLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ALL TO BE ORDERED BY MEARS AND NEW HOUSE, BLACK WALNUT, ROSEWOOD, BOUDOIR PIANO, BY CHICKERING, PARIS ROYAL VELVET AND BRUSSELS CARPETS, RICH LACE WINDOW CURTAINS, REPS DO. LAMBREQUINS, FRENCH WALNUT AND ROSEWOOD PARLOR SUITS, CARVED ROSEWOOD MIRROR, DOOR AND BACK ÉTAGÈRES, FRENCH PIER MIRRORS, RICH BRONZE AND ORMOLU ANTIQUE CLOCKS, FOURTEEN BEDROOM SUITS, OF carved oil walnut, viz.—Bedsteads, marble top Dressing Bureaus, Wardrobes, Washstands, Commodes, pure curled Hair Mattresses, Spring Beds, French Pillows and Bolsters, fifty four White Linen Window Shades, Turkish Easy Chairs and Lounges, three carved oiled walnut Extension Tables, one Line Engravings, Bronze and Ormolu Clocks, carved walnut marble top Hall table do. Hall Chairs, one French plate Hall Mirror, carved rosewood marble top Centre Tables, carved walnut marble top Buffet, Sideboard, Silver Plated Ware, French China Dining, Crockery, Cutlery, two Refrigerators, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

SALES AT AUCTION.

ARCH JOHNSTON, AUCTIONEER.
Office and salesroom 37 Nassau street, opposite the Post office.
Elegant Household Furniture,
removed from the country for sale
THIS DAY, at 10½ o'clock,
By JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
at their salesroom, 37 Nassau street,
a large assortment of Household Furniture, Carpets, Pianos, Bedding, &c., &c.

ARCH JOHNSTON, AUCTIONEER.
Office and sales room 37 Nassau street, opposite the Post office.
Handsome Household Furniture,
at the private residence
Eighty-six Street, third house east of Avenue A.
By JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
on SATURDAY, April 23, at 10½ o'clock,
all the elegant Furniture, consisting in part of Turkish Parlor Suits in crimson reps, walnut Dining Tables and Chairs, walnut, oak and mahogany Bedroom Suits, Ash Tables, Glass, Hallstands, curled Hair Mattresses, Feather Beds and Pillows, Brussels Carpets and Oil Cloths, Glassware, Kitchen Utensils with which the sale will commence.

ARCH JOHNSTON, AUCTIONEER.
Office and salesroom 37 Nassau street, opposite Post office.
By JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
at their Auction Mart, 112 East Fourteenth street,
ON FRIDAY, APRIL 22, AT 12 O'CLOCK,
Thirteen Horses, for road, family and work use.
Twenty second hand Rockaways, Top and no top Wagons, Concord, by Wood Bros.
Two Wagon, by Severs. For full description see under head of Horses and Carriages in cities.

ARCH JOHNSTON, AUCTIONEER.
Office and salesroom 37 Nassau street, opposite the Post office.
Genteel Household Furniture,
at the private residence in Eighty third street, third house east of avenue A.
By JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
On SATURDAY, 23d, at 10½ o'clock.
Particulars in time.

AT EXCHANGE SALESROOM, 111 BROADWAY, TENTH BUILDING, BY STANTON DAY, AND ONCE ON MONDAY, April 25, at 12 M., No. 3 West Twenty-first street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, three story high stoop brown stone 17 ft. lots, subject to a lease, rent $87, at $1,700 per annum. Permits and terms at offices A and B, 111 Broadway.

A.—ART SALE.—GALLERY OF ART, 823 BROADWAY.—Now on exhibition, Wm. M. Brown's entire valuable collection of American Artists and Fowler's, being the result of his labors of the last eight months. The gallery is an establishment unknown before and has attracted great attention from the public. They are drawn with great skill and most portrayed and beauty in record and cannot be excelled. A variation of all who see them. In addition there are some more fine paintings from our favorite city artists, several admirable scenes from Alice Tate, Miss Julia Beers, Whitredge, E. Lange, R. M. Brandt, Lope, Wilkinson, Castner, Lance, Gifford, Brevoort, W. Hart, Evans, Bellows, Whittaker, Bingham, Bricher and others. The sales will be peremptorily sold on the evenings of Tuesday and Saturday, the 26th and 30th inst., commencing at 7½ o'clock. GEO. G. BARKER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE—SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1870, AT 10 A. M., at the Building on Lot 1, the Sash Blind and Door Factory. The Steam Power, 50-Horse Engine, with all necessary machinery for turning, scroll sawing, sticking moulding, mitering, sash, blinds and doors, also good Hub and Machine Building, 70x4 ft. two stories. Barn, 50 ft. by 100 ft. in length. Lot 100x100 ft., situated in the central part of the village. Terms easy.
W. W. WOOD & CO.

A LARGE AND EXTENSIVE SALE OF THE FINEST Collection of French Paints ever before offered at auction, by JOHN L. VAN DERWATER, to be held at No. 55 Liberty street, on the ensuing Thursday, April 21, at 7 P. M. consisting of perpetual and monthly standard roses, Rose Bushes, Pear, Cherry, Peach, Apple, Plum and Apricot Trees, Evergreen Trees, Cedars, Magnolias, Azaleas, Rhododendrons, Strawberry and Greenhouse Trees, Plants, Vines, Bulbs, Tuberoses or Table Grapes, Vines, Raspberries, Currant and Gooseberry Bushes, Garden Seeds, Roots, Bulbs, &c. Any plants, &c., to be delivered in Lilliput, Accompany by a certificate of health and free of rent, as ordered from Lyon, Dyer, Kennedy & Co. Every lot warranted true to name and color. Genuine specimens of fruits and illustrations passed and sold without any reserve.

AUCTION SALE OF MAGNIFICENT and first class Household Furniture. The largest sale at this season. B. NICHOLS, Auctioneer, will sell on THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence, 112 Last Fourteenth street, Twelfth Ward, Brooklyn, Long Island, Under Sub-Division by Dexter, two French Plate Pier Glasses with corner ces and tables, ebony and gilt Cabinet, Centre and Card Tables, walnut and ebony Cabinet Set, Le Roux, walnut and Brooklyn antique family Clock, Vase and Wax Flowers, Hair Mattresses, Brussels Carpets, silver plated Stair Rods, large walnut Hall stand with French Plate Mirror, oak Sideboard, mahogany Extension Table, &c., &c.

BY JOHN B. DRAKER & CO., AUCTIONEERS.
The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company will sell
50,000 tons Scranton Coal
at public auction on Wednesday, April 27, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange, Place.
SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

BY M. DOUGHTY, AUCTIONEER.
Large sale of Handsome Household Furniture.
This day, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, 677 Massachusetts street, the furniture of several different families, removed for convenience of sale.—Fine rosewood and walnut Parlor Suits in brocatel and hair cloth, rosewood and ebonized Chamber Suits, marble top Centre, Pier and Fancy Tables, oak and walnut marble top Buffets, Extension Dining Tables, Pier and Oval Mirrors, Oil Paintings and Engravings, China, Crockery, Cutlery and Glassware, Velvet and Brussels Carpets, two rosewood Bedsteads, Hair Mattresses, Spring Beds, French Pillows and Bolsters, fifty four White Linen Window Shades, Turkish Easy Chairs and Lounges, three carved oiled walnut Extension Tables, one Line Engravings, Bronze and Ormolu Clocks, carved walnut marble top Hall table do. Hall Chairs, one French plate Hall Mirror, carved rosewood marble top Centre Tables, carved walnut marble top Buffet, Sideboard, Silver Plated Ware, French China Dining, Crockery, Cutlery, two Refrigerators, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

BY E. NICHOLS, AUCTIONEER.
Magnificent Household Furniture, Piano, Mirrors, &c.
THIS (FRIDAY) afternoon, at 2 o'clock,
at the large four story residence, No. 214 East Twenty-first street, near Fifth avenue, elegant satin brocatel and reps Parlor Suits, rosewood Piano, orte Tables, Hall Furniture, Oil Paintings, Pier and Console Mirrors, Bronze Figures, Vases, Clocks, Wash Stands, Bureaus, Tables, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Mattresses, Bedding, Extension Tables, Sideboard, Dinner Table and Dining Sets, Crockery, Glassware, and sundries, &c. Sale positive.

BY E. COLTON, AUCTIONEER, WILL SELL THIS day (Friday), April 22, at 10½ o'clock, the elegant Furniture of No. 64 East Fourteenth street, Rosewood Parlor Suits, damask and brocatel, elegant French plate Pier Mirrors, Lace Curtains, Velvet Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, black walnut, rosewood and mahogany Chamber Suits, Hair Mattresses, Bedding, Extension Tables, Sideboard, Dinner Table and Dining Sets, Crockery, Glassware, and sundries. Sale positive.

BY E. COLTON, AUCTIONEER, OFFICE 594 Broadway, Twenty-second street.
Handsome Household Furniture, Mirror, Carpets, fine oil Works, &c.
HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer, will sell at auction on Friday, April 22, at 10½ o'clock, at private residence, 16 West Twenty-second street, the entire household furniture, comprising Velvet, Brussels, Tapestry and Ingrain Carpets, rosewood and black walnut Chamber Suits, Hair Mattresses, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Wash Stands, Tables, Chairs, Hair Mattresses, Feather Beds, Pillows, Bolsters, Blankets, Quilts, Dining Table, Sideboard, Dinner Table and Dining Sets, Crockery, Glassware, Plated Ware, Cutlery, Stair Carpets, Oil Cloths, Hall Stand, &c., &c.
Also
50 bottles very superior old Madeira Wine of vintage of 1798—8 bottles Sherry, from a gentleman's family of 40 years.

BY J. HILGEMAN & CO.—SATURDAY, APRIL 23, AT 9 o'clock A. M., precisely, at 398 Lexington avenue, near Bond, Brooklyn—Ebony and gilt Parlor Suit, damask, Brussels Carpets, French Plate Pier Glasses, with corner ces and tables, ebony and gilt Cabinet, Centre and Card Tables, walnut and ebony Cabinet Set, Le Roux, walnut and Brooklyn antique, family Clock, Vase and Wax Flowers, Hair Mattresses, Russian Carpets, silver plated Stair Rods, large walnut Hall stand with French Plate Mirror, oak Sideboard, mahogany Extension Table, &c., &c.

BY JOHN B. DRAKER & CO., AUCTIONEERS.
The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company will sell
50,000 tons Scranton Coal
at public auction on Wednesday, April 27, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange, Place.
SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

BY M. DOUGHTY, AUCTIONEER.
Large sale of Fall and Spring Household Furniture.
This day, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, 677 Massachusetts street, the furniture of several different families, removed for convenience of sale.—Fine rosewood and walnut and ebony Parlor Suits in brocatel and hair cloth, rosewood and walnut and ebonized Chamber Suits, marble top Centre, Pier and Fancy Tables, oak and walnut marble top Buffets, Extension Dining Tables, Pier and Oval Mirrors, Oil Paintings and Engravings, China, Crockery, Cutlery and Glassware, Velvet and Brussels Carpets, two rosewood Bedsteads, Hair Mattresses, Spring Beds, French Pillows and Bolsters, fifty four White Linen Window Shades, Turkish Easy Chairs and Lounges, three carved oiled walnut Extension Tables, one Line Engravings, Bronze and Ormolu Clocks, carved walnut marble top Hall table do. Hall Chairs, one French plate Hall Mirror, carved rosewood marble top Centre Tables, carved walnut marble top Buffet, Sideboard, Silver Plated Ware, French China Dining, Crockery, Cutlery, two Refrigerators, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

SALES AT AUCTION.

J. S. WEINBERGER, AUCTIONEER,
by S. HERMAN & CO.
Will sell this day (Friday), April 22, at 10½ o'clock, the entire stock of Furniture contained in the Furniture Store No. 1 First avenue, consisting of Sofas, Tetes, Lounges, Tables, Chairs, Bureaus, Mirrors, Clocks, Stoves, Rugs, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Oilcloth and a variety of other useful household goods too numerous to mention. Sale positive.
BUFFERRIFED
On the following day, April 23, a recent Household Furniture, at Depository, 213 East Fifty second street.

JACOB BOGART, AUCTIONEER.
Office and Salesroom, 37 Nassau street.
This day, at 10½ o'clock,
at the Auction Room, No. 1 North William street, third house east of Avenue A,
By JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
on SATURDAY, April 23, at 10½ o'clock,
all the elegant Furniture, consisting in part of Turkish Parlor Suits in crimson reps, walnut Dining Tables and Chairs, walnut, oak and mahogany Bedroom Suits, Ash Tables, Glass, Hallstands, curled Hair Mattresses, Feather Beds and Pillows, Brussels Carpets and Oil Cloths, Glassware, Kitchen Utensils with which the sale will commence.

ARCH JOHNSTON, AUCTIONEER.
Office and salesroom 37 Nassau street, opposite Post office.
By JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
at their Auction Mart, 112 East Fourteenth street,
ON FRIDAY, APRIL 22, AT 12 O'CLOCK,
Thirteen Horses, for road, family and work use.
Twenty second hand Rockaways, Top and no top Wagons.
Concord, by Wood Bros.
Two Wagon, by Severs. For full description see under head of Horses and Carriages in cities.

ARCH JOHNSTON, AUCTIONEER.
Office and salesroom 37 Nassau street, opposite the Post office.
Genteel Household Furniture,
at the private residence in Eighty third street, third house east of avenue A.
By JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL,
On SATURDAY, 23d, at 10½ o'clock.
Particulars in time.

AT EXCHANGE SALESROOM, 111 BROADWAY, TENTH Building, by STANTON DAY, and once on Monday, April 25, at 12 M., No. 3 West Twenty-first street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, three story high stoop brown stone 17 ft. lots, subject to a lease, rent $87, at $1,700 per annum. Permits and terms at offices A and B, 111 Broadway.

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JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO.—EXECUTOR'S SALE.—On Saturday, April 23, at 10 A. M., at 243 State, between Hoyt and Bond streets, Brooklyn, two Pier Mirrors and Console, Oil Paintings, Cabinet Parlor Suits, in brocatel, Chamber Furniture, Brussels Carpets, &c.
SAME DAY,
at 1 P. M., at 38 Jersey street, near Bleecker street, walnut Parlor Suit in reps, walnut and ebonized Chamber Suit, Brussels and Three ply Carpets, &c.

MORRIS WILKINS, AUCTIONEER.
ELEGANT JAPANESE AND CHINESE FURNITURE
ROSEWOOD AND EBONY FURNITURE
SUPERB SILVERS AND ORNAMENTS,
RICH CAPITAL CELESTIAL PIPES
F. B. LUDLOW & CO. will sell by auction on Friday, April 22, at 10 o'clock, at their residence of
MRS. CONGDON, NO. 28 WEST THIRTY-SECOND STREET, BETWEEN BROADWAY AND FIFTH AVENUE,
the entire contents of said house, viz.: Rosewood and ebony Parlor Suits covered in Chinese silk, Chinese jade and elegant ebony tables with marble tops, rich crimson and gold satin Cabinet, one rosewood and walnut Chamber and Dining Room Furniture, very elegant Japanese and Canton Work Tables and Lounges, rich Chinese Dinner and Tea Service (probably the finest in the country), together with numerous Articles de Vertu selected by the late Commodore of the Japan squadron.
The house will be open Thursday, last inst., by permit which will entitle any one to have at the office of the auctioneer, No. 4 Pine street.

MARSHAL'S SALE.
ROBERTS & MCGUIRE
will sell at public auction on
SATURDAY, April 23, at 10 o'clock A. M.,
at 179 Bowery, second floor, Marshal's Office,
a large lot of Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Oil Cloth and Furniture.
Particulars on Saturday's paper.

MARSHALS SALE.
HENRY DPHILIP & HOPSON, Auctioneers, sell this day, at 10 o'clock, in front of store in Bowery, by virtue of an execution to me directed, one Horse and Express Wagon, one set of Harness. By order of
CHRIS. FLECKE, City Marshal.
Also same day
at 3 o'clock, at No. 9 Baxter street, third floor, by virtue of an execution, Machinery, Tools, Goods, &c. By order of
CHRIS. FLECKE, City Marshal.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—THIS DAY, BY JOHN BORTLE, in East Broadway, of 600 lots Women's and Children's Clothing, Bedding and other Goods. By order HENRY McALENNAN, Leading Broker.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—R. FIELD, AUCTIONEER, 13 Chatham street will sell this day at 10 o'clock 400 lots of men's and women's clothing, Dresses, Shawls, Under clothing, Quilts and Blankets, Bedding, Boots, Shoes, &c. Also Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Pocket Knives, &c. By order of Broll, Rosen & Co., Leading Pawnbrokers.

RICHARD WALTERS, AUCTIONEER.—LIQUOR Store and Household Furniture.—Will sell on Friday at 10 o'clock at 214 Third avenue, corner Twenty-first street, the Stock, Fixtures of a first class liquor store, household furniture, same building, a genteel assortment of Household Furniture, &c.

SHEPHERD SALE.—RODAS & BRASSIL, AUCTIONEERS, will sell at auction under the sheriff, the Stock and Fixtures of a grocery Store, No. 108 Second avenue, by order of Sheriff JOHN J. SEBASTIAN.
JAMES O'BRIEN, Sheriff.

WILLIAM ABBITT, AUCTIONEER.
Office No. 6 Bleecker street.
On Friday, April 22, at 10 o'clock, the entire household furniture, consisting in part of Parlor Suits in reps, walnut and ebonized Chamber Suits, Hair Mattresses, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Wash Stands, Tables, Chairs, Hair Mattresses, Feather Beds, Pillows, Bolsters, Blankets, Quilts, Dining Table, Sideboard, Dinner Table and Dining Sets, Crockery, Glassware, Plated Ware, &c.

WILLIAM ABBOTT, AUCTIONEER.
Office 6 Bleecker street.
Executor's sale.
On Monday, 25th inst., at 10 o'clock, the Stock, Fixtures, &c., of the Hat and Cap Store, 179 Bowery, between Grand and Hester streets.

WILLIAM WITTE'S AUCTION SALES THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, at 1 Bleecker street, Furniture, Carpets, &c., assortment of Furniture, from families and auctions, 5 o'clock, 1 Bleecker street, Pier mantel and oval mirrors, Lace and other Curtains, Pianos, Étageres, Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Mattresses, Bedding, Crockery, Glassware, Cutlery, Stair Carpets, Oil Cloths, Hall Stand, &c., &c.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A LADY WHO HAS PRACTICED CLASSICAL TUNING, and has a thorough knowledge of music, and experience in teaching, desires a new pupil, or a position as lady assistant. Address MUSICIAN, Herald office.

AN ORGANIST—THE UNDERSIGNED MAY BE FOUND at Organist and Director of Choir, Church, Choirs or Congregations, in one or all branches. Address Dr. CLARK W. BEAMES, 71 Washington place.

A SOPRANO WITH A GOOD VOICE WOULD LIKE an engagement in a Protestant church. Address SOPRANO, Herald office.

A GERMAN LADY TO GIVE INSTRUCTION IN GERMAN and Music, in exchange for a home in a family. Address SCHAUS, care of Mr. Mandeville, Broadway.

AN OPPORTUNITY OF MANY YEARS' STANDING.—A large and valuable collection of stamps, including rare specimens, to be sold to the highest bidder. Address X Y Z, Herald office.

MENDELSSOHN'S MELODIES, NOCTURNES OF Polish Mazurkas, Two Pianos, Rubinstein's Bourbon, Stavant, Vieuxtemps, Leonard's Fantasia, Beethoven's Mass in C, Handel's Concerto, Doussek's Sonata, Company's Vocal Scores, Solfeggios and Books, Sent complete catalogue free. ROSEN & CO., 4 Bond street, Penoyer's, Broadway.

PIANOFORTE DESIGNING.—A PROFESSOR, LATE of Germany, of the Royal Academy of Music, is prepared to receive communications with plans, prices, &c. Address Professor, Herald office.

CLOTHING.

A UNION.—AT THE NEW CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT, No. 347 Seventh avenue, near Twenty-second street, only one door, and not by that name, as many others are, and no connection with any other house. Gentlemen's Clothing, Furniture, &c., 50 per cent more than cash, and no one else can have great success. Clothing call on or address Mr. M. ROSENBERG, No. 347 Seventh avenue.

AT THE SIXTH AVENUE, ONE DOOR FROM WAVERLEY place.—LADIES' FURS will pay the highest price for Ladies and Gentlemen's Cast Off Clothing, Carpets and Furniture, elsewhere. Dealers need not apply. Promptness may depend on my address, or call. Ladies attended by Mrs. Harris.

AT 3 ANSELL'S, 378 SEVENTH AVENUE.—LADIES' and gentlemen's cast off clothing, the value in cash for Wearing Apparel and Dry Goods, Jewelry, Carpets, &c. Ladies attended by Mrs. Smith.

AT 8 MISS, 127 THIRD AVENUE, LADIES AND gentlemen can receive the highest prices for cast off Clothing and Carpets by calling, or addressing. Ladies attended by Mrs. Miss.

AT THE ROSENTHAL'S, 347 THIRD AVENUE (FOR TERRY and Bowery).—Ladies and gentlemen can obtain the highest value for cast off Clothing, Carpets, &c., by calling or addressing. Ladies attended by Mrs. Rosenthal.

GENTLEMEN HAVING ANY CAST OFF CLOTHING to dispose of can get a fair price by calling on or addressing JAMES KIRKPATRICK, 260 Pearl street, near Chatham.

ASTROLOGY.

A.—$100 00 REWARD TO ANY PERSON WHO CAN equal the great independent medical and business clairvoyant, Madame CLIFTON. All diseases cured in their worst form. She can allay trouble, no matter how serious. If you are sick or in trouble call on her before going elsewhere. Office 176 Bowery street, fourth door from Sullivan.

A.—MADAME WALTERS, DISTINGUISHED CLAIRvoyant. Visit her for everything—sickness, business, theft, names, numbers, good luck. 409 Canal street.

MADAME ROSS, GREAT NATURAL CLAIRVOYANT, reveals your whole life from the cradle to the grave. 472 Canal street.

MRS. SEYMOUR, MEDICAL CLAIRVOYANT.—DISeases discovered and cured. Rooms and accommodations for patients. 23 Horatio street, near Jackson square.

MADAME ROSS, MEDICAL AND BUSINESS CLAIRvoyant, tells the past, present and future, shows likeness and tells name of your husband. 159 Forty first street, between Broadway and Seventh avenue.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Lessees and Managers, JARRETT & PALMER.
GRAND LAST HOLIDAY FESTIVAL
CONTINUED TRIUMPH OF
LYDIA THOMPSON'S BURLESQUE TROUPE
HOUSES CROWDED TO OVERFLOWING
TWO HOURS AND HALF OF FUN AND MERRIMENT
FRIDAY, April 22,
AND EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK
will be presented the gorgeous spectacular Burlesque of
PIPPIN
OR THE KING OF THE GOLD MINES.
PIPPIN
THE GREAT SUCCESS,
EVERY NIGHT
PIPPIN
PIPPIN
PIPPIN
CROWDED HOUSES
CROWDED HOUSES
CROWDED HOUSES
EVERY NIGHT
TO WITNESS THIS
GRAND SPECTACULAR
BURLESQUE
MATINEE
MATINEE
MATINEE
SATURDAY
NEXT
AT 2 O'CLOCK
NOTICE.—Notwithstanding the immense success this piece meets at the hands of the Burlesque of PIPPIN, the management are, nevertheless, compelled to announce that it must be withdrawn, in order to fulfill a previous contract with Alexander Dumas, père, to produce an entirely new and original Drama written expressly for Miss Lydia Thompson by the great French dramatist. The title and full particulars will shortly be announced.

MATINEE—PIPPIN TO MORROW AT 2.
MISS THOMPSON AS PIPPIN.

HARRY JACKSON A LA HIGHLANDER.
MATINEE TO MORROW.—NIBLO'S AT 2 O'CLOCK.

HARRY BECKETT A LA OPHELIA, THE MILLER'S WIFE.—MATINEE TO MORROW AT 2 O'CLOCK.

MISS THOMPSON, MISS WETHERSBY, MISS MARKHAM, LYNN EDWIN, HARRY BECKETT, W. GALE, HARRY JACKSON, JOHN DUNN, CHAPIN, &c., AT THE MATINEE PIPPIN.

BOOTH'S THEATRE,
Twenty third street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.
SEASON OF COMEDY.
ON MONDAY, APRIL 18,
AND EVERY EVENING DURING THE WEEK,
the eminent Comedian,
Mr. JOHN S. CLARKE
will appear in his celebrated characters of
MAJOR WELLINGTON DE BOOTS
In the Comedy in three Acts (adapted by Sidney Coyne from the play of Everybody's Friend) entitled
A WIDOW HUNT,
and
TOODLES.
In an entirely new version—never acted in New York—of the comic Drama of that name, both of which plays will be produced with special attention and care.
A MAJOR DE BOOTS AND TOODLES WILL BE ON SATURDAY NEXT AT HALF PAST ONE.
Seats secured six days in advance at the Box Office of the Theatre or at Dickson's Office, at the music stores of C. H. Ditson & Co., 711 Broadway.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE
Successor to Barnum's.
Broadway corner Th

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

A BROADWAY STORE, NO. 817, TO RENT—WEST side, near Twelfth street. For particulars inquire in store.

A.—FINE STORE, WITH BASEMENT, TO LET, 25X75; terms very low. 16 Fourth avenue.

A WORK SHOP TO LET—FOR LIGHT WORK, CORner of Morton and West streets; size of shop, 25x25.

A.—THE WHOLE OR PART OF EITHER FIRST OR second Loft of building 48 East Fourteenth street, at reduced rents; third door from Broadway. Apply on premises.

A.—TO LEASE, ON REASONABLE TERMS, THE five store and basement Building, 155 and 157 Crosby street, near Bleecker; also suitable for any business. J. C. BAILEY, 206 Fifth street, near Bowery.

A RARE CHANCE FOR A FASHIONABLE DRESSmaking or millinery business.—Second Floor to let, at 46 Union square, fourth house west of Broadway; can influence a great deal of trade; rent low. Apply within.

ATTENTION.—TO LEASE, FOR DRY GOODS, CARpets, pianos, or furniture, two of the six new elegant Buildings, just completed, on Union avenue, the Broadway of Brooklyn, between Bushwick and Gold streets. The location is the most desirable in the city and the Buildings first class; French plate glass throughout; store and basement 100 feet deep. Apply to C. C. FLEET, on premises.

A SIX STORY WAREHOUSE, NO. 505 WASHINGTON street, to let at a low rent. E. L. & B. T. BURNHAM, 609 Hudson street.

A.—STORE AND DWELLING TO LET—IN WEST Broadway; rent very low. Apply to F. SMITH, Frankfort House, corner of Frankfort and William streets.

A SPLENDID LOFT TO LET, WITH OR WITHOUT steam power, in new building, 35 and 37 Wooster street; size 50x100. Apply to J. & W. LYALL.

A DESIRABLE FULL SIZE STORE IN 91 MERCER street; also front Lot in same building; also a spacious Store on Broadway, near Astor place; rents reduced. EUGENE CHEVALLIER, 81 Cedar street.

A HALF of the Store No. 36 Dey Street, with private counting room; rent low. Apply on the premises.

A STORE TO LET—RENT LOW, IN A CENTRAL business location, finely fitted up and adapted for a fine sample or match room. 252 Pearl street.

A STORE, 948 BROADWAY, RUNNING TO FIFTH avenue, $3,200; also a Second Floor, No. 6 John street. Inquire above.

A STORE TO LET—CORNER THIRTY-THIRD street and Broadway, handsomely fitted up with hard wood floor, &c. Also Store 1,376 Broadway. Possession immediately. Apply to W. C. LESSTER, 1,279 Broadway, corner Thirty-fourth street.

A GREAT BARGAIN—TO LET, TWO LARGE LOFTS, in Broome street, near Broadway, suitable for any business. Rent only $1,200. Apply 261 Canal street, second floor, or 269 West Thirty-fourth street.

BROADWAY STORE TO LET—CHEAP RENT. POSsession immediately. Near Grand Hotel. Apply at 1,224 Broadway.

BEEKMAN STREET—TO RENT, THE ELEGANT AND substantial Store No. 25 Beekman street. 60 feet deep, centre and side light. Apply to JAMES PRICE, 209 Hudson street.

BROAD STREET OFFICES TO LET, near Stock Exchange. No. 2½, Basement and two Suites up stairs. HOLLY BROTHERS & KISSAM, 39 Pine street.

CORNER STORE TO LET—ON SOUTHWEST CORNER of Canal and Greenwich streets, store and cellar, with 6 rooms over; capital location; low rent. Apply to JAMES PRICE, 209 Hudson street.

CORNER LOFTS TO RENT—AT EXTREMELY MODERate figures; local on an second block from Broadway, below Fulton street; all in capital order, with immediate possession. Apply to JAMES PRICE, 209 Hudson street.

FINE STORE, WITH VERY SUPERIOR BASEMENT and Lofts, on Hudson street, near Beach, to rent; just put in complete order. Possession at once. Very moderate rent. Apply to JAMES PRICE, 209 Hudson street.

FIRST AND THIRD FLOORS OF NO. 445 BROOME street, first house west of Broadway, to let; suitable for any light business. Apply on the premises.

LOFTS TO LET—WITH OR WITHOUT STEAM POWER, at 298 Madison street. Inquire of J. W. MASON & CO., 251 Madison street.

LOFTS, WITH STEAM POWER—TO LET, AT NO. 114 Fulton street, new building. Apply to TAYLOR & STEARNS, No. 1½ Pine street.

LOFTS TO LET—FOUR FINE LOFTS IN BUILDING 152 Fulton street, corner New Church; fine north light, office and water closet in first loft; will lease for four years to desirable parties. Apply on the premises, or at LLOYD'S, No. 7 Warren street.

LOFTS, LOFTS, LOFTS, LOFTS, TO LET—ON BROADway, near Reade street; one, two or more cheap to good tenants. JOHN C. GRAFF, 229 Broadway, room 18.

LAWYERS' OFFICES.—TWO GOOD SETS TO LET, AT 75 Nassau street. Inquire at room 15.

LADIES' BOARDING HOUSE TO LET—13 ROOMS, above Bleecker street, 75 feet from Broadway; location good. Address immediately Mr. PHILLIPS, care George Lang, 478 Broadway.

OFFICES TO LET.—SOME VERY DESIRABLE OFFIces in the building 161 Nassau street. Inquire of L. S. LAWRENCE & CO., Bankers, on the premises.

ROOMS WITH STEAM POWER TO LET—AT THE Eagleton Buildings, on Twenty-second street, between First and Second avenues, ranging in size from 25x75 to 25x96 feet, with any amount of power, at low rates to suit the times. Inquire on the premises.

STEAM POWER TO LET—WITH ROOMS, LARGE AND small, well lighted and ventilated, with every convenience for manufacturing purposes. Apply to PEEK & BOGART, 152 Bank street, corner of West.

STEAM POWER TO LET—WITH WELL LIGHTED Rooms, and Basement, 25x50 feet; steady power. Apply to NORRIS & MILLS, No. 229 East Forty-first street.

STEAM POWER.—ROOMS TO LET, WITH OR WITHout Power, large or small; also one large Room, lighted on three sides. Apply to S. PITOU, 404 First avenue, corner of Twenty-fourth street.

STEAM POWER TO LET.—TWO FLOORS, EACH 50X60, together or separately; light from three sides; corner of Bleecker and Bank streets. Inquire at the office 586 Hudson street.

STEAM POWER AND SUPERIOR SHOP ROOMS TO let—Remarkably well lighted; 100 feet deep; others smaller. Inquire at 2.2 East Twenty-eighth street, near Third avenue.

STEAM POWER.—LIGHT LOFTS AND ROOMS, SITUated in Park row, Beekman, Nassau, Ann, William, Frankfort, Vesey, Fulton, Dey and Church streets, suitable for printers or light manufacturers, to let, with steady power, at moderate terms. Apply to the NEW YORK STEAM POWER COMPANY, 34 Ann street.

STEAM POWER, $100 PER YEAR.—HORSE POWER. Rooms of every description to let, with steam power. Apply to H. W. GREENE, 141 Plymouth street, Brooklyn.

STEAM POWER.—ROOMS, LARGE AND SMALL, AND Basement, adapted to mechanical and manufacturing purposes. Possession. Apply to J. & G. H. WALKER, 152 Centre street, corner Hester.

STEAM POWER.—LIGHT ROOMS, WITH POWER, TO let, Broadway, corner Thirty-seventh street. Inquire of GEORGE BEARDSLEY.

STEAM POWER, WITH SPLENDIDLY LIGHTED Floors, 25x100, 25x80 and 25x20, to let; best power and finest rooms in the city. Apply to the engineer, Nos. 9, 11 and 13 Baxter street.

STORE TO LET—275 EIGHTH AVENUE, OPERA House block; size 25x75; rent low; Fixtures for sale. Apply in store.

STORE 917 BROADWAY, CORNER OF TWENTY-FIRST street to let. Apply to A. K. MATHES, Madison Square House.

STORE, ON BEST PART OF THIRD AVENUE, NEAR Cooper Institute, to rent at moderate figure; has been occupied as a stationery and book store for many years. Apply to JAMES PRICE, 209 Hudson street.

STORE AND LOFTS, NO. 45 CORTLANDT STREET, TO let—Either separately or together, at a low rent. Apply to JOHN F. DOYLE, 37 Wall street.

STORE 421 EIGHTH AVENUE TO LET—WITH COUNters, Shelving, Gas Fixtures, &c., lately occupied by Hoffman Brothers; two windows, plate glass; immediate possession. Apply on the premises.

STORES TO LET—ON THIRD AVENUE, BETWEEN Eighty-ninth and Ninetieth streets, and Second avenue, between 116th and 117th streets; rent $20 and $25. Apply to J. B. JOHNSON, Thirty-sixth street, corner First avenue.

STORE TO LET.—FOR SALE OR TO LET, SHOR Store and Fixtures, with or without Stock, in the best part of Bleecker street; also suitable for any other business. Inquire at W. NEWMAN'S, 205 Bleecker street, or at 82 Warren street.

SHOP TO LET—HAS BEEN USED FOR MANY YEARS as a blacksmith shop; dwelling above contains 10 rooms; rent for all $1,200. Inquire of JOHN MATTHEWS, First avenue, between Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh streets.

TO LET—FROM MAY 1, THE FINE STORE, CORNER of Broadway and Broome street, now occupied by E. V. Haughwout & Co., 65 feet front by 100 feet deep; five stories high, besides basement and sub-basement. Apply on premises, or to A. L. ELY, 22 Pine street.

TO LET—PARTLY FURNISHED, A PHYSICIAN'S Office on first floor; has been occupied as such for several years. 147 East Twenty-first street, between Lexington and Third avenues.

TO LET—A STORE OR WHOLE HOUSE ON CATHArine street. Inquire of HUGO GORSCH, 135 Bowery, or of CH. A. BUDDENRICK, 88½ Essex street, after 7 o'clock P. M.

TO LET—NO. 12 ANN STREET, NEXT TO HERALD office; has been occupied as a boot and shoe store the last twenty years. Inquire of Dr. GLOVER, No. 11 Ann street.

TO LET—TO A WATCH IMPORTER OR SILVERsmith—An Office, 192 Broadway, corner John street, first floor. Apply to THOMAS G. BROWN, 192 Broadway.

TO LET—TO A DENTIST OR DRESSMAKER, THE Second Floor in the house 59 Clinton place, three doors from Fifth avenue. Apply on premises.

TO LET—TO A PHYSICIAN, AN OFFICE, WITH large closets and water, in an English basement house; will give lease if desired. Apply at 151 Lexington avenue.

TO LET—BROADWAY STORE, NO. 661, SIZE 25X100, or 25x200 to suit; also one or more Lofts, same size; rent low; lease one to five years. Apply to WM. L. BURKE, 128 Fulton street.

TO LET—A LIQUOR STORE, DWELLING, BILLIARD Saloon, Concert Hall and Real Estate Office, corner 114th street and Third avenue, all for $2,500 per annum. Apply at 806 Broadway or to JOHN H. PORTER, corner of 125th street and Third avenue.

TO LET—AT 63 JAMES STREET, A STORE AND three Rooms, with fixtures complete for a family grocery. Inquire of Mr. KILKENNY, in the rear, or A. McCOY, 280 Bowery.

TO LET—THE BUILDING ON THEATRE ALLEY, rear of 31 Park row, suitable for a printer or bookbinder. Apply at the office No. 246 Greenwich street, up stairs.

TO LET—THREE LOFTS IN STORE 198 FRONT STREET, near Fulton. Apply to RICHARD MORRIS.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

TO LET—AN OLD ESTABLISHED AND WELL known Coal Yard, situated in a very desirable locality. For particulars inquire corner York and Hudson streets, Jersey City.

TO LET—834 BROADWAY.—ENTIRE BUILDING OR Store and Basement, 17x93; rent $5,000 or $3,500; opposite Arnold, Constable & Co's. D. D. ORRELL, 291 Broadway.

TO LET—THE SECOND AND THIRD FLOORS OF A three story brick building on Fifty-second street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, 20x85 feet; is well adapted for a cabinet shop or a sash and blind factory. Apply to THOS. HAVEN, 880 Eighth avenue, between Fifty-second and Fifty-third streets.

TO LET—THE HOUSE 30 EAST HOUSTON STREET, near Broadway, known as the Prescott House, 23 rooms, at the reasonable price of $2,000. Apply to F. COLTON, Auctioneer, 59 East Thirteenth street, near Broadway.

TO LET—STORES AND ROOMS, LEASE, FIXTURES, &c.; good for express office, fruits, confectionery, &c.; best block on Fourth avenue, above depots. Apply in fancy store, old No. 578 Fourth avenue, new 394.

TO LET—FRONT PART OF SECOND LOFT, NEATLY matted, &c. Inquire of W. R. DENHAM, 289 Broadway.

TO LET—A FURNISHED FRONT BASEMENT, FOR A doctor's or dentist's office. 249 East Tenth street.

TO LET—ELEGANT STORES, 542 AND 544 BROADWAY, 40x100 feet; price to suit the times; also to one Offices. Inquire of J. L. MEEK, on the premises.

TO LET OR LEASE—SUITABLE FOR A COAL OR Iron yard, three Lots on Washington street, 70 feet north of Canal street. Apply to JAMES PRICE, 209 Hudson street.

TO LEASE—ON FAVORABLE TERMS, THE PREMISES No. 27 Mercer street, well adapted for business purposes. Apply to JOHN J. HOYER, 424 Broome street.

TO LEASE—EIGHT LOTS, ON THE SOUTHEAST corner of First avenue and Sixteenth street, for a term of years. Apply to J. J. YOUNG, 98 Duane street.

TO LEASE—LOTS ON JANE STREET. APPLY TO S. S. WARD, 42 Pearl street.

TO LEASE—THE SIX STORY BUILDING 114 RIVington street, corner of Essex; size 22x80. Also the four story Building 421 East Twelfth street; size 25x100; on reasonable terms. J. C. BAILEY, 206 Fifth street, near Bowery.

TO LEASE FOR MANUFACTURING PURPOSES, A fine Building, 60x35, two story and basement; water plenty; yard 100x130; corner lot, 200 yards from Rhinebeck depot, Hudson River Railroad; day and night steamers to New York. Address THOMAS KIELEY, Rhinebeck, N. Y.

TO RENT—ONE HALF BROADWAY STORE, CENTRAL location, good Right, long lease; reasonable price; immediate possession. Address box 1,277 Post office.

THE BASEMENT NO. 9 GREENWICH AVENUE, 60 feet deep; opposite Jefferson Market; good stand for a shoe, produce or other business. M. D. BENJAMIN, No. 8 East Ninth street.

THE UPPER PARTS OF THE TWO MOST PROMINENT business corners up town, together or in parts, junction of Broadway, Sixth avenue and Thirty-second street. Apply on premises.

484 BROADWAY.—TO LET, STORES, LOFTS, Offices, Rooms, Basements, Floors, &c.; also furnished Rooms, all on Broadway and at reduced rents. Apply at room No. 2, 484 Broadway.

1,237 BROADWAY—STORE AND DWELLING.—A lease of three years; moderate rent to a responsible party; contains gas, hot and cold water apparatus and bathroom. Inquire of JOHN LLOYD & SONS, No. 7 Warren street, or of GEO. PARSONS & CO., 12 Park place.

DWELLING HOUSES TO LET.

Furnished.

A.—FURNISHED BROWN STONE HOUSES TO LET, near Fifth avenue, at reduced rents; adapted for private or boarding occupancy. WARD & OGDEN, Broadway, corner Seventeenth street.

AT 111 BROADWAY, TRINITY BUILDING—FURnished Houses at lowest market rates. Printed descriptive price list mailed free by STANLEY DAY, basement offices A and B.

A FURNISHED THREE STORY BROWN STONE House; new and elegant; splendid location and first class in every respect; rent low; $120 per month to a careful tenant. No. 461 East Fifty-seventh street.

A GOOD HOUSE PARTIALLY FURNISHED; 13 rooms; neighborhood fair; rent very cheap, less than $1,400; house has modern improvements. J. C. FREEMAN, 212 Broadway.

A FURNISHED HOUSE, 133 EAST SIXTEENTH street, containing 17 rooms, to let for one or more years; price low to responsible party; would sell. Apply at house.

A.—THE FOUR STORY BROWN STONE HOUSE 407 West Twenty-first street, opposite College ground, containing large, well furnished rooms, expensively and tastefully ornamented; modern improvements; convenient to Twenty-third street stages; good chance for a party desiring a respectable residence. Apply to C. S. PECK & CO., 947 Broadway, or owner, room 56 St. James Hotel.

A.—FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED HOUSES AT reduced rents in good locations. S. B. GOODALE, Nos. 7 and 9 West Twenty-third st., Fifth Avenue Hotel.

A NUMBER OF FIRST CLASS FURNISHED HOUSES, in city and country, to let; several upon very moderate terms. HASTINGS, COLVIN & SALMON, Nos. 4 and 6 Pine street.

A FURNISHED HOUSE IN TWENTY-SEVENTH street, near Lexington avenue. Owner's family desire to board with the tenant. Address box 171 Herald office.

BROOKLYN, E. D., HANDSOME LOCATION NEAR Bedford avenue, 10 minutes to ferry.—Handsomely furnished House; all improvements; cheap to a good tenant. GEORGE F. BOSTWICK, 19 Nassau street.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—147 EAST THIRTYfirst street, near Lexington av.; rent $60 per month.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—NO. 26 EAST TENTH street, one door from University place; will be rented reasonably to a good tenant for business purposes or otherwise. Apply to WARD & OGDEN, corner Broadway and Seventeenth street.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—TO A PRIVATE FAMily; present occupant would board out part at the rent; price $300 per month. Inquire at 10 Livingston place for two days.

HOUSE TO LET—FURNISHED, ON MURRAY HILL; beautifully located; will be put in first rate order. Apply to the owner, 22 East Thirty-fifth street.

TO LET—AT WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, AT TWENTY per cent off, furnished and unfurnished Houses, to suit all classes of tenants. A. B. MILLS, Agent, 121 Nassau street, room 10; 156th street and Tenth avenue.

TO LET—VERY LOW TO A GOOD TENANT, A HANDsomely furnished three story brick House, with all improvements, in Brooklyn, E. D., near ferry. JOHN PURDY, 212 Broadway, room No. 6.

TO LET—FURNISHED, THE LARGE THREE STORY high stoop House 29 Rutgers place; part of rent taken in board; privilege of taking other boarders. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, A BROWN stone front House, on Fifty-eighth street, near Fifth avenue. Apply to CHARLES R. PARFIT, 237 East Fifty-seventh street.

TO LET—FURNISHED, A HOUSE CONTAINING 23 rooms, in University place; four stories; has a fine laundry. GEORGE F. THAYER & CO., 48 East Fourteenth street (Union square).

TO LET FURNISHED—IN BROOKLYN, 15 TO 20 MINutes by cars from all ferries, the Larger or Smaller Portion of a stone front house; terms very moderate to a small family. Particulars at MITCHELL'S, 77 Cedar street, N. Y.

TO LET—FULLY FURNISHED HOUSE, 13 ROOMS, piano, linen, crockery, &c.; immediate possession; everything in good order; $180 per month; would rent half. 209 East Twenty-ninth street.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—THE NEW AND HANDSOMEly furnished House No. 7 East Forty-third street. Apply on the premises, or to EDWIN M. COX, 15 Broad street, room No. 5.

TO LET OR LEASE—AT FORT WASHINGTON, A large furnished House; 9 acres of ground; one stables and outbuildings; gas and water throughout; all modern improvements. Apply to A. B. MILLS, 156th street and Tenth avenue, or to S. F. CHALFIN, 45 Water street.

TO RENT—A STRICTLY FIRST CLASS HOUSE, IN West Thirty-fourth street; rent moderate to a tenant that suits; furnished or unfurnished. Inquire of T. S. SHEPHERD, No. 205 Broadway.

TO RENT—ON FIFTY-SECOND STREET, NEAR Broadway, a very desirable three story high stoop House, with standing furniture; rent very low. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 5 Pine street.

33 WEST TWENTY-SEVENTH STREET, A FEW doors from the Coleman House.—To rent, elegantly furnished four story high stoop brown stone House, 19 rooms; all in splendid order; immediate possession. Apply on the premises.

Unfurnished.

AT 111 BROADWAY, UNFURNISHED HOUSES TO let.—Call for list, send for permits, examine property, compare rates, submit offers. Enclose stamp for circular. STANLEY DAY.

A DWELLING TO LET—440 WEST THIRTY-FOURTH street. All improvements; three story and high basement, 16 rooms; rent $1,300. Owner on the premises from 10 to 4 o'clock.

A.—TO LET, THE FOUR STORY HIGH STOOP Houses 148 Macdougal street, 29 Bond street, 17 St. Mark's place; also the three story high stoop House 108 East Fourth street. J. C. BAILEY, 206 Fifth street, near Bowery.

A VARIETY OF DESIRABLE HOUSES, IN CITY AND country, to let unfurnished, and at reduced rates. Apply to HASTINGS, COLVIN & SALMON, Nos. 4 and 6 Pine street.

A.—TO LET, THE FIRST CLASS HIGH STOOP House 420 East 120th street, near First avenue, in good order, with all modern improvements; newly painted; rent low to a desirable tenant. J. C. BAILEY, 206 Fifth street, near Bowery.

A NEW FIRST CLASS FOUR STORY HIGH STOOP basement and counter cellar, with every improvement, to let or lease, 44 West Fifty-fourth street, near Fifth avenue. Man in house at all times to show premises. E. L. & B. T. BURNHAM, 609 Hudson street.

A FOUR STORY HIGH STOOP BROWN STONE House, 25x50x100, with carpets, mirrors, &c., No. 55 St. Mark's place; rent $2,500. J. CANTRELL, 241 Fourth avenue.

A FOUR STORY HOUSE IN TWENTY-EIGHTH street—English basement, modern improvements. Apply to owner, WM. H. REAGAN, No. 5 Bookman street.

A.—WE HAVE A FEW MORE OF THOSE BEAUTIful four story brown stone high stoop Houses on East Sixty-first street; houses 21x57; overlooking Central Park. We will rent very reasonably. WALDRON & ZITTEL, 1,016 Third avenue.

A HOUSE, 12 ASHLAND PLACE, ALL IMP'S....$1,400
65 Bank street, 19 rooms, all improvements..... 1,400
285 West Twelfth street, 9 rooms, all improvements..... 850
9th street and avenue A, 12 rooms, all improvements.. 500
804 Greenwich street, Lower Part, six rooms..... 700
E. L. & B. T. BURNHAM, 609 Hudson street.

DWELLING HOUSES TO LET.

Unfurnished.

A PHILADELPHIA BRICK HOUSE TO RENT—IN State street, Brooklyn; ten rooms; gas, water; complete order; fine location; rent only $350. ROBERT T. MEEKS, 80 Cedar street.

A.—TO LET, ON EAST SEVENTY-NINTH STREET, near Central Park entrance, a splendid three story and basement brown stone House, splendidly finished; rent $1,600; also one for $1,200. C. H. BULKLEY, 216 East Seventy-ninth street.

A THREE STORY HIGH STOOP HOUSE TO LET—239 East Thirty-fifth street. Apply to S. SMITH, Frankfort House, corner Frankfort and William streets.

A COSEY HOUSE TO LET—IN GOOD ORDER; rent $400; in Brooklyn. Apply to S. SMITH, Frankfort House, corner Frankfort and William streets.

A RETIRED RURAL DETACHED GENTEEL RESIdence, 14 rooms, gas, range, water, shaded grounds; adjoining Striker's mansion; healthy, pleasant location. See TREADWELL, on premises, Fifty-second street, Hudson river. $65 66 a month.

A LARGE NUMBER OF HOUSES TO RENT—IN good locations and at very low rents. Call and examine my list. JOHN PETTERICH, 454 Third avenue.

A NICE TWO STORY AND BASEMENT HOUSE, WITH three Lots of ground, on 124th street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, to let cheap, with choice fruit, &c. Apply to J. CORBIT, 253 Ninth avenue.

A FOUR STORY HIGH STOOP HOUSE, 22 ROOMS, in Clinton place, near Fifth avenue, $2,400; Seventh street, near Second avenue, $2,800; West Twenty-seventh street, 14 rooms, $1,800; all in first class order. OSCAR SMITH, 82 Fifth avenue, corner of Fourteenth st.

A DWELLING TO LET—319 EAST FORTY-FIRST street; stone front; all improvements; three stories; high basement; possession; rent $1,200. Owner on premises from 12 to 2 o'clock.

BY STANLEY DAY, 111 BROADWAY (TRINITY Building), basement offices A and B.—To let, unfurnished, 245 West Thirty-fourth, 115 West Thirty-third, No. 9 Abingdon square, 125 Prince.

BROWN STONE HOUSE TO LET—WITH CARPETS, &c., 107 West Forty-fifth street; all modern improvements and first class neighborhood; terms $1,250 and Board for one gentleman. Inquire on the premises.

DOUBLE HOUSE TO LET—TWO STORY BRICK, WITH 12 rooms and modern improvements, on Striker's lane, near Fifty-second street and Eleventh avenue; rent $60 per month. J. T. MOULTON & CO., Corner Broadway and Fifty-second street.

HARLEM.—TO LET, AT A MODERATE RENT, THE fine two story and basement brick House No. 242 East 113th street, near Second avenue; nine rooms, with all modern improvements. Apply at 244, next door to the above.

NEW FOUR STORY BROWN STONE HOUSE, IN A pleasant location, to rent low to a desirable tenant. Apply at 419 East Fifteenth street, or 57 Cedar street, room No. 8.

T. J. GIBBONS, 109 BLEECKER STREET, HAS TO let Houses at reduced rents, in good locations:—No. 8 Abingdon square, 25 Amity street, 147 Waverley place, 126 Wooster street, 126 and 183 Thompson street, 131 West Twenty-fifth street, 145 West Twenty-seventh street, 476½ Broome st.

TO LET—THE DWELLING HOUSE NO. 48 WEST Twelfth street, New York. Apply to EDWARD D. JAMES, 218 Fulton street.

TO LET—A THREE STORY ENGLISH BASEMENT brown stone House in Twenty-fifth street; $1,000; a bargain. Apply to JOHN PETTERICH, 454 Third avenue.

TO LET—NO. 19 MACON STREET, NEAR FULTON avenue, Brooklyn, new House, 13 rooms; $800; elegant locality. CALLENDER & LAURENCE, 30 Pine street.

TO LET—A BEAUTIFUL THREE STORY HIGH STOOP and basement House, 25x51, lot 100; all improvements, 248 West Fifty-fourth street. Apply, from 11 to 3 o'clock, at 252 West Fifty-fourth street, or to MARTIN KLENEN, 111 Broadway.

TO LET—107 EIGHTH STREET (CLINTON PLACE), near Fifth avenue, first class four story House, modern improvements, twenty rooms, rent $2,000. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine street.

TO LET—CHEAPEST HOUSE IN MARKET—FIRST class full sized three story high stoop House, corner Fifty-ninth street and Fourth avenue; sunken area; bay window. Apply on premises.

TO LET—THE LARGE THREE STORY AND ATTIC House 15 Abingdon square; all improvements; rent $1,000. W. C. FLANAGAN, 107 Chrystie street.

TO LET—FOR $800, IN BROOKLYN, A THREE STORY high stoop brown stone House in Rapelyea street, near Second place; all modern improvements; neighborhood unexceptionable. E. L. BUSH, 75 William street.

TO LET—OR WILL SELL, A NEW BROWN STONE high stoop House, with all modern improvements; will rent low to a respectable party. 147 East Sixty-fifth street, between Third and Lexington avenues.

TO LET—THE DWELLING HOUSES 41 AND 53 BARrow street, with modern improvements. Inquire on the premises, from 10 to 12 A. M. Owner will be present. JOHN McCLELLAND.

TO LET—AT A GREAT REDUCTION, THE FOLLOWing Houses:—Three story high stoop brown stone House 451 East Fifty-seventh street, three story high stoop brown stone House 1,119 Second avenue, three story high stoop brick House 215 East 124th street, one door from Third avenue; all improvements. W. C. FLANAGAN, 107 Chrystie street.

TO LET—ON REASONABLE TERMS, SEVERAL DEsirable private Dwellings, situate on East Fifteenth street, Stuyvesant square and Second avenue. Inquire of CHARLES C. WAKELEY, 101 East Tenth street.

TO LET.—A BEAUTIFUL FOUR STORY BROWN STONE House on Fifth avenue and Central Park, just above Eighty-fifth street; to a responsible private family this elegant residence will be let at a low rate. Apply to Dr. MARCY at No. 236 Fifth avenue, between 8 and 9 A. M. or after 5 o'clock P. M.

TO LET—FOUR STORY AND BASEMENT HIGH stoop House, with all the modern improvements, newly painted and decorated, in East Sixteenth street, fourth house east of Stuyvesant Park. Inquire of Mr. DISNEY, 328 East Sixteenth street.

TO LET—THE HOUSE 148 WEST ELEVENTH STREET, between Sixth and Seventh avenues; a good location and premises; in good repair, parlor furnished with pier and mantel mirrors. Apply at the office 246 Greenwich street, up stairs.

TO LET—THE HOUSE NO. 16 WASHINGTON SQUARE, third house west of Fifth avenue; these premises are in good order, handsomely located, and will be let on reasonable terms to a private family. Apply to THOMAS PATTEN, No. 246 Greenwich street, up stairs.

TO LET—THE THIRTEENTH HOUSE WEST OF Boulevard place (Tenth avenue), on north side of Sixty-ninth street, being of brick, two stories and high basement, with good cellar; hot and cold water and gas throughout; in good order and newly painted. Apply to ROBERT I. BROWN, 192 Broadway.

TO LET, $650.—LEXINGTON AVENUE AND NINETY third street; every improvement; two story and basement frame House; magnificent view of Sound and East river. Apply on premises. JACOB SEABOLD.

TO LET.—D. C. DANIELS WILL LET HIS RESIdence on Ninth street, near Fifth avenue, Brooklyn, with or without carriage house; premises in the best order; all improvements; owner would like board with family. Apply to KIMBALL & BLAIR, corner Fifth avenue and Ninth street, Brooklyn.

TO LET—THE MODERN THREE STORY AND ATTIC dwelling House 55 Amity street. For permit apply to P. J. GIBBONS, 109 Bleecker street.

TO LET—THE THREE STORY AND BASEMENT GENteel frame Cottage House 154 West Thirty-third street; modern improvements; rent $700. THEO. MARTINE, 74 Robinson street.

TO LET—THE THREE STORY HOUSE 309 EAST Forty-second street; all improvements; very low to a good tenant, with possession immediately. Inquire at 313 East Forty-second street. ALEXANDER.

TO LET.—A SMALL, GENTEEL FAMILY, WISHING A perfectly neat, genteel House, in excellent location, at $1,100 rent, see No. 57 East Fifty-second street, near Madison avenue. Walls newly tinted in oils. All improvements. Apply at No. 59 East Fifty-second street or No. 89 Beaver street.

TO LET—THREE STORY HIGH STOOP DWELLING House 155 East Twenty-ninth street; all improvements. Apply at 151 East Twenty-ninth street.

TO LET—BY WALDRON & ZITTEL, 1,016 THIRD AVEnue—2d av., 55th and 56th sts., three story brown stone, $1,600; Lexington avenue and Fifty-third street, furnished three story brown stone, $2,000; Madison avenue, Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth streets, four story brown stone, $3,000; Fifth street, First and Second avenues, four story brown stone, $1,600; Fifty-first street, Second and Third avenues, three story brick, $1,200; Sixth street, Lexington and Third avenues, four story brown stone, $1,800, and others equally cheap. Send for circular.

TO LET—A LARGE FOUR STORY BRICK AND BASEment corner House, now being used as a boarding house; rent low. Inquire at 164 Seventh avenue.

TO LET—THE WHOLE OR PART OF HOUSE 147 Bleecker street; parlors suitable for business purposes. JAMES BARTON, 439 Pearl street.

TO LET, RENT $900—THE THREE STORY AND BASEment high stoop brick House, No. 6 Lincoln place, Brooklyn, E. D. (Williamsburg); house and neighborhood first class. Address C. A. WHEDON, 48 and 50 Duane street, New York.

TO LET—HOUSE 103 AMITY STREET; RENT $1,500. For further particulars inquire at No. 192 Prince street.

TO LET.
10 St. Luke's place, 3 story, all improvements. ...$1,500
17 St. Luke's place, 3 story..... 1,200
321 West 11th st., 9 rooms, all improvements..... 900
159 Varick st., 6 rooms, per month..... 42
179 Varick st., 5 rooms, per month..... 20
Suits of Rooms from $10 to $16 per month; also a Stable containing 12 stalls. NATHANIEL ROE, 200 Varick st.

TO LET—A THREE STORY AND BASEMENT STONE front House, 149 East Sixty-second street, near Lexington avenue; ten rooms; has all the improvements; rent $1,400. Can be seen from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. For terms apply to G. FOUNTAIN, owner, 153 East Sixty-second street.

TO LET—THE LARGE MODERN DWELLING NO. 12 Hubert street; has every improvement and convenience; in good order; rent to suit the times. Apply to JAMES PRICE, 209 Hudson street.

TO LET—RENT $625—TWO THREE STORY BRICK basement 438 and 442 East Seventy-ninth street; all improvements; newly papered throughout. Inquire of WM. BALFOUR, 1,345 Third avenue, or of T. GILSEY, on premises, from 10 to 4 o'clock, or at 643 Broadway, in the cigar store.

TO LET—A NEAT COTTAGE, NO. 5 HORATIO STREET; a handsome three story and basement brick House, No. 9 Jane street, in good order, $900; large brick Factory, Ninth ward, to let cheap. Apply at 308 Broadway.

TO LET—THE DWELLING PART OF THE HOUSE 266 Sixth avenue, corner of Seventeenth street, in good condition, with all modern improvements; rent reasonable. Inquire in the store.

TO LET—A DESIRABLE UNFURNISHED AND FURnished House, Twenty-seventh street, between Fourth and Lexington avenues; also small House, Eighth street, near Second avenue. Inquire at 60 Lafayette place.

TO LET CHEAP—TO A GOOD TENANT, IN WILliamsburg, a two story and basement House; 9 rooms; halls decorated; marble mantels, &c. Inquire at 219 West Sixteenth street, New York.

TO LET OR LEASE—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 138 GREENE street, near Houston street. For terms apply to WILLIAM MATHEWS, 53 Catherine street, office second floor.

DWELLING HOUSES TO LET.

Unfurnished.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE THREE STORY HIGH STOOP brick House No. 221 East Fifty-third street, near Third avenue, with three story brick stable adjoining; house has all improvements; good order; stable has twelve stalls and plenty carriage room; rent low to good parties. HALLENBECK & JONES, Bull's Head Bank Building.

TO LET OR LEASE—A THREE STORY BRICK House, northeast corner of 143d street and Third avenue; rent $1,100 a year.

TO LET OR FOR SALE AT REASONABLE RATES, two brown stone Houses, on north side of Seventy-first street, between Second and Third avenues; brown stone front; first class; new, with all modern improvements. Call at premises or of C. SUBEIG, 241 East Forty-eighth street, New York city.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—THE FOUR STORY HIGH stoop House 316 Seventh avenue, between Forty-first and Forty-second streets; perfect order; all modern improvements; rent $1,700. Apply on premises or at 295 Front street.

TO LET OR WILL SELL—THE THREE STORY AND basement high stoop House 132 West Twenty-sixth street. Apply to W. SCOTT JARVIS, 221 Canal street.

TO LET OR LEASE—ON EAST FORTY-FOURTH street, a small House, consisting of 9 rooms, with stable; rent $500 per annum. Apply to S. CARDWELL, 336 Third avenue.

TO RENT—A THREE STORY AND FRENCH ROOF brown stone Dwelling on 139th street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, finished with all modern improvements and in first class order. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, 44 Pine street.

THE FOUR STORY BRICK BASEMENT HOUSE 60 Bergen street, to let; 14 rooms including handsome parlors and two kitchens; 15 minutes' walk from South ferry and 2 from cars to the others. M. D. BENJAMIN, No. 8 East Ninth street, New York.

9TH WARD.—TO LET, THE SNUG BRICK HOUSE 174 West Tenth street, near Fourth street; contains nine rooms, gas and bath. Inquire at 225 West Fourth street.

322D STREET, NEAR THIRD AVENUE.—HOUSE TO let; contains 10 rooms, gas, water closets, complete; rent $1,700. JOHN MATTHEWS, First avenue, between Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh streets.

49TH STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH AD SIXTH AVEnues.—To let, unfurnished, to a private family, a four story high stoop brown stone House, 31x5..x70; no agents. Apply at 70 West Forty-ninth street, from 11 to 5.

369 WEST THIRTY-FIFTH STREET.—BRICK HOUSE; sub cellar, heater, gas, stationary tub; excellent order; to one family. Can be seen. Rent $650. Owner resides at 155 East Seventy-eighth street.

$500 RENT—THREE NICE COTTAGE HOUSES, just finished, 8 rooms each, with gas and water and abundance of ground for gardens; for those desiring a pleasant, healthy and accessible location they are unexcelled, being within 10 minutes of Hudson River Railroad, steamboat and Eighth avenue cars; location 143d street, between Broadway and Boulevard, on Washington Heights, with fine view of Hudson River. Apply to Mr. BELL, on premises.

$650.—TO LET, THREE STORY BASEMENT AND sub-cellar frame House, 103th street, between Second and Third avenues; good order; all improvements. Apply on premises.

$800.—HOUSE, CONTAINING 14 ROOMS, CORNER, having all improvements; splendid location; possession at once

COMPLIMENTARY BANQUET.

Grand Testimonial to Samuel S. Randall at the Metropolitan Hotel—Speeches by Messrs. Gerard, Randall, Perkins and Others.

A complimentary banquet was last evening given to Mr. Samuel S. Randall at the Metropolitan Hotel. For sixteen years the worthy recipient of the testimonial occupied the position of City Superintendent of the common schools of New York with much credit to himself and advantage to the rising community. Not long since Mr. Randall announced his intention of declining to be a candidate for the office, and his many friends, including some of the most prominent citizens and earnest advocates in the cause of education, took this opportunity of testifying their sincere appreciation of his long and meritorious services. The banquet last night was a grand success in every respect. About 135 gentlemen sat down to an elegant dinner gotten up in Leland's best style. The veteran chief in the cause of education, Mr. J. W. Gerard, presided. In his vicinity were the Rev. Dr. Bellows, A. H. Green, Hosea B. Perkins, Robert McGuiness, Andrew Mills, C. T. Hurlburd, Fred. C. Wagner, Henry L. Slote, Commissioner P. Smith, Henry Kiddle, the newly elected City Superintendent; Jackson S. Schultz, Thomas Boese, Edward Schell, Nathaniel Jarvis, Jr.; John Davenport, John H. Fanning, T. Miller, and many others. The cloth having been removed,

The CHAIRMAN rose to propose the first toast amid loud applause. He said they had assembled to do honor to a man who, for sixteen years, had been at the head of the great system of education in New York. He had given to it all the energies of his great mind. The advancement of our schools had been his dream by night and his work by day. In this city they had erected one hundred and six splendid temples of education into which the poor emigrants, come from what part of the globe they might, could walk in and take his seat and demand as a right an education which the State and provided for him. In those temples Christians of all denominations could sit side by side and obtain that education which was the surest foundation of republican government. Not long since, had Mr. Randall ordered out the teachers and scholars under his control, they would have formed a procession extending more than fifty miles—a grand army of the republic. (Applause.) Mr. Gerard deprecated the idea of making any decrease in the amount of taxation for school purposes; on the contrary, he would rather see it increased. (Applause.) He hoped soon to see the Female Normal College. He concluded by referring in eulogistic terms to the great efficiency of Mr. Randall, and compared him to the setting sun in all his splendor, and Mr. Kiddle, his successor, to the rising sun, just seen upon the horizon and soon to shed forth his beams. Mr. Gerard then proposed the health of Mr. Randall, which was drank with all the honors.

Mr. RANDALL was received with welcome tokens of approbation. He expressed his indebtedness in the discharge of his duties to the members of the Board of Education, who had elected him to the position he had recently resigned eight successive times by a unanimous vote. He was also indebted to the trustees, inspectors and the great body of school teachers. He was intimate with the school teachers; he had seen them day after day in the discharge of their duties, and from his experience he would say that a nobler, better or more efficient body of men did not exist. Mr. Randall then proceeded to say that the free school system had become the settled policy of the government of every State from Maine to California. They had proceeded on the principle that every individual was born with certain faculties which it was the duty of the government to see developed. On intelligence alone could the great fabric of liberty be successfully and permanently reared. It was the interest of the community that education should be universal and that not a single individual should be left to prey upon its peace and security. Massachusetts, forty years ago, was the only State that had free schools. Thirty years ago there were about six or eight thousand school districts, averaging not more than fifty scholars each. They were without school officers, and the system was comparatively in a state of chaos. General Dix began by doubling the amount of appropriations and establishing libraries. He hoped the citizens of New York would never waver in their devotion to common schools. Their loss would result in public demoralization and barbarism, while their perpetuation would prove the glory and great bulwark of this State and of the great Continent of America. (Applause.)

Mr. JAMES W. BEEKMAN responded to the toast of "The City of New York" and gave some interesting reminiscences of the early system of education in this city.

Mr. LABREMORE, in response to the toast of "The Common Schools of New York City," spoke in eulogistic terms of the system, which he characterized as the greatest in the world and hoped that it would ever be sustained.

Mr. HOSEA B. PERKINS made an eloquent speech in response to the toast of the "Inspectors." He alluded in complimentary terms to the guest of the evening, and then proceeded to refer to the inspectors, who he said were an estimable, intelligent and useful body of men. He adverted to Mr. Andrew Mills, Mr. James Kelly, Mr. Moore, the courtly Jarvis, Dr. Bode, McGinnis, Mr. Wood and Anthony J. Oliver. There was yet another, Mr. J. W. Gerard. (Applause.) Mr. Perkins reviewed the extended travels made by that gentleman to the classic shores of Greece and Italy, and the beautiful description given by him on his return of those places, especially his description of his visit to the Rialto of Venice, where he spent the entire day trying to search out the imaginary homes of Shylock and Othello. (Laughter and applause.) Mr. Perkins also referred enlogistically to Mr. Gerard's address, not only upon the volcanoes and earthquakes, but upon the mummies of South America. (Laughter.) A few months ago a convention of strong-minded women was held in Boston; where they resolved to become doctors, lawyers and divines, and Mr. Gerard, seeing that the rights of his own sex were invaded, accepted the challenge of those misguided women and threw a hand grenade in the ranks of General B Anthony's brigade, and they scattered the petticoat invaders like pigeons before the shot of the lowier. (Great laughter and applause.) Mr. Perkins concluded an amusing and entertaining speech in language highly eulogistic of Mr. Gerard, who he said had all the merits and virtues of a public benefactor.

The other toasts included "The State Normal School," C. T. Hubbard; "The School Trustees," J. W. Farr; "The Superintendent's Department," Henry Kiddle; "The Male Teachers," R. D. Sutherlaand; "The Female Teachers," T. F. Harrison. The entertainment, which reflected great credit on the committee of arrangement, terminated shortly after twelve o'clock.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

Prominent Arrivals in This City Yesterday.

Judge B. R. Curtis, Judge Sidney Bartlett and Judge Benjamin F. Thomas, of Boston; Lieutenant Commander F. E. Chadwick, of the United States Navy, and Charles E. K. Kortright, English Consul at Philadelphia, are at the Brevoort House.

General G. W. Cass, of Pittsburg; W. P. Denckla, of Arkansas; W. H. Seward, of Auburn; H. B. Plant, of Georgia; General Dawson, of the United States Army; Colonel F. Sherman, of Chicago, and ex-Congressman W. Windom, of Minnesota, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Captain C. Sturdevant, of Maine; Captain F. M. Homes, of Boston; General Clary, of the United States Army; E. B. Morgan, of Aurora; Dwight Johnson and J. K. Hackett, of Long Island, and Captain J. Drummond, of Maine, are at the Astor House.

Henry Fairbanks, of St. Johnsbury, Vt.; A. S. Strong, of Buddington; Rufus Hatch, of New York, and M. M. Merriam, of Hartford, are at the Grand Hotel.

R. S. Hill, of China; I. C. Colton, of Massachusetts, and George Keyes, of New York, are at the Coleman House.

Thomas G. Rhett, of Charleston, S. C., and George E. Pickett, of Virginia, are at the New York Hotel.

General Dwight, Charles Dwight and F. Braggiotti, of Boston, are at the Albemarle Hotel.

Colonel G. H. Parker, of Baltimore; Colonel Grover, of Virginia; Elliott Lewis, of England, and Captain O'Niel, of the British Army, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

C. E. Heubel, of Hamburg, and Mr. Phillips, of Philadelphia, are at the Clarendon Hotel.

Colonel W. Callow, of Baltimore; J. G. Beals, of the Boston *Post*, and Isaac Buchanan, of Montreal, are at the Everett House.

General Banks, of Washington; G. N. Fletcher, of Detroit, and J. Stewart, of Pittsburg, Pa., are at the St. Denis Hotel.

Colonel A. H. Appleman, of Maryland; Captain W. H. Brown, of New Haven, and Miss Minnie Davenport, of Cincinnati, are at the St. Charles Hotel.

THE IRREPRESSIBLE "BARON" VON BULOW.

It would seem as though the gallant Otto Von Bulow was assuming the position of an elephant in the hands of the Union county (N. J.) courts. Yesterday is the day set down for the trial of the gentleman on an indictment found against him by the Grand Jury for having, as alleged, swindled his mother-in-law, Mrs. Mary E. Conkey, of divers and sundry sums of money, but, on presentation of a motion to quash the indictment on the ground that there was no evidence to convict, the case went over for another day, so as to afford the State an opportunity to make one more effort to secure the material witness, Mr. Spalding, the New York broker, into whose hands Von Bulow claims he put Mrs. Conkey's money.

THE TURF.

The Union Course, L. I., Trotting Purses—Closing of the Entries for the Spring Meeting.

A large number of the owners of trotting horses, trainers and lovers of the sports of the turf assembled last night at Mitchell's, Broadway and Houston street, to witness the closing of the entries for the trotting purses offered by the proprietors of the Union Course, L. I., for the spring meeting, which commences on Monday, May 23, and continuing Wednesday, Friday and Saturday of the same week. Of the seven purses offered, two of them, the 2:50 and 2:45 purses, did not fill. It was a subject of congratulation that the purse of $2,500, free for all horses, to be trotted for the last day of the meeting, filled with such satisfactory names as the bay mare American Girl, brown stallion George Wilkes, and bay gelding George Palmer. The following are the entries:—

MONDAY, MAY 23.

No. 1. Purse of $500; $300 to the first horse, $125 to the second, $75 to the third; mile heats, best three in five, in harness; for all horses which have never beaten three minutes in harness.

1. A. C. Whitson enters r. m. Lady Phillips.
2. John Murphy enters br. m. Duchess.
3. F. Hamilton enters br. m. Stella.
4. M. Roden enters b. g. Geo. H. Mitchell.
5. Thomas Jackson enters b. g. Mystery, formerly Bill Wheelan.
6. L. S. Sammis enters b. m. Chip Girl.
7. F. I. Nodine enters b. m. Lotta.
8. Alex. Patterson enters b. m. Sarah Jane.
9. John Rogers enters b. m. Bright Eyes.

No. 2. Purse of $800; $450 to the first horse, $225 to the second, $125 to the third; mile heats, best three in five, in harness; for all horses which have never beaten 2:34 in harness.

1. Dan Mace enters b. m. Lydia Thompson.
2. H. Howe enters br. m. Lady Wells.
3. B. Daniels enters b. g. Butcher Boy.
4. John Murphy enters br. m. Lady Sears.
5. R. Kenner enters ch. g. Colonel Fisk.
6. Pam Pfifer enters r. m. Susie.
7. M. Roden enters ch. g. Finegan.
8. Charles Taylor enters ——— Snow Flake.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 25.

No. 1. Purse of $800; $450 to the first horse, $225 to the second, $75 to the third; mile heats, best three in five, in harness; for all horses which have never beaten 2:30 in harness.

1. M. Rhoden enters b. g. Geo. H. Mitchell.

No. 2. Purse of $750; $400 to the first horse, $225 to the second, $125 to the third; mile heats, best three in five, in harness; for all horses which have never beaten 2:40 in harness.

1. J. H. Whitson enters s. c. Clarence.
2. Dan Mace enters bl. m. Tempest.
3. Ben Mace enters br. m. Trina.
4. H. Howe enters bl. m. Tempest. No white; switch tail.
5. A. H. Sammis enters ch. m. Bashaw Maid, formerly Nellie.
6. M. Rhoden enters b. m. Penobscot Chief.

FRIDAY, MAY 27.

No. 1. Purse of $600; $300 to the first horse, $200 to the second, $100 to the third; mile heats, best three in five, in harness; for all horses which have never beaten 2:45 in harness.

1. Alexander Patterson enters b. m. Sarah Jane.

Not filled.

No. 2. Purse of $1,000; $600 to the first horse, $250 to the second, $150 to the third; mile heats, best three in five, in harness; for all horses which have never beaten 2:30 in harness.

1. J. Fay enters b. g. Captain Gill.
2. Jamie Mace enters b. m. Dresden.
3. John Murphy enters ch. m. Louise.
4. G. W. Patterson enters b. m. Topsy.
5. Alex. Patterson enters s. g. Dreadnaught.
6. F. I. Nodine enters bl. m. Eastern Queen.
7. M. Roden enters s. g. Prince.

SATURDAY, MAY 28.

Purse of $2,500; $1,400 to the first horse, $500 to the second, $300 to the third and $250 to the fourth; mile heats, best three in five, in harness; for all horses.

Ben Daniels enters b. m. American Girl.
Wm. Borst enters br. s. George Wilkes.
Chas. Champlin enters b. g. George Palmer.

HORSE NOTES.

Charles E. Cook will open on the 1st of May the St. Charles half-mile track on Eighth avenue, near Macomb's Dam (formerly Dubois') for the use of gentlemen. It will be kept in fine order, and as the roads are unfit to speed on, it will, undoubtedly, be well patronized by road men.

A mammoth trotting horse recently arrived here from St. John, N. B., and has been put into the hands of Dan Pfifer for training by his owner, Mr. Fellows, a merchant of St. John, N. B. He is a bay, stands 16½ hands high, and is very handsome and well proportioned. Report says he has a great turn of speed.

A number of trotters have arrived here recently from the West, and have gone into training to compete for the spring purses on the island and other tracks. Among them is St. Elmo and Evangeline.

Mr. A. R. Phyle's bay mare Lady Lockwood is again on the road, having had a colt, and is faster than ever.

Mr. Kerner is driving his fast Ethan Allen mare on the road. She is very handsome and speedy.

Mr. Harker is driving a brown colt, own brother to Mr. Beamer's Brass, on the road. He showed a good turn of speed lately by the Club House, and is a fine gaited one.

As an evidence of the fact that the season is at hand for the commencement of track work the following first class trotting horses have been shod at Dan Mace's establishment by Charles Hine within the past week:—American Girl, Danvers Boy, George Wilkes, Goldsmith Maid, J. J. Bradley, Hotspur, Dot, Confidence, Billy Barre, Dresden, Kirkwood, Tattler, Idol, Gray Prince, Lizzie, Tidy, Captain Gill, Isabella, Willie Shepner, Butcher Boy, Village Girl, Sherman, Little Dan, Surprise, Sorrel, Prince and Finnegan.

LONG BRANCH PARK STAKES.

We learn that the nominations to the stakes which closed on the 15th inst. have already swelled to the enormous number of 134, viz.:—

Continental, mile heats	23
Monmouth, two and a half miles	21
Mansion, two miles	22
Stetson, one mile	30
Robins, heats, two miles	24
Restoration, heats, four miles	14

SOZER FLYNN BELLIGERENT.

The Stalwart Coroner Tries to Make "a Case" of a Drug Clerk—A Cowardly Assault—The Coroner's Men Draw Revolvers.

About one o'clock this morning Coroner Flynn and two other men of the same class, entered Hudnut's drug store under the HERALD office for the purpose of getting hot coffee. The "soger" was somewhat under the influence of liquor, and one of the fellows with him was more so. Their condition was noticed by the night clerk, Mr. Lawrence, who ventured a mild objection to the matter and manner of their talk. Flynn got incensed at this, and threatened to wreak vengeance on the boy, stating that he was Coroner Flynn and a magistrate and he would get square with him for "ordering him out." As he pondered over the magnitude of the affront put upon him, the Coroner and Magistrate grew pale with passion, and when the unsuspecting young man came from behind the counter on some errand the broad shouldered "soger" throttled him and struck him violently in the face. The other bummers kept close beside him and urged him on. The "soger" did feel perfectly serene in his enormous strength of muscle when making the cowardly attack on the unresisting youth, and put his hands under the tail of his coat in a significant manner. The boozy bummer, whose spiritual condition was something worse than that of the Coroner, took the hint from his chief and immediately drew a large sized revolver, which, however, he did not use, the assaited party having taken refuge behind the counter. The soda-water boy made a flank movement at this moment, jumped the counter and ran for a policeman. The office came in due time but instead of arresting the coroner and his ruffianly assistants he parlyed, expostulated and delayed, and had serious thoughts of opening the sojers' order to "arrest the blag-ard who offended 'im." At the hour of our going to press the coroner and magistrate, the clerks and the policemen were debating the matter. It should be said that while Flynn and his ruffians occupied the store several ladies were present waiting for the cars.

THE FIGHTING FENIANS.

Another Day's Talk and Nothing Done—Palaver and Bluster—Indifference of the Rank and File.

The Fenian Congress held its third sitting yesterday, and, thanks to the good sense of the more moderate "leaders," the debates on the various subjects which came up for discussion did not, as was anticipated, wind up with a Donnybrook Fair finale. The admission of the delegates from Chicago had a good deal to do with this, and these delegates, now that they are in, seem determined to take the O'Neill bull by the horns and give it a thorough shaking if the animal makes any attempts to kick up any unseemly pranks. It is pretty certain that had they been kept out, as a great many of the delegates desired they should be, there would have been a jolly row in the Congress, which, in all likelihood, Jourdan's police would have been compelled to put down.

Yesterday the proceedings were of the usual humdrum order, and the delegates who ventilated themselves did so on old subjects of the invasion of Canada and the best means to accomplish it, and of forcing the British lion to put his tail between his legs and make tracks for the land of Canaan or somewhere else, where he will be able to live in peace the balance of his days, which is as certain to occur as it is a well known fact that the moon is made of green cheese.

The whole day and evening were spent in talk that amounted to nothing in the end; and if the delegates "report progress" much longer in the way they have been doing so far, the Congress will adjourn some time in 1876 or later.

It is a remarkable fact that very little interest seems to be manifested as to the doings of the Congress by the mass of the Fenians. This may be "put on" for reasons best known to themselves, but the fact remains the same for all that.

THE BAPTIST EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION.

The Bible in Public Schools—Sectarian Aid—Theological Seminaries—Endowments—Education of Women.

The Baptist Educational Convention reassembled in the Pierrepont street Baptist church, Brooklyn, yesterday morning, William Kelley, of New York, presiding.

The Rev. Dr. CHAMPLIN offered a resolution protesting against the attempt to exclude the Bible from the public schools. The matter was referred to the Committee on Denominational Work.

Rev. Dr. NORTHUP addressed the Convention on the duty of educators. He attributed the inferior education of many of the ministers to the apathy which the churches themselves had shown in the cause of education.

On motion of Dr. TAYLOR a special committee was appointed to consider the question of State support to sectarian schools.

Dr. BROOKS, of the Committee on Denominational Work, presented a report in which he reviewed the present condition of the theological seminaries and other schools of the denomination. An increase of the endowment was needed in each of the theological seminaries and must be obtained before a higher excellence could be reached in education. In the Western and Southern colleges a great many young men had been converted to God since they had joined the colleges, and it was absolutely necessary that these colleges should have additional appropriations. The committee also believed that there should be a great central academy and a smaller one in every State.

The committee, in conclusion, submitted a draft of a constitution for the proposed National Baptist Educational Commission, embracing the following:—

Article one makes the name the American Baptist Educational Society.

Article two declares the object to be the promotion of education among the Baptist persuasion.

Article three makes the society consist of four members from each college, two members from each school below the grade of a college and one from each board of school trustees under the Baptist persuasion.

Article four designates the officers.

Article five makes a board to fill vacancies.

Article six places the central office in New York.

Article seven provides for a meeting once every three years.

Article eight declares that the convention has no design to interfere with the usefulness of other schools.

Article nine provides for the manner in which the constitution may be changed or amended.

Referred to the appropriate committee.

In the afternoon the question of endowments for literary and theological institutions was brought up for discussion.

The Rev. Dr. BRIGHT, of New York, spoke on the subject for some length. He said there was a threefold aspect to the question—first, as to the amount needed for such institutions; second, as to the number of such institutions which the American Baptists may likely be able to endow, and third, as to the means whereby the needed endowment may be obtained. In regard to the first question he considered that for a first class institution there should not be an endowment of less than $100,000. It needed $50,000 worth of lands and library buildings, and the remainder should be so expended as to make the expenses of the people as low as possible. Fifty dollars a year should, in his judgment, be the maximum fee at any of our colleges and, in his opinion, it would be much better if it did not exceed thirty dollars per year. Even so small a matter of thirty dollars was often the turning point in the life of a young man, to determine whether he should have a full college education or not. There should be in every college at least ten first class professors, at a salary of not less than $2,000 per year each, which would make $30,000, and with $5,000 for incidental expenses, would make the expenses of running the college $35,000. This would require an endowment of $450,000. In short, a theological college could not be maintained at less than an endowment of $200,000, besides the $200,000 of its fixed capital.

The Rev. Dr. RAYMOND read a paper on "The demands of the age for a higher education of woman, and how it should be answered." The Convention then adjourned.

ATTEMPTED MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Horrible Tragedy at Middletown, N. Y.—A Drunken Husband Attempts to Murder His Wife and Then Cuts His Own Throat.

At noon yesterday the people of Middletown were thrown into the wildest excitement over a report, which proved to be true, that a frightful tragedy had been enacted in their midst. A drunken German, named Charles Snyder, who had just been released from Goshen jail, where he had been sent for larceny, assaulted his wife with a razor, and after supposing that she was dead cut his own throat from ear to ear.

The scene of the tragedy is an old house on Water street, near South, where the parties have lived for about four years. Previous to that they lived in Wyoming county, Pa. When our reporter arrived at the scene

A FEARFUL SIGHT

met his gaze. The whole house seemed spattered with blood and pools had formed in a dozen places on the floor. The woman lay upon a mattress on the floor in the back room on the second story, where Dr. Everett was attending to her injuries. She had a deep gash on the right side of her face, extending down to the neck. She had also sustained a severe contusion on the back of her head, by which she said she had been rendered insensible before she received the cut. Up stairs lay the brutish husband, weltering in his own blood, which was flowing from the wound in his neck. In his boot was found a bloody razor, which had been the instrument used in the horrible deed. He is a German by birth, is about five feet six inches in height, of dark complexion, black hair and eyes, low forehead and a peculiarly repulsive visage. He is about thirty-five years of age, a man of dissolute habits and bad temper.

The motive for the crime is said to be that he suspected his wife of having informed against him at the time he was arrested for larceny, some four months ago.

THE VICTIMS

are both living, but there is little hope of the recovery of Snyder. The first feelings of horror are now changing to a strong feeling against the man who committed the deed, and no one seems to wish for his recovery.

VAGARIES OF JERSEY LAW.

A Man Almost Beaten to Death and Then Thrown into Prison.

At a late hour on Wednesday night a man named Michael Jennings, twenty-eight years old, went into Hand's saloon, on Newark avenue, Hudson City, N. J., and after some time became involved in a quarrel with Mr. Charles Kohland and another individual. Whatever Jennings said or did, he was brutally set upon by "some person" in the barroom and beaten atrociously. One of his arteries was cut and his body almost mangled. After treating him in this savage manner they summoned a policeman to take him to the station house, as the most effectual means to free themselves from a charge of attempted homicide. The man was conveyed to the station, but was kindly treated by the chief and sergeant. Two physicians were summoned, and after long attendance pronounced his condition very precarious. Yesterday morning a crowd of the assailants' friends thronged the court room and swore heavily against Jennings, alleging that he had attempted to take their lives and had stabbed some of them, but with what weapon could not be ascertained. Jennings, being a stranger, had neither money nor friends, and was, of course, unable to give bail for his appearance to answer a charge of attempting to murder half a dozen persons. Recorder Aldridge, though he regretted being compelled to take such a course, had no alternative but to commit the prisoner to the county jail; so Jennings was cast into prison. It is but just, however, to state that all possible care will be given him by Mr. Jones, the jail keeper.

JERSEY CITY POLICE COMMISSION.

Organization of the New Board—A New Precinct to be Established.

The Police Commissioners of Jersey City held their last meeting on Wednesday night and the new Board thereupon organized. Samuel G. Hoyt and Matthew Monks hold over under the new charter, and the three newly elected members, Taylor, Besson and McCarthy, drew lots for the long terms with the following result:—Taylor, five years; Besson, four; McCarthy, three. Mr. Hoyt was elected president, Dr. Reeves police surgeon, John Garrick counsel and Daniel McAghan clerk. Messrs. Hoyt, Monks and Besson were appointed a committee to select a site for the new precinct, which will probably be in the Eighth ward. The existing police force is continued by the charter and no officer can be removed except by a four-fifths vote. Three captains are to be elected at the next meeting of the Board.

THE WESTCHESTER TAX WAR.

A Supreme Court Decision Nullified by the State Executive.

The bill recently passed by the Legislature authorizing the completion of Madison avenue, in the town of West Farms, Westchester county, received the signature of Governor Hoffman yesterday. It will be remembered that in pursuance of a writ of *certiorari* obtained by John B. Haskin, a taxpayer in the above town, the Supreme Court lately rendered a decision restraining any further work on the opening of Madison and Berrian avenues, which caused a petition to the Governor to be drawn up and numerously signed by taxpayers whose property and interests were seriously affected by the unfinished condition of the first named thoroughfare. The prompt action of the Executive in behalf of the petitioners is hailed with widespread satisfaction in the locality named.

SHIPPING NEWS.

Almanac for New York—This Day.

Sun rises	5 11	Moon rises...morn	1 11
Sun sets	6 46	High water....eve	2 05

OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATE OF DEPARTURES FROM NEW YORK FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL.

Steamer.	*Sails*	*Destination.*	*Office.*
India	April 23	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
City of Washton	April 23	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
Union	April 23	Bremen	68 Broad st.
France	April 23	Liverpool	69 Broadway.
Colorado	April 27	Liverpool	29 Broadway.
Iowa	April 27	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
America	April 28	Bremen	68 Broad st.
City of Brook'n	April 30	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
St. Laurent	April 30	Havre	58 Broadway.
Cambria	April 30	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
Weser	April 30	Bremen	68 Broad st.
Paraguay	April 30	London	55 Broadway.

PORT OF NEW YORK, APRIL 21, 1870.

CLEARED.

Steamship Hermann (NG), Wenke, Bremen—Oelrichs & Co.

Steamship Arizona, Maury, Aspinwall—Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Steamship Morro Castle, Adams, Havana—Atlantic Mail Steamship Co.

Steamship Gen Barnes, Mallory, Savannah—Livingston, Fox & Co.

Steamship South Carolina, Adkins, Charleston—H R Morgan & Co.

Steamship Glaucus, Walden, Boston—W P Clyde.

Brig Annandale (Br), Toby, Harbor Grace, NF—R P Currie.

Bark Louisa Cook (Br), Cook, Cork for orders—Boyd & Hincken.

Bark Dr Petermann (NG), Frederichs, Bremen—Funch, Edye & Co.

Bark J S Stone, Phinney, Sydney, NSW—R W Cameron.

Brig L Staples, Harriman, Santander—Carver & Barnes.

Brig Alfarata, Wallace, Sagua—W Ray & Co.

Brig P H Odiorne (Br), Sutherland, Sagua—G H Brewer.

Brig Abstainer (Br), Elderkin, Parrsboro—D R De Wolf.

Brig Union Star (Br), Merriam, Parrsboro—D R De Wolf.

Brig Pedro, Balas, Jacksonville—W Ray & Co.

Schr Thomas Fitch, Hamilton, Governor's Harbor—R E Hutchinson.

Schr J W Hatfield (Br), Potter, Halifax—Crandall, Bertaux & Co.

Schr Susan Wright, Mount, Georgetown, SC—Dollner, Potter & Co.

Schr T J Owen, Sellick, New Haven.

Schr Dart, Johnson, Stamford.

Steamer Black Diamond, Meredith, Wilmington, Del—A Abbott.

Steamer Bristol, Wallace, Philadelphia—J Hand.

ARRIVALS.

REPORTED BY THE HERALD STEAM YACHTS.

Steamship Palmyra (Br), Watson, Liverpool and Queenstown via Boston, with mdse, to C G Francklyn.

Steamship South America, Tinklepaugh, Rio Janeiro March 26, Bahia 30th, Pernambuco April 1, Para 4th, and St Thomas 14th, with mdse and passengers, to W R Garrison. April 7, in Para river, near Para, spoke steamship North America.

Steamship Volunteer, Jones, Philadelphia, with mdse, to J Lorillard.

Steamship Jesse Bell, Bourne, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse and passengers, to the Old Dominion Co.

Bark Urda (Nor), Bjerknas, Newcastle, 63 days, with railway iron, to order. Came the southern passage; had light winds and calms.

Bark Ganger Rolf (Nor), Hendricksen, Malaga, 62 days, passed Gibraltar Feb 24, with fruit and lead, to L E Amsink & Co; vessel to Funch, Edye & Co. Came the southern passage, and had heavy weather the first part of passage; latter part, light winds.

Bark Carrie E Long (of Stockton), Parks, Buenos Ayres, Feb 2, with hides, &c, to James E Ward & Co.

Bark Pauline (Br), Shell, Zaza, 20 days, with sugar, to order. Will anchor at Sandy Hook for orders.

Bark Mexican (Br), Welch, Sagua, 11 days, with sugar, to E E Morgan & Son—vessel to Boyd & Hincken. Had fine weather.

Schr S M Woodbury, Woodbury, Jacksonville, 6 days, with lumber, to Wm Bossell. Had fine weather.

Schr Martan Tape, Sheppard, Georgetown, SC, 4 days, with lumber, to N L McCready & Co.

Schr L B Wing, Endicott, Georgetown, SC, for New Haven, 10 days, with timber, to master. Had light winds.

Schr S C Morton, Garwood, Wilmington, N C, 7 days, with shingles, to L M Bickely; 20th inst, off Brigantine shoals, saw a sunken schooner, with her mainmast and mizzenmast about one-third above water, and saw a schooner take a man off the mainstopmast.

Schr R C Stockton, Baker, Virginia.

Schr Alaska, Garver, Virginia.

Schr Geo Peabody, Lee, Virginia.

Schr Oliver Booth, Lonestreet, Virginia.

Schr Napoleon, Tilton, Virginia.

Schr W D Coggill, Kelley, Virginia for New Haven.

Schr Lily, Robinson, Virginia for New Haven.

The brig Johann (NG), from Rio Janeiro, arrived yesterday, is consigned to Funch, Edye & Co, and the cargo to L E Amsinck & Co. Crossed the Equator March 21 in lon 37 W, and reports heavy weather in lat 32 S; was 4 days in making 2 degrees, with strong NS and NW gales, and was 5 days north of Hatteras, with strong N and E winds. March 7, lat 26 S, lon 35 W, spoke ship Grace Darling, steering north.

The Swedish brig Fanny, Boden, from Malaga, is consigned to Wendt, Telens & Bockmann.

Passed Through Hell Gate,

BOUND SOUTH.

Steamship Wamsutta, Fish, New Bedford for New York, with mdse and passengers, to Ferrenson & Wood.

Schr Fred Hall, Anderson, Portland for New York.

Schr E F Maxwy, Lewis, Portland for Philadelphia.

Schr S Hale, Coleman, Taunton for New York.

Schr John Warren, McNar, Providence for New York.

Schr Richard Law, York, Stonington for New York.

Schr Julia, Davis, Brookhaven for New York.

Schr Franklin, Dause, Connecticut River for New York.

Schr Silas Brainard, Bull, New Haven for New York.

Schr Dresden, Chase, New Haven for New York.

Schr Modesty, Weaver, New Haven for Norfolk.

Schr P S Vought, Smith, Norwalk for New York.

Schr Annie, Davis, Norwalk for New York.

Schr Mail, Holmes, Greenwich for New York.

Schr Mariner, McInnis, Greenwich for New York.

Schr Onedin, Corwin, Greenport for Albany.

Schr J S Page, Jones, Port Jefferson for New York.

Schr Cinderella, Yarn, Port Jefferson for New York.

BOUND EAST.

U S steamship Frolic, Commander Wilson, from New York, on a cruise.

Brig Abstainer, Elderkin, New York for Parrsboro.

Brig Rosetta, McDonald, New York for Pictou.

Schr W E Woodall, Russell, Virginia for New London.

Schr Mist, Mulvey, Trenton for Providence.

Schr Tempest, Shropshire, Trenton for Middletown.

Schr Elizabeth B, Hogan, South Amboy for Norwich.

Schr S T Chartres, Simmons, Port Johnson for Taunton.

Schr John Lozier, Tredden, Port Johnson for Taunton.

Schr Freeport, Deal, Port Johnson for Salem.

Schr Seraph, Ryder, Elizabethport for New Bedford.

Schr Capital, Robinson, Elizabethport for Portsmouth.

Schr Mary Mershon, Brightman, Elizabethport for Fall River.

Schr Empire, ——, Rondout for Providence.

Schr J Goodspeed, St John, Rondout for Norwich.

Schr Ann Elizabeth, Kelly, Rondout for Pawtucket.

Schr Thos Hunt, Brown, Rondout for Providence.

Schr Entire, Kinney, Newburg for Providence.

Schr J S Perry, Trainer, Newburg for ——.

Schr J E Potts, Davis, Newburg for Fall River.

Schr Potter & Hooper, Bradbury, Haverstraw for Flushing.

Schr Isaac Sherwood, Bacon, Haverstraw for Providence.

Schr Mary Ann, Allen, Hoboken for Salem.

Schr A J Dyer, Baylis, Hoboken for Portland.

Schr Annie Amsden, Bangs, Hoboken for Salem.

Schr J S Watson, ——, Hoboken for Lynn.

Schr C C Smith, Phillips, Hoboken for Pawtuckel.

Schr Ocean Queen, Wilcox, New York for Mystic.

Schr A A Raree, Chapman, New York for New London.

Schr Geo S Torrs, Barber, New York for Noank.

Schr Bruzus, Kelsey, New York for Providence.

Schr Angler, ——, New York for New Bedford.

Schr Adelia, Gillatt, New York for Nova Scotia.

Schr L T Chester, Show, New York for Boston.

Schr Mary Langdon, Bennett, New York for Provincetown.

Schr O C Acken, Hobbie, New York for Stamford.

Schr Haze, McNamee, New York for Greenwich.

Schr E B Smith, Nickerson, New York for Wood's Hole.

Schr J M Freeman, Eldridge, New York for Middletown.

Schr Caroline & Cornelia, Crowley, New York for Providence.

BELOW.

Bark Adelhold & Bertha (NG), Becker, 90 days from Liverpool, with mdse, to Funch, Edye & Co (by pilot boat Fanny, No 12).

SAILED.

Steamships Hermann, for Bremen; Arizona, Aspinwall; Morro Castle, Havana; Gen Barnes, Savannah; South Carolina, Charleston; Saratoga, Richmond, &c.

Wind at sunset SSE.

Shipping Notes.

Steamship City of Brussels, Captain Kennedy, from New York for Queenstown and Liverpool, passed Crookhaven at 8 o'clock AM of the 21st inst.

Schr Ida Lewis, Heustis, cleared at Galveston on the 12th inst with 644 bales cotton for Fall River. This is the first direct shipment ever made from Galveston to Fall River.

The Staten Island ferryboat Josephine was lowered from the smaller balance dock yesterday and proceeded up the North river to a dock contiguous to one of the larger machine works, where she will remain until fitted with a new boiler, new upper saloon, and otherwise thoroughly overhauled and repaired.

Much satisfaction was expressed among the shipping men and the community generally yesterday that the missing steamship City of Brussels, of the Inman line, was seen passing, under sail, off Crookhaven, to her port of destination, Liverpool. Although none of those familiar with the vessel's construction doubted that she would in time safely arrive, the relief experienced upon receipt of the cable telegram conveying the intelligence can feebly be expressed in words.

Marine Disasters.

SHIP W H PRESCOTT, Batchelder, from Callao via Valparaiso Nov 17 for Antwerp, before reported lost, sprung a leak Feb 23, having encountered heavy weather, and was compelled to bear up for the nearest port, which was Maranham, and in attempting to reach that place struck on the reef of Santa Anna and became a total loss.

SHIP ANGLO SAXON, Leahy, 1104 tons, of and from Liverpool, 38 days out, with a cargo of salt, bound to Mobile, was totally wrecked off Morant Keys, March 28, at night. The captain and crew were saved; cargo lost. The British war steamer Mullet went to her assistance and had saved some of ship's materials.

SHIP CREST OF THE WAVE, before reported ashore on Cobb's Island, with loss of all on board, went to pieces evening of 20th inst.

SHIP GERMANIA, from Liverpool for San Francisco, which put into Rio Janeiro in distress, repaired and cleared for destination March 23.

SHIP HERALD (of Salem), Gardner, from Java for Boston, which put into St Thomas March 28, was leaking 5 feet per hour, having encountered heavy weather in lat 27 40 N, lon 67 W. She was discharging cargo April 14.

BARK HEDWIG (NG), from Iquique for Sandy Hook for orders, before reported ashore, became a wreck off the bar of the Rio Francisco, Brazil. Captain and crew saved.

BARK MINNAMNETH (Br), from Rio Janeiro March 5 for Baltimore, put back on the 7th with rudder damaged. Repaired and sailed for destination on the 11th.

BARK JENNY BERTRAUN, from Guanape for Baltimore, which put into Rio Janeiro with rudder damaged, repaired and sailed for destination 14th ult.

BARK RESTLESS (Br), Baker, from Rio Janeiro for New Orleans, before reported supposed to be lost, was wrecked Feb 19 on Grand Caymans.

BRIG ELEANOR MILLER (of Nassau), Gove, from New York Feb 19 for Sierra Leone, with general cargo, put into St Thomas March 30 in distress, having been dismasted in lat 30 N, lon 36 W. She remained in port on the 14th inst, repairing.

SCHR SARAH MARIA, Ham, arrived at Fall River 15th inst with a cargo of lime. At low water the vessel keeled, and the water running into the bilge came in contact with the lime and set it on fire. The crew immediately put on the hatches, closed up every aperture with water and allowed the vessel to remain close until 19th, when the hatches were removed and it was ascertained that the fire was extinguished. The damage, owing to the prompt measures taken, was found not to have exceeded the loss of a few casks of lime.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Cooks, &c.

12 EAST 46TH ST.—A LADY GOING TO EUROPE wishes to find places for two of her girls; one as cook, willing to assist with the washing and ironing; the other as nurse, to take the entire charge of an infant.

24 WEST 46TH ST.—A LADY GOING TO EUROPE wishes to find good places for three of her servants a first class cook, a man waiter and chambermaid. Apply between 11 and 12.

27 WEST 11TH ST., NEAR UNIVERSITY PLACE.—A French cook in a small family.

37 EAST 11TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS GOOD PLAIN cook, washer and ironer; good city reference.

45 WEST 33D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL as good plain cook in a small family; city reference. Call [illegible] to 2.

[illegible] UNIVERSITY PLACE, BETWEEN 11TH AND 12TH sts.—A respectable girl as cook and to do plain washing; best city references.

60 WEST WASHINGTON PLACE, REAR.—A RESpectable young woman as good cook, wa her and ironer, good city reference.

60 WEST WASHINGTON PLACE, REAR.—A FIRST class cook; understands meats, pastry and bread; best city reference; wages no object; a steady home preferred.

60 WEST WASHINGTON PLACE.—A COMPETENT person as cook; thoroughly understands cooking in all its branches; is an excellent baker; best city reference.

63 WEST 44TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS PLAIN cook and excellent washer and ironer; best city reference from her last place.

64 WEST WASHINGTON PLACE.—A RESPECTAble girl to cook, wash and iron; best city reference from her last place.

87 36TH ST., ROOM NO. 2.—A GERMAN (SWISS French) cook, who speaks French and a little English, in an English or American family; neither washing nor ironing, has good recommendations.

109 WEST 15TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, REAR.—TWO girls, sisters, one to cook, wash and iron; the other to do upstairs work, in a small private family; good city reference.

111 WEST 13TH ST., NEAR 6TH AV.—A YOUNG WOman as good cook; good bread, biscuit and pastry maker; willing to do a little washing if required; has city references.

111 WEST 20TH ST., TOP FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE young English woman as first class cook; understands cooking in all its branches; no objection to the country; good city reference.

114 7TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL IN A private family; is a good cook, washer and ironer.

116 EAST 11TH ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 4TH AVS.—A respectable woman as good cook and to assist with the washing; no objection to the country; good city reference.

117 WEST 39TH ST.—TWO RESPECTABLE YOUNG women; one as first class cook and the other as first class waitress, would have no objection to the country for the summer and return in the fall, have the best city reference. Call for two days.

118 EAST 11TH ST., BETWEEN 3D AND 4TH AVS., first floor.—As first class cook.

118 WEST 29TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS cook and to do plain washing; good reference from last place.

119 WEST 30TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS., in rear.—A first class cook, who thoroughly understands cooking in all its branches, pastries, bread and dessert of all kinds; can give best city references; no objection to a boarding house.

124 WEST 26TH ST.—TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS; one as cook and to assist with the washing; the other as chambermaid and waitress.

128 VARICK ST., REAR.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as cook and to assist in washing and ironing; best city reference from last place.

132 WEST 15TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS., first door, cook room.—As first rate cook in a small private family; will wash and iron; good city reference.

132 WEST 19TH ST., IN THE REAR.—A YOUNG woman as first class cook; understands all baking and desserts; would like to go with a family to the country for the summer months; has city references from last place.

146 EAST 45TH ST., NEAR 3D AV., IN THE STORE.—A first class meat and pastry cook; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; no objection to a hotel or nobleman's house, or a short distance in the country; best city reference. Call for two days.

146 EAST 11TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A RESPECTable woman as cook; best city reference of seven years from best families. Call for two days.

147 WEST 28TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS GOOD cook, no objection to a small private boarding house; has good city reference. Can be seen until engaged.

150 7TH AV.—AS FIRST CLASS FAMILY COOK; NO objection to a fine private boarding house; good reference. Call for two days.

153 WEST 17TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman to cook, wash and iron; can give the best city reference.

154 WEST 28TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS.—As cook in a private family; understands meats, soups and pastry; willing to assist with washing; city reference.

154 WEST 13TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS.—A respectable girl as first class cook to go in the country on the North river; no objection to assist with coarse washing; best of reference.

157 EAST 21ST ST.—AS COOK; IS WILLING TO wash and iron. Can be seen at her present place.

200 WEST 46TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS cook and to do plain washing, best city reference from her last place.

203 WEST 27TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV., FIRST FLOOR.—A competent young woman as good cook; is a good baker; will assist with the washing; city reference.

205 EAST 20TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A RESpectable girl as good plain cook and to assist with the washing and ironing; the best city reference.

206 EAST 26TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS cook and to assist with washing; understands cooking; good baker; good reference; willing to go a short distance in the country.

207 3D ST., SECOND DOOR FROM CORNER Broadway and 4th av.—As cook, washer and ironer; good city reference.

213 EAST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO cook, wash and iron; best city reference.

224 WEST 13TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—A SCOTCH Protestant woman as cook; is an excellent bread and biscuit baker; understands meats and pastry; is willing and obliging; good city reference.

225 5TH AV., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A RESpectable woman as first class cook in a private family; good city reference.

227 EAST 29TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS good cook, to assist in washing and ironing, over three years' best city reference. Can be seen for two days.

241 WEST 27TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS good cook; no objection to assist with the washing and ironing; best city reference given.

242 WEST 22D ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO do cooking, plain washing and ironing; best city reference. Can be seen from 6 to 10 A. M. and 3 to 6 P. M.

245 WEST 33D ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS.—As cook, washer and ironer; good bread and biscuit baker; good city reference.

254 WEST 26TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—A respectable young woman as cook; is a good baker, washer and ironer; has two years' reference from her last place. Call for two days.

265 7TH AV., CORNER OF 25TH ST.—A YOUNG girl as cook; understands her business; can give the best city reference.

269 7TH AV., BETWEEN 26TH AND 27TH STS.—AN experienced cook in a first class private family in the city; first class reference. Call from 9 till 3 o'clock.

291 6TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS cook; best reference. Can be seen for two days.

316 EAST 32D ST., IN THE STORE.—A YOUNG girl to cook, wash and iron in a private family, or would do chamberwork and assist with the washing and ironing; good city reference from last place.

317 8TH AV.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS COOK, WASHer and ironer; city reference.

326 WEST 43D ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS cook and to do the coarse washing in a private family; the best city reference.

331 WEST 17TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH AVS.—A respectable girl as a plain cook; has no objection to assist in the washing and ironing; has good references.

332 EAST 32D ST.—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS cook; no objection to the country.

334 WEST 26TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS., in the store.—As excellent cook; will assist with the washing and ironing; is a first rate baker, best city reference.

336 WEST 36TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS plain cook, washer and ironer, or to do housework in a small family; good city reference.

340 EAST 16TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A RESPECTAble girl as cook, washer and ironer.

342 EAST 11TH ST., ROOM 12.—A YOUNG GIRL to do cooking, washing and ironing in a small family; good city reference.

348 EAST 17TH ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS.—As professed cook; unequalled in all kinds of French, English and German cooking; dinner served for parties in the neatest manner; is a superior confectioner, ornamental and plain; is a first class housekeeper, having lived in this capacity for a number of years in the first families; best city reference.

356 WEST 25TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH AVS.—A young woman as first class cook in a private family; understands all kinds of cooking and baking; no objection to a first class boarding house; good city references.

420 1ST AV.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL AS cook, washer and ironer in a small private family; three years' city reference from her last place. Call to day.

428 7TH AV., BETWEEN 33D AND 34TH STS.—A good cook; understands her business thoroughly; is an excellent baker; would assist with the washing; best city reference from her last place.

435 WEST 29TH ST.—AS GOOD PLAIN COOK; UNderstands meats, poultry, jellies, &c.; is an excellent baker of bread and biscuit. Call for two days.

437 WEST 39TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL as first class cook; is well recommended from her last situation. Can be seen for two days.

448 WEST 28TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 10TH AVS.—A respectable girl as cook; has no objection to assist in washing; good city reference.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Cooks, &c.

488 6TH AV., BETWEEN 25TH AND 26TH STS., room 10.—As professional cook in all its various branches, soups, meats, pastry, game in all styles, boning, jellies, mousses and ices; also a professional waitress; would like to go together in a private family to the country or Newport; best city references. Call for two days.

507 WEST 19TH ST., TOP FLOOR.—A RESPECTAble woman as plain cook, washer and ironer; is not afraid of work; city reference.

656 3D AV., BETWEEN 42D AND 43D STS.—A RESpectable girl as plain cook and good washer and ironer; good reference from last place.

Chambermaids, &c.

3 UNION COURT (UNIVERSITY PLACE), BETWEEN 11th and 12th sts.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and to assist in washing, or as chambermaid and waitress; no objection to the country during the summer; six years' city reference.

4 UNION COURT, NEAR UNIVERSITY PLACE.—A young girl as chambermaid or waitress; would do both in a small family; has three years' city reference.

18 EAST 13TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and waitress or to do light chamberwork and plain sewing; is willing and obliging. Call at her present employer's for two days.

42 EAST 32D ST., BETWEEN 4TH AND MADISON avs.—A young woman to do chamberwork and assist with the washing, or to take care of children; has the best city reference.

46 CHARLTON ST., TOP FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A respectable Welsh girl as chambermaid and to make herself generally useful.

55 2D AV.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL AS chambermaid and to mind children; best city reference.

82 AV. A, SECOND FLOOR.—TO DO CHAMBERwork and waiting in this city, a small family preferred; reference given.

89 6TH AV., SECOND FLOOR, FRONT ROOM.—A respectable woman as chambermaid and to assist at general housework; is willing and obliging.

113 WEST 22TH ST.—AS CHAMBERMAID IN A private family; good reference given.

115 WEST 23D ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERmaid or to assist in plain washing and ironing.

115 WEST 15TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress; no objection to assist with the washing and ironing; best city references.

118 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress; no objection to the country during the summer; good reference.

121 DEGRAW ST., BROOKLYN.—A RESPECTABLE young girl as chambermaid and to do plain sewing or as chambermaid and waitress; good city references. Call for two days.

125 WEST 38TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs.—A respectable young girl as chambermaid and waitress and to assist with the washing. Can be well recommended from her last place.

137 7TH AV., BETWEEN 15TH AND 16TH STS.—A young woman as chambermaid and waitress or to do general housework.

139 WEST 28TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH avs.—A German girl to do chamberwork and waiting; willing to assist in washing and ironing. Call for two days.

140 WEST 18TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS., second floor front room.—A respectable young girl as chambermaid and waitress. In a small private family; can be well recommended. Particular inquire of the subscriber, no objection to the country for the summer months.

152 WEST 13TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—A RESPECTable young girl as chambermaid or waitress; would like the country.

157 WEST 21ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and to do the washing and ironing; good city reference; no objection to the country.

160 WEST 52D ST., 7TH AV., TOP FLOOR.—A RESpectable young girl as chambermaid and waitress or to take care of children; city reference. Call for two days.

167 WEST 36TH ST.—A FIRST CLASS CHAMBERmaid in a private family. To be seen at present employer's till May 1.

207 WEST 35TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—A YOUNG German chambermaid; is an excellent washer and ironer, can do fluting and ladies' fineries; best city reference.

214 EAST 28TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A RESPECTable girl as chambermaid or waitress, can do general housework in a small family.

217 28TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS.—A respectable young girl as chambermaid or waitress; understands her business well; no objection to go with the family to the country, best city reference.

226 EAST 29TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBermaid and waitress, or would assist in washing; good city references. Call for two days.

235 WEST 24TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—A respectable young woman to do chamberwork and sewing, no objections to go to the country, can bring good city reference. Call for two days.

241 WEST 32D ST.—A GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress in a small family, no objection to go to the country for the summer months; good city reference. Can be seen for two days.

241 WEST 37TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS., top floor.—A young girl as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; good city reference. Can be seen for two days.

242 EAST 35TH ST., THIRD FLOOR.—A YOUNG German girl, aged 18 years, to do chamberwork and waiting in a private family.

246 WEST 35TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH ave., front basement.—As chambermaid and waitress, or would do housework in a small private family; good reference.

247 WEST 33D ST.—A SCOTCH PROTESTANT GIRL as chambermaid and waitress; good city reference.

269 7TH AV., BETWEEN 25TH AND 26TH STS.—A young girl as chambermaid and plain sewer or to assist in waiting in a first class private family; first class references.

304 AV. A, FIRST FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE young woman as chambermaid and plain seamstress. Call for two days.

306 EAST 31ST ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A RESPECTable English person as chambermaid and waitress; good recommendations.

309 7TH AV., BETWEEN 27TH AND 28TH STS.—A young woman as chambermaid, or to do housework in a small family; city reference.

316 EAST 32D ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERmaid and waitress; will assist with the washing; best city reference.

319 2D AV.—A PROTESTANT GIRL AS CHAMBERmaid and waitress or plain sewer. Can be seen at her present employer's.

327 EAST 16TH ST., NEAR LIVINGSTON PLACE.—As chambermaid and seamstress; understands a Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine, no objection to assist in the care of children; satisfactory reference.

327 EAST 38TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do chamberwork and waiting in a private family or boarding house; best reference from her last place.

331 EAST 28TH ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS.—A best young girl as chambermaid and waitress; is competent to take the entire charge; has good city reference.

333 WEST 26TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH avs.—A respectable girl as chambermaid and to assist with washing; good city reference. Call for two days.

339 WEST 40TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, FRONT.—A competent, steady young woman as chambermaid; can operate on a Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine; no objection to the care of children. Can be seen for two days.

340 EAST 24TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A respectable young girl as chambermaid and waitress or to take care of children in a private family; no objection to go a short distance in the country for the summer.

342 WEST 26TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl as chambermaid and waitress; good city reference.

245 WEST 33D ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMbermaid and waitress, or to take care of children, in city or country; three years' reference.

346 WEST 28TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS CHAMbermaid or waitress, or to do plain sewing; best reference.

347 7TH AV., NEAR 28TH ST.—AS FIRST CLASS chambermaid and to do the washing or sewing; good city reference. Call for two days.

350 WEST 16TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMbermaid and to assist with the washing and ironing, or to do plain sewing; no objections to go with a family to the country for the summer; good city reference from last place.

387 3D AV., SECOND FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A RESpectable girl as chambermaid or chambermaid and good plain sewer; best city reference. Call for two days.

425 EAST 17TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A GIRL TO DO chamberwork or take care of children; best city reference. Call for two days.

427 3D AV., BETWEEN 25TH AND 26TH STS.—TO DO chamberwork and waiting and to assist with the washing and ironing; has good reference from her last place. Call for two days.

427 WEST 24TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl to do chamberwork and assist in washing and ironing; is willing to go to the country, or travel with a family.

431 WEST 37TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS CHAMbermaid and to do the fine washing and fine fluting; best city reference from last place. Can be seen for two days.

350 WEST 26TH ST.—A PROTESTANT GIRL AS first class chambermaid and is willing to assist in any other work, in a private family; best city reference. Call for two days.

461 WEST 32D ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS CHAMbermaid and waitress in a private family; 18 months' reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days.

462 7TH AV., CORNER 35TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE young woman as chambermaid and waitress and assist in washing. Call in dressmaker's.

502 WEST 26TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as chambermaid and to assist with the washing in a respectable private family; willing to make herself generally useful. Can be seen for two days.

565 3D AV., BETWEEN 37TH AND 38TH STS.—A smart, tidy young girl as chambermaid and waitress, or would assist with the washing; thoroughly understands her business and is willing and obliging; the very best city reference can be given. Can be seen for two days.

621 LEXINGTON AV.—A YOUNG AMERICAN GIRL, between 15 and 16, to do light chamberwork and waiting. Call at her late employer's.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Chambermaids, &c.

772 2D AV.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS CHAMbermaid and waitress or to mind children; four years' reference.

894 2D AV., FOURTH FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A young girl as chambermaid and waitress; no objection to a respectable boarding house or a short distance in the country; best city reference if required.

A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID AND a slut at washing or as nurse; no objections to the country; best city reference. Address M. C., box 218 Herald office.

A RESPECTABLE PERSON FOR CHAMBERWORK and laundress; no objection to assist with children; good city reference. Union court, University place, 14th st.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL WANTS A SITUAtion as chambermaid and to assist in the washing and ironing; good references. Address M. C., Herald office.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

1ST FLOOR, FRONT ROOM, 337 EAST 12TH ST.—Fashionable dress and cloakmaking; Spring and Summer Suits, $8, upwards; Wrappers, $3 a $3 50; also children's and misses' garments made to order; patterns and fashion plates, cutting and basting. Terms cash. Call or address.

6 CLARKSON ST., NEAR VARICK.—A RESPECTable Protestant girl to do plain sewing or take care of children in a private family. Call for two days.

36 8TH AV., BETWEEN 12TH AND JANE STS.—Ladies wishing to do their own dress-making can have garments of every description of ladies' and children's wear cut and basted at a trifling expense; all the latest styles trimmed; patterns to select from; also dresses made at short notice and on very reasonable terms.

109 WEST 32D ST. (PRESENT EMPLOYER'S).—AS seamstress in a private family by a fully competent young girl.

140 WEST 19TH ST.—AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS; will do chamberwork; no objection to the country for the summer; can operate on a Wheeler & Wilson machine; good references.

146 WEST 49TH ST., BETWEEN BROADWAY AND 6th av.—A respectable girl as seamstress; can cut and fit children's dresses; good city references.

153 31ST ST., NEAR 6TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE young woman as seamstress and to assist with children; no objections to do chamberwork; is willing and obliging; best city reference.

155 WEST 31ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS seamstress and nurse or nurse and chambermaid; no objection to the country nor to travel.

201 EAST 37TH ST., CORNER 3D AV., OVER GROcery store.—A first class dressmaker wishes a few more engagements by the day; can make evening dresses and walking suits in the most fashionable manner; has her own Wheeler & Wilson's machine; best city reference if required. Please No. 4 bell.

213 WEST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—An experienced dressmaker wishes a few more engagements by the day in private families.

231 EAST 37TH ST., TOP FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A young woman as seamstress and nurse; best city reference as to capability and character. Can be seen until engaged. Call or address.

309 EAST 11TH ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS., third floor.—A first class dressmaker, to work by day or week on Wheeler & Wilson's machine.

333 EAST 16TH ST.—A FIRST CLASS CUTTER AND fitter will go out by the day or week's work in private families. Address HELEN, dressmaker.

349 WEST 25TH ST.—A COMPETENT DRESSmaker wishes a few more engagements by the day; understands cutting and trimming ladies' and children's dresses in the latest style. Address.

396 8TH AV., IN THE BAKERY.—A FASHIONABLE dressmaker would like a few more engagements, by week or month, with or without machine.

428 6TH AV., BETWEEN 29TH AND 30TH STS., third floor.—A first class dressmaker, to work by the day, or would bring the work home if preferred.

530 3D AV., BETWEEN 35TH AND 36TH STS.—A young lady wishes to obtain sewing in a family with or without her own machine; can do all kinds of work. Call for two days.

659 2D AV., SOUTHWEST CORNER 36TH ST., TOP floor, front.—An American Protestant to go to the country as seamstress and to take care of children; has her own Wheeler & Wilson machine; can make shirts; is kind and obliging.

880 8TH AV., BETWEEN 52D AND 53D STS.—A lady, formerly of Madame Dieden's, will do dressmaking at home (own house) for a few first class families, at a reasonable price.

A GOOD DRESSMAKER WISHES A FEW MORE ENgagements in private families. Address M. D., station E, 8th av.

General Housework, &c.

161 DOWNING ST., REAR BASEMENT.—A RESPECTable girl in small private family to do general housework; good city reference. Call for two days.

154 WEST 32D ST.—TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork; is willing and obliging; good city references. Address B.

207 EAST 5TH ST., REAR.—A RESPECTABLE married woman, with a baby, to do housework; city or country. Call for two days.

333 WEST 28TH ST., UP STAIRS.—A RESPECTAble young girl to do housework in a small private family; is a good washer and ironer.

410 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL to do general housework in a small private family, or would do up stairs work; good references.

412 7TH AV., BETWEEN 2ND AND 3RD STS.—A RESpectable girl to do general housework in a small family.

490 6TH AV., BETWEEN 29TH AND 30TH STS., room No. 6.—A young woman, lately landed, to do general housework in a small family; no objection to the country.

567 BROOME ST., NEAR VARICK.—A RESPECTable young woman to do general housework in a private family; good reference.

921 8TH AV., TOP FLOOR.—A YOUNG WOMAN TO do general housework in a small private family; good city reference from last place, where she has lived over two years.

Housekeepers, &c.

4 DEPAU ROW BLEECKER ST.—A FOREIGN LADY as housekeeper in a widower's family, or as governess; French, German, painting, music. Call on or address Mme. ADOLPHUS.

66 EAST 4TH ST.—AN EXCELLENT MIDDLE AGED woman as housekeeper in the city or country, or would have no objection to a private family as cook. Can be seen for one week at her present employer's, with whom she has lived the five years, the reason for leaving the family is breaking up housekeeping.

74 EAST 8TH ST.—AS HOUSEKEEPER OR LADY'S maid a respectable German person of good experience, in a private or widower's family; perfectly competent to take full charge of a house; is also a good dressmaker and hairdresser; best reference. Call on or address A. BRIDING, for two days.

79 1ST ST.—AN AMERICAN LADY OF CAPABILITIES would like the charge of a house for the summer or a housekeeping place; satisfactory reference given.

153 WEST 25TH ST.—AN AMERICAN LADY OF EXperience as housekeeper, no objection to the country; the highest testimonials given.

167 SPRING ST.—A MIDDLE AGED AMERICAN widow as housekeeper, or to take care of an invalid; would not object to travel; good references. Mrs. WILLIAMS.

204 WEST 36TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE LADY AS housekeeper; no objection to the country. Call or address.

235 5TH ST., A FEW DOORS FROM 3D AV., IN THE store.—As housekeeper, would do light housework in a well-to-do family in small; understands her business; a good home preferred to high wages; good reference.

328 EAST 58TH ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS.—A widow lady of respectability and refinement as housekeeper or ladies' companion; no objection to children or to take care of an invalid lady or to take charge of a house during the summer; good references. Call on or address, for one week, HOUSEKEEPER.

328 EAST 58TH ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS.—A respectable middle aged lady, who speaks French, English and German, as housekeeper; would prefer a widower's family; no objection to children; understands all kinds of embroidery; would take charge of an invalid lady. Call on or address, for one week, L. M.

A POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—BY A person fully capable of taking charge; not particular about remaining in the city. Tribune need not respond. Address Miss MAMIE, station D.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY WISHES A POSITION AS housekeeper in a widower's family, or any position not menial, where she can have a good home in preference to high wages; is a thorough housekeeper. Address Mrs. E. A., box 230 Herald office.

A PERSON OF REFINEMENT AND INTELLIGENCE wishes a situation as housekeeper or wound be willing to do the work of a small family; kind treatment and a permanent home more an object than high salary; no objection to the country. Address for two days A. M. C., box 139 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER, either in the city or country, by an American lady of refinement and experience; the best of references given. Address Mrs. LIBBY, No. 878 Broadway, Albany, N. Y.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE AGED LADY A SITUAtion as housekeeper in a hotel or assistant housekeeper in some public institution; references exchanged. Address HOUSEKEEPER, Irving House, corner of Broadway and East 15th st.

Laundresses, &c.

38 5TH ST., BETWEEN MADISON AND 5TH AVS.—A respectable woman wishes to take washing and ironing at her own home; is first a rate hand to do up gentlemen's shirts; good reference. Call all the week.

49 WEST 13TH ST.—AS FIRST CLASS LAUNDRESS; can give the best city reference.

107 WEST 32D ST.—AS PROFESSED LAUNDRESS in a private family; understands fluting and ladies' fineries; a family going into the country during the summer preferred; best references.

132 ELIZABETH ST., REAR BUILDING, ROOM NO. 6.—Wanted, washing and ironing; good references. Apply to Mrs. NASH.

137 WEST 39TH ST., BETWEEN BROADWAY AND 7th av.—As first class laundress; understands her business; no objection to the country; first class references.

140 WEST 19TH ST., TOP FLOOR, BACK ROOM. A respectable woman to do washing for families in the city or for families who leave their washing and go in the country, is a first rate washer and ironer and fluter; best city reference.

144 EAST 15TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A respectable young woman as first class laundress in a private family; understands fluting; has the best city reference. Can be seen for two days.

150 WEST 10TH ST.—AS FIRST CLASS LAUNDRESS; understands all kinds of linen and fluting; best city reference.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Laundresses, &c.

152 WEST 35TH ST.—AN EXPERIENCED LAUNdress to do the washing of a small family. Call for two days.

160 WEST 52D ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—A RESPECTAble girl as laundress in a private family; no objection to the country; understands her business thoroughly; has good references.

201 WEST 24TH ST.—A COMPETENT WOMAN AS laundress; no objection to chamberwork if required; good city reference.

203 WEST 27TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, NEAR 7TH av.—As first class laundress, and her daughter to take care of children and assist in chamberwork; city reference.

206 EWEN ST., WILLIAMSBURG, THIRD FLOOR, front.—A lady of experience to do washing for a few respectable families or gentlemen at her own house or would go out by the day; satisfaction guaranteed.

206 WEST 27TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, BACK room.—An excellent washer and ironer would like a few gent emen's and ladies' washing; understands French fluting; well recommended.

220 WEST 27TH ST., ROOM 10.—WASHING, IRONing or housecleaning by the day or week; best city reference. Call for two days.

232 46TH ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3D AVS.—A RESpectable young girl as laundress; city reference. Call for two days.

255 7TH AV., BETWEEN 24TH AND 25TH STS., IN store.—Two respectable young girls in a private boarding house, both to go together; one as first class laundress; thoroughly understands her business; has six years' reference from last place; the other as first class chambermaid thoroughly understands her business; best city reference from last place.

238 EAST 36TH ST., TOP FLOOR.—AS FIRST CLASS washer or ironer by the day.

251 7TH AV., CORNER OF 26TH ST.—A YOUNG Scotch woman as first class laundress; good city reference. Would like to go in the country for the summer. Can be seen for one day.

318 EAST 38TH ST.—AS COMPETENT LAUNDRESS; ladies' and gentlemen's or family washing; understands woollens and lace and fluting in neatest style; can be delivered to any part of the city; has no encumbrance; no objection to go out by the day; best of reference if required. Call or address.

325 EAST 13TH ST.—A YOUNG GERMAN LADY TO take charge of growing children in a private family; is a good seamstress. Call or address.

331 WEST 25TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, BACK room.—A respectable woman to do family washing at her own house; is fully competent; good reference.

336 EAST 12TH ST., NEAR 2D AV.—A RESPECTAble girl as first class laundress; best city referen e.

338 EAST 25TH ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS.—As laundress; is a good washer and ironer and French fluter; would assist in light chamberwork; can be seen for two days; has city reference.

347 EAST 24TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A RESPECtable girl as laundress and to assist with chamberwork; good reference.

507 6TH AV., BETWEEN 30TH AND 31ST STS.—AS first class laundress in a private family; can fluting and polish all kinds of fineries in best manner; best references.

1,495 BROADWAY, BETWEEN 45TH AND 46TH sts., in the store.—As laundress or to do chamberwork or fine sewing; best city reference.

Nurses, &c.

13 UNION COURT (UNIVERSITY PLACE).—A SCOTCH Protestant woman as nurse either to children or an invalid lady; no objections to go in the country or to travel with a family going to Europe.

42 GREENWICH AV.—A COMPETENT GIRL AS child's nurse. Can be seen at her present place.

54 NORTH 8TH ST., BETWEEN 11TH AND 12TH sts., Williamsburg.—A young woman as wet nurse. Can be seen for two days.

116 EAST 11TH ST., BETWEEN 3D AND 4TH avs.—A young American girl to mind children, do sewing and make herself generally useful around the house.

133 7TH AV., CORNER OF 16TH ST., IN THE GROcery.—A young woman as nurse; is capable of taking charge of a baby from its infancy and is willing to make herself useful; best city reference.

149 WEST 17TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs.—As experienced nurse; can take charge of a baby from its birth, no objection to travel; best city reference.

165 BLEECKER ST. (NEW NO.)—AN EXPERIENCED monthly nurse. Inquire for Mrs. BENE.

202 WEST 27TH ST., IN GROCERY.—A COMPETENT woman as nurse and seamstress; would take care of growing children; country preferred; best city reference.

208 WEST 16TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN to wet nurse a baby.

216 EAST 6TH ST.—A YOUNG AMERICAN GIRL AS nurse and chambermaid; best reference. Call or address.

219 SULLIVAN ST., FIRST FLOOR, REAR.—A RESpectable married woman, lately landed, who lost her baby two months old and has an excellent of milk, to go out in a private family as wet nurse.

222 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE MARried woman, with a fresh breast of milk, as wet nurse; no objection to go in the country; best city reference can be given. Can be seen to-day.

223 10TH AV., CORNER OF 23D ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A young girl, lately landed, to take care of children and to do chamberwork.

250 SPRING ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE ENtire charge of a young baby; operates on machine and can do plain sewing.

252 EAST 35TH ST.—A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE woman as nurse and seamstress; is competent to take charge of an infant; is a good seamstress and a first rate operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; has her own machine; eight years' best city reference.

309 7TH AV., BETWEEN 27TH AND 28TH STS.—AS nurse and seamstress, or would do light chamberwork, best city reference from her last employer.

318 8TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE girl, 15 years of age, to mind children.

327 EAST 86TH ST., TOP FLOOR.—A RESPECTable young girl to take care of children or do plain sewing, best city reference.

327 BERGEN ST., BETWEEN 4TH AND 5TH AVS., Brooklyn.—As first class ladies' nurse. Mrs. WHITE.

331 EAST 29TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS NURSE and chambermaid; best city reference.

331 WEST 26TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, BACK room.—A respectable woman wants a baby to wet nurse at her own house, where it will be kindly treated.

331 7TH AV., REAR, FIRST FLOOR.—A YOUNG woman to mind children and make herself otherwise useful.

335 EAST 22D ST., SECOND FLOOR, FRONT.—A competent person as nurse; can sew all city by hand or machine; prefers going in the country; also a person to do chamberwork; no objection to go in the country.

340 WEST 25TH ST.—A COMPETENT NURSE; IS well experienced in the care of children; can take entire charge of an infant; no objection to the country; unexceptionable reference.

345 WEST 15TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs., rear.—A respect ble Protestant girl to take care of children and to do light chamberwork; good city reference. Can be seen for two days if not engaged.

347 EAST 24TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A RESPECTable young girl as nurse and to make herself generally useful.

357 WEST 25TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH AVS.—A respectable woman as wet nurse. Can be seen for two days.

512 EAST 13TH ST., BETWEEN AV. A AND B.—A German woman as wet nurse, with seven weeks fresh breast of milk.

744 10TH AV., BETWEEN 50TH AND 51ST STS., first floor.—A respectable married woman as wet nurse in a gentleman's private family; her baby is five weeks old; is an English woman. Has first class references.

A RESPECTABLE MARRIED WOMAN AS WET nurse; has a good breast of milk. Address all this week Mrs. CAREY, station B.

A YOUNG MARRIED WOMAN WISHES A SITUATION as wet nurse; good reference if required. Address M. F., box 162 Herald office.

A YOUNG WOMAN WISHES A SITUATION TO TAKE entire charge of one or two children; can cut and trim for same; only respectable parties need answer. Address Miss IRVING, Herald office.

Waitresses, &c.

55 WEST 9TH ST. (PRESENT EMPLOYER'S).—A young girl as first class waitress.

115 WEST 33D ST., A FEW DOORS FROM 6TH AV.—A young woman as waitress; is competent and willing; good references given; both city and country.

116 EAST 11TH ST., BETWEEN 3D AND 4TH ave.—A respectable girl as waitress and chambermaid; no objection to the country; best city reference.

222 (OLD NO.) 7TH AV., BETWEEN 24TH AND 25th sts., top floor.—A respectable young girl in a private family as waitress or to do chamberwork; is willing and obliging. Call for two days.

256 WEST 37TH ST., IN THE CANDY STORE.—TWO young women; one as waitress and to assist with chamberwork; the other as fine washer and to do chamberwork; best city reference.

265 7TH AV., CORNER OF 25TH ST.—A YOUNG girl as waitress and chambermaid; understands her business; best references.

305 7TH AV., BETWEEN 27TH AND 28TH STS.—A respectable young woman as waitress and to assist with the chamberwork; best city references.

306 21ST ST., IN THE REAR.—A RESPECTABLE young girl as waitress and chambermaid; has good city reference from her last place. Call for two days.

337 WEST 26TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS waitress in a private family, or to do housework; would go a short distance in the country; best city reference.

Miscellaneous.

13 GRAND ST.—A RESPECTABLE COLORED WOman as lady's maid and seamstress, or child's nurse to travel.

17 MADISON AV.—AS COMPANION OR ATTENDANT upon an invalid or to assist in housekeeping in a small private family; refence from present employer.

20 EAST 14TH ST., LAUNDRY OFFICE, BASEMENT door.—A young lady to act as cashier in a restaurant or confectionery; or would go as saleslady; is well acquainted with the business.

COACHMEN AND GARDENERS.

A GENTLEMAN, GOING TO EUROPE, WISHES TO obtain a situation for his coachman. Can be seen at 184 Madison av., for three days.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST CLASS COlored coachman and groom; best city reference. Apply at No. 9 West 21st st.

A COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A STEADY, sober man; thoroughly understands his business; best city reference. Call on or address P. K., No. 6 East 26th st.

A FIRST CLASS COACHMAN WANTS A SITUATION in a private family; best city references from some of the best families in the city. Call on or address H. L., No. 4 West 30th st.

A COACHMAN WANTS A SITUATION.—NO OBJECTION to city or country; good references given. Apply at 548 1st av.

A COACHMAN AND GARDENER WISHES A SITUATION; one who understands his business thoroughly; best city reference; willing and obliging. Address T. D., box 120 Herald office.

A COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE young man who thoroughly understands his business; willing to make himself generally useful, best city reference. Address J., box 229 Herald office.

A FIRST CLASS COACHMAN AND GARDENER'S situation wanted; is a single man and city driver; six years' reference; a perfect horseman. Employer can be seen. Address E. N., box 127 Herald office.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT SINGLE man as coachman; no objection to the country; the best city references. Call on or address COACHMAN, Gresham's harness store, 56 University place.

A COLORED MAN WISHES A SITUATION AS coachman or groom; thoroughly understands his business. Address E. HUNTER, 152 West 38th st., for two days.

A YOUNG MAN OF STEADY HABITS WANTS TO WORK at plain gardening in the city of New York or Brooklyn; understands the care of horses and cows. Address P. W., Herald Branch office, Brooklyn.

A GENTLEMAN WANTS A SITUATION FOR HIS coachman; unexceptionable reference. Call on or address care Mr. A. F. HOWLAND, No. 40 Broad st., New York; Barton & Allen, bankers.

A YOUNG MARRIED MAN, WITH A WIFE AND ONE child, wants a situation as coachman; no objection to go in the country; best city reference. Address J. S., Herald office.

A SITUATION WANTED BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN as coachman; is willing and obliging, good city references. Call on or address J. S., 15 John st.

A YOUNG MAN WISHES A SITUATION AS GROOM or coachman, would assist in the garden, or as apprentice to learn a trade; good reference. Call on or address P. M., No. 213 Houston st., near Varick.

A YOUNG MAN DESIRES A SITUATION AS COACHman in a private family; understands his business thoroughly; the best city reference. Call for two days at stables 22 East 13th st.

A MARRIED MAN AS COACHMAN AND GROOM, IS a safe driver; understands the care of horses thoroughly; best reference from last employer. Call at or address 30 East 14th st., harness store.

A FIRST CLASS GROOM WANTS A SITUATION—IS a good driver; not afraid to work. Has good references. Address A. N., box 200 Herald office.

A GENTLEMAN WANTS A SITUATION FOR HIS coachman, whom he can highly recommend for the last four years. Address J. R., 18 West 28th st., in harness store.

A COLORED COACHMAN WISHES A SITUATION; understands his business thoroughly; best city reference. 211 West 15th st.

A YOUNG MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS COACHman and gardener; is willing and obliging; will make himself generally useful; no objection to the country; good city and country references. Address M. F. D., box 118 Herald office.

A COACHMAN AND GARDENER'S SITUATION wanted by a young man, a city driver; wishes to go in the country; is willing and obliging; good references from employer. Address T. R., box 105 Herald office.

A COMPETENT GARDENER WANTS A SITUATION; has a perfect knowledge of conducting the business of a place; or would go to manage a farm. Apply at 159 West 18th st.

A SINGLE MAN WISHES A SITUATION AS COACHman and to assist in gardening. Address J. B., box 129 Herald office.

A SITUATION WANTED—AS GARDENER, BY A RESpectable, sober man; will take care of cow and horse if required; is a good driver, first class reference. Address S. W., Herald office.

A YOUNG GERMAN WANTS A SITUATION as coachman or to travel with a private family; best reference from last employer. Address H. X., Herald office.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN (GERMAN) WISHES a situation as coachman; thoroughly understands his business; careful driver and groom; best city reference. Call on or address H. R., 39 West 18th st., private stable.

A FIRST CLASS MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS coachman; understands his business, care and treatment of horses; willing and obliging. Address T. M. G., Saddlery, 445 6th av.

A VERY RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN—THAT CAN turn out a team in good style, wants a situation as coachman; can be well recommended. Can be seen at the stables, corner of Forty-ninth st. and Lexington av., where he is in his situation at present, or MR. LAMB.

A SITUATION FOR HIS COACHMAN WANTED—BY a gentleman about leaving the city; no objection to the country. Apply to, or address J. C. HODGE, 42 John st.

A PRACTICAL GARDENER HAS TWO OR THREE days a week to spare. Apply to JOHN OZANNE, 404 West 24th st.; or at Mr. E. J. Day's coal office, West 29th st., near 6th av.

A COACHMAN AND GARDENER'S SITUATION wanted—By a respectable Protestant married man; no incumbrance; thoroughly understands his business, is of quiet, sober, industrious habits; first class city reference. Call at or address WM. LOWDEN'S saddlery store, 30 East 14th st., near 6th av.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST CLASS SINGLE man as coachman and gardener; will be found civil and obliging; has the best references; can milk if required. Address C. M., box 122 Herald office.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A MIDDLE AGED married man, without children, as coachman or groom, to take charge of a gentleman's horses; is generally competent in all its branches; has splendid discharges from the old land and good city reference; will go to any part of the country if required. Address W. M., coachman or groom, 553 32d st., between 1st and 2d ave.

COACHMAN.—WANTED, A FIRST CLASS COACHman, for a family residing in Brooklyn. Address box 4,365 Post office.

COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE man, not afraid of work; understands his business in full; references will be found satisfactory. Address C. D., box 116 Herald office.

COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG man; thoroughly understands his business; best city reference. Apply at 152 West 16th st.

COACHMAN'S AND GROOM'S SITUATION WANTED—By a first class single man; will be found civil and obliging; thoroughly understands the care of horses, carriages and harness; best city reference. Address J. N., box 148 Herald office.

GARDENER'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A MARRIED man, without any family, who thoroughly understands his business; can furnish several years' undoubted reference. Address WILLIAM, care G. W. Wilson, No. 9 John st.

GROOM AND COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—By a sober, reliable, middle aged man, thoroughly trained to the business from his youth; no objection to plain gardening and taking care of a cow. Address COACHMAN, box 174 Herald office.

GARDENER'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A SOBER, industrious single Scotchman, of the highest capacity in graperies, greenhouse fruits, flowers, vegetables; highest references. Address E. R., box 157 Herald office.

RESPECTABLE MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS coachman and gardener; is a good groom and driver; has a thorough knowledge of plain vegetable gardening; best city reference. Address J. M., box 201 Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED AS VEGETABLE GARDENER—By a steady young man; eight years' reference. Address GARDENER, box 122 Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST CLASS GERMAN coachman, who understands his business thoroughly; can bring good reference from his present employer; speaks English and French. Address H. M., 104 West 13th st., in the store.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, AS coachman and gardener; understands his business; three years' reference from last employer; country preferred. Address JOSEPH, box 125 Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, AS coachman and groom and plain gardener; can milk; would make himself generally useful. Address M. H., box 136 Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, 30 YEARS of age, as first class coachman and groom; the very best city reference; 12 years' experience; will be found willing and obliging. Call at or address 713 6th av., harness store.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST CLASS GROOM and coachman; thoroughly understands his business; no objection to the country; best city reference. Address W. G., 66 Irving place.

WANTED—A GOOD GARDENER AND HOSTLER. Call at boat 15, foot of West 16th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR groom; character unexceptionable. Best city references. Address P. R., Boulevard stables, West 50th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A SINGLE YOUNG man, as coachman and gardener; refers to last employer. Address T. S., box 325 Herald office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE AMERICAN YOUNG MAN, a situation as first class coachman, good reference from last employer. Address G. J. B., box 156 Herald office.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT MARRIED MAN, SMALL family, to work a small farm and garden; place permanent to a good man. Apply at private stable 203 East 27th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A FIRST CLASS COACHman; a Protestant; willing to go to any part of the country if required; satisfactory city reference. Address TOM, box 120 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY A Protestant young man, who is well up in all the branches of his profession and who has had long experience both in England and Ireland. Address JAMES HAYES, 312 East 33d st., between 1st and 2d ave.

WANTED—BY A COLORED MAN, A SITUATION AS coachman; can give first class city reference. Call at or address for three days 245 West 17th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND GARdener, by a good reliable man; understands city or country; best references. Address C. C., box 117 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER; A NEW place to lay out or green-house grapery. Address C. C., box 109 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A married man of long experience. For particulars and reference call on or address Mr. B. LODER, 79 Cedar st., his present employer.

COACHMEN AND GARDENERS.

WANTED—COACHMAN AND GARDENER, MARRIED, white, to take care of two horses and small garden, in village of Warren, Haverstraw; must be recommended, willing and obliging; house provided. Call at 155 West st., on Friday, 11 to 12 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM OR COACHman, by a young man, who thoroughly understands his business; best city reference. Call on or address GROOM, 122 East 37th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A SINgle young man, who thoroughly understands his business; is sober and industrious; has the best reference from his last employers. Address COACHMAN, box 217 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DRIVE HORSES FOR a lady, or to make myself generally useful about the house; I am a stranger in this city; do not object to going into the country. Address EDWARD, at station E Post office, New York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HEAD GARDENER BY a single man from the old country, who understands the business in all its departments; the vineries, hot and cold; the peach house, propagating house and conservatory, the fruit, flower and vegetable gardens; 18 years' reference. Address 251 West 37th st.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A single man, who perfectly understands the proper care and treatment of horses, carriages and harness; is a careful, good driver; is willing and obliging; no objection to the country; has first class city reference. Address W. D., box 134 Herald office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR groom, by a respectable man, aged 23 years, of long experience as city driver; has served in England under a veterinary surgeon. Over five years' recommendation from last two places. Address 495 6th av.; can be seen at 448 6th av.

WANTED, AN ENGLISHMAN AS GROOM OR UNDER servant; he must be an experienced driver, capable of taking care of farm and to do anything when called upon; willing to devote his whole time, Sundays and all, to the demands of his employer; he must be well recommended from his last employer for capability, honesty, sobriety and industry, none other need apply. Address, with recommendation, S. M. L., box 3,589 Post office, New York.

WANTED—A YOUNG COLORED MAN, AS COACHMAN and waiter. Apply between 8 and 10 A. M. at 35 Madison av.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

A BARKEEPER WANTED—AT 383 WEST STREET.

A THOROUGH GOOD PORTER WANTED—IN THE wholesale drug business. Address, with references, WHOLESALE DRUGGIST, Herald office.

BOY WANTED—IN REAL ESTATE OFFICE; MUST be intelligent, active, and write a good hand; one having some knowledge of bookkeeping preferred. Address, with reference, Post office box 3,423.

EMPLOYMENT.—AN ACTIVE MAN WANTED, AS DEliverer or country agent. 27 Beekman st., third floor.

UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS.—WANTED IMMEdiately, for this branch of the service, unmarried men, over 21 years of age. This is a fine opportunity for men of good character who desire to enter this branch of the United States naval service. Preference will be given to those who have been honorably discharged from the United States Army or Marine Corps. Further information will be given by the Commanding Officer of the Marine Barracks, Flushing avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN OF EXPERIENCE, TO travel for the varnish business. Inquire of HENRY LOUIS, 378 Pearl st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT MAN WANTED, ABOUT 40 years of age, unmarried, well recommended for sobriety and honesty. Apply at 139 East 39th st.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO ASSIST IN A BAR and wait on three tables; American preferred and who can come well recommended. 624 Broadway, basement.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE BOY TO DO GENERAL OFFICE work; salary $5 per week. Address, with reference, X. Y. W., Herald office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN IN A PLEASANT POSItion of trust, with from $100 to $200 cash; salary $12 to $15 per week. Apply at National Times office, 34 John st.

WANTED—A BOY RESIDING WITH HIS PARENTS, to do general office work; wages $2 50 per week. Address, in own handwriting, with references, BUSINESS, Herald office.

WANTED—TO ATTEND TO THE PACKING AND shipping in a hat house, a careful, trustworthy man; one who has had experience and can come well recommended. P. CORBITT & CO., 637 Broome st.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO FIRE A SMALL boiler; must be active, industrious and trustworthy, and used to the work. Address R. W., Herald office.

WANTED—IN AN OFFICE DOWN TOWN, A BOY, about 14 years of age, who writes a good hand and lives with his parents; must come well recommended; salary first year $125. Address J. & G., 27 Beaver st., in own handwriting.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS MAN TO TAKE GENERAL agency of a life insurance company in the city of New York; also at Albany, Utica and Buffalo. Experienced men will address, with reference (without which none will be considered), C. D., box 3,614 Post office, New York.

$10 TO $20 MADE PER DAY BY AGENTS ON Warren's Household Physician; first class men wanted, and constant employment given; 100,000 sold. Address J. TAYLOR, at Leggett's Hotel, or apply before 10 A. M. or after 6 P. M. Sold only by subscription.

$400 CASH PROCURES A PERMANENT SITUAtion as cashier or agent, with an interest in the proprietor's renowned exhibition. Gentlemen only need apply at 588 3d av., belt No. 5.

THE TRADES.

AN ENGINEER, WHO ALREADY HAS ERECTED different chemical works, wishes to get the erection or management of chemical works or manure manufactory of extensive scale; first class reference at disposition. Nearer information by J. R. WALTER, Wicklow, Ireland.

A PROOF READER (PRINTER) OF SEVERAL YEARS' experience in all branches wishes a situation. Address B. D. S., box 144 Herald office.

AN INTELLIGENT GERMAN BOY WISHES TO LEARN a trade as sign and fresco painter; lives with his parents. Address A. WINEKLER, Clinton av., corner Ferry st., Hudson City, N. J.

BRUSHMAKERS AND NAILERS WANTED.—APPLY at 55 Chambers st.

GOOD MASONS CAN FIND STEADY EMPLOYMENT in Troy, N. Y.; wages $4 per day. Apply at 361 Congress st., Troy, N. Y.

RULERS WANTED. GEO. F. NESBITT & CO.

TO PRESSMEN.—A FOREMAN WANTED TO TAKE charge of an Adams press room; a competent man will receive good wages and permanent situation. Address by mail, with references, F. W. AYER, 530 Arch st., Philadelphia.

TO ARCHITECTS AND LITHOGRAPHERS.—A GOOD draughtsman and designer is open for a re-engagement; highest testimonials. Address A. FRENCH, Herald office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS SHIRT CUTTER, TO go to Chicago. Apply at 34 Howard st., 5th floor.

WATCHMAKER.—A THOROUGH WORKMAN, AMErican, wishes a good situation after 1st of May. Address J. W. POOLER & CO., 12 Maiden lane.

WANTED—A GOOD CARRIAGE BLACKSMITH AND helper on light work at 474 3d av., between 31st and 32d sts.

WANTED—A PRACTICAL SAW MAKER, TO TAKE an interest in and superintend a saw manufactory. Address GEORGE W. WRIGHT, Blade office, Toledo, O.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED AND CAPABLE RENderer of fat. One who can bring satisfactory testimonials of capacity will find steady employment in a smelting house in this city. Apply to JAMES W. McCULLOH, No. 60 Beaver st., between 10 and 12 o'clock A. M.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A SAW MILL TO HAMmer and sharpen saws or to run a circular saw, by a young man just arrived from England. Address ANVIL, Herald office.

WANTED—A GOOD CUSTOM CLOTHING CUTTER; reference required. No wholesale cutters need apply to M. ROSENBERG, 278 Grand st., New York.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICESHIP TO A CARPENTER or mason, by a young man, 17 years old, with good references as to character. Address G. D. F. L., box 1,052 Post office.

WANTED—AN EDUCATED ENGINEER AS AGENT to introduce a new and improved propeller just patented; applicable for canal navigation; an experimental boat is ready to exhibit the invention practically. Apply to M. GROSSMAN, 93 Attorney st.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

AFTER NEXT SUNDAY THE CONGREGATION OF THE Northwest Reformed church (Rev. H. D. Garse, pastor) will worship in Association Hall, corner Twenty-third street and Fourth avenue. A final service, with communion, will be held in the present building, West Twenty-third street, next Sunday, at 10½ A. M.; all former members and friends of the church are cordially invited to attend. The new church edifice, corner Fifty-seventh street and Madison avenue, is in process of erection.

PROPOSALS.

FORT SCHUYLER, NEW YORK HARBOR.

APRIL 20, 1870.

Proposals in duplicate, with copy of this advertisement attached, will be received by the undersigned until 12 M. May 20, 1870, for supplying fresh Beef to the troops at this Post.

The said beef must be fresh, of a good marketable quality, in equal proportion of fore and hind quarters (neck, shank and kidney, tallow to be excluded), and to be delivered in such quantity as may be from time to time required by and on such days as the commanding officer shall designate, the contract to be in force six months, or such less time as the Commissary General shall direct, commencing on the 20th day of June, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Commanding General of the Department of the East.

The necks of the cattle slaughtered for beef to be delivered under this agreement shall be cut off at the fourth vertebral joint and the breast trimmed down. The shanks of fore quarters shall be cut off from three to four inches above the knee-joint, and of hind quarters from six to eight inches above the gambrel or hock-joint.

In case of failure or deficiency in quality or quantity of the fresh beef stipulated to be delivered, then the Commissary at Fort Schuyler shall have power to supply the deficiency by purchase, and the contractor will be charged with the difference of cost.

The contractor will be required to enter into bonds for the sum of $5,000, signed also by two responsible sureties, whose names must be mentioned in the bids.

Each person or firm bidding will be required to deposit with the Commissary at Fort Schuyler the sum of $100, which will be returned to the owners after the bids are opened, except that of the lowest responsible bidder, whose money will be returned after the first satisfactory delivery of fresh beef for issue to the troops is made on the contract.

The proposals will be opened at 12 M., on the 20th of May, 1870, at Fort Schuyler, New York Harbor, at which time and place bidders are requested to be present.

Proposals will be marked "Proposals for Beef," and addressed D. M. TAYLOR,
Second Lieutenant First United States Artillery, A. C. S.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL.—WANTED, FOR A PUBLIC Institution, 500 tons (2,240 lbs.) old company's Lehigh Coal, as follows, viz., 350 tons washed pea; 150 tons stove. To be delivered in carts at 124th street, North river, during the months of May and June next. Address PUBLIC INSTITUTION, station M.

THE EVENING TELEGRAM.

GREAT TELEGRAM CARTOON.
OUT TO-DAY.
THE KING OF THE RING,
OR
THE LAST OF
THE
SUPERVISORS,
SEE
THE
GREAT
TELEGRAM CARTOON.
OUT
TO-DAY.
PRICE TWO CENTS.

GREAT TELEGRAM CARTOON.
OUT TO-DAY.
THE KING OF THE RING,
OR
THE LAST OF
THE
SUPERVISORS.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

East Side.

AT III BROADWAY—EAST SIDE HOUSES OR LOTS for sale; send for permits; examine property; compare prices, submit offers; call or enclose stamp for circular. STANLEY DAY.

A.—FOR SALE, CHEAP, THE NEW FOUR STORY high stoop Dwelling 173 Seventy-first street, between Third and Fourth avenues. Owner at 336 Bowery.

CHEAPEST HOUSE IN MARKET—FIRST CLASS full sized three story high stoop House, corner Fifty-ninth street and Fourth avenue; sunken area; bay window. Apply on premises.

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS FOUR STORY HIGH stoop brown stone House 75 East Forty-fourth street, near Madison avenue; built by day's work; finished in hard wood from top to bottom; will be sold very low and on easy terms. Apply on premises.

FOR SALE—A NEW THREE STORY HOUSE; LOT SIX 100; will be sold cheap. It is a good chance for a grocery or lager beer saloon, or well adapted for business purposes. Inquire on owner, 76 Grand street, third house, between First and Second streets, second floor, front room.

FOR SALE—IN HARLEM, TWO STORY, BASEMENT and attic House; has marble mantels, gas, water, fireplace, heater; full lot; price $6,500; $2,000 cash. Inquire on premises, 117 East 12th street, near Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT 383 LEXINGTON AVENUE, near Fortieth street; a beautiful four story brown stone house, in perfect order, 20x50x8. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A THREE STORY HIGH stoop House, in East Twenty-sixth street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues; Sun and Dwelling on Ninth avenue, to let. R. H. HINE, 557 Sixth avenue.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FOUR STORY HOUSE, 25 Sheriff street; water on each floor; good order; very cheap; splendid investment. Call immediately. CHARLES EMMONS, 254 Broadway.

HARLEM.—OVER ONE HUNDRED COTTAGES FOR sale, from $3,100 to $7,000; terms to suit. Also a large number of brick and brown stone Houses very cheap. Call and examine our list. COT O.—Lot 50 O.T. 2,156 Third avenue, corner 115th street.

TWO LOTS—ONE ON FIFTY-THIRD STREET AND one on Fifty-second street, immediately in the rear, 25 by 200, between Madison and Fifth avenues; first class brown stone dwellings opposite. This property is very desirable or a gentleman wishing a four lot for stable with no building restrictions. Terms to suit. Apply to J. A. WALSH, 132 Mercer street.

$7,500 EACH—TWO THREE STORY COTTAGES, Fifty-fifth street, Second and Third avenues, built in best manner by day's work; have all improvements. Owner on premises No. 236.

$20,000.—A FOUR STORY HIGH STOOP brown stone House and Lot No. 126 East Fifty-fourth street, near east west of Lexington avenue, in fine order. Terms easy. Apply on premises, or to HOLLY BROS. & KISSAM, 30 Pine street.

West Side.

A FIRST CLASS THREE STORY HIGH STOOP BROWN stone front for sale, on Fifty-first street, west of Eighth avenue. No. 307; house built in best manner, with plate glass windows, walnut stairs, &c.; furnished entirely new last fall with carpets from Lyons, mirrors from Williams's, furniture from Pike's, Lowell's, &c., gas fixtures from Haughwout, curtains and shades from Geddes. Price $35,000, which includes every thing except silver, library, linen and family portraits. Possession May 1, $15,000 or $25,000 may remain. RANDELL, 581 and 585 Eighth av.

A FOUR STORY HOUSE FOR SALE IN TWENTY-eighth street—Eighth basement, modern improvements. Apply to owner, W. H. BERGAN, No. 3 Beekman street.

A BROWN STONE HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET—Handsomely finished in walnut; marble hall; built by day's work; owner on premises, 58 Fifteenth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW FIRST CLASS BROWN STONE front Houses, 33 and 35 West Forty-first street, 20 x 50; inquire on the premises, or o. JAMES BLEECKER, 255 West Forty-eighth street.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, FIVE BROWN STONE three story high stoop Houses from Nos. 320 to 330 West Fifty-fifth street. See bill on premises.

FOR SALE—GREENE STREET, NOS. 223, 225, 227, 229, 231 and 233; yearly rent $8,900; $3,500 to $7,000 can remain; by auction, April 28, 1870, at 111 Broadway. Maps, &c., at MULLER & WILLING, No. 7 Pine street.

FOR SALE—THE TWO FOUR STORY HIGH STOOP brown stone front Houses 21 and 23 West Fifty-sixth street, near Fifth avenue; all modern improvements; finished in the most elegant style; must be seen to be appreciated. CURNS, O'REILLY, Builder.

FOR SALE ON ACCOUNT OF GOING TO EUROPE, A first class five story double Tenement House in Twenty-sixth street, near Sixth avenue; a nice place for an investment; gas, water and waste closets on every floor; in good order. Terms easy. Apply to owner, L. E. DUNKEL, 775 Broadway.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT THREE STORY HIGH STOOP brown stone House in Forty-seventh street (between Fifth and Sixth avenues; price, with Carpet, Mirrors, Chandeliers, $8,000. Address box 1,752 Post office.

FOR SALE VERY LOW—THE FINE THREE STORY high stoop House 223 West Forty-seventh street, half a block from Broadway cars; all improvements; time on it $10,000; very cheap. It not disposed of before will be sold at auction Wednesday, 28th inst. Can be seen at any time. Apply to owner, 149 West Forty-sixth street, between 6 and evenings.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A THREE STORY HIGH stoop House front House, partly furnished, 30 West Thirty-fifth street, in complete order and has all modern improvements. Apply on premises, or to GOLD CALDWELL, owner, at Marsh & Co's, No. 2 Vesey street.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT UNFURNISHED—IN FORTY-eighth street, just west of Fifth avenue, a new and attractive full sized house. For permits and particulars apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 15 Pine street.

NEW HOUSE AT A BARGAIN—49 WEST FIFTY-FIFTH street, 18x50, four story high stoop; Sand wood finish first story. Apply on premises.

TWO BUILDERS.—FOR SALE, TWO BROWN STONE front Houses to be removed to make room for the Masonic Hall) Nos. 71 and 73 West Twenty third street; in good order, having been built only a few years; could be taken down and put up again at small expense. Apply to WESTON & CO., 150 West Twenty-sixth street.

55 WEST NINTH STREET.—THREE STORY HIGH stoop; 22.6 feet; newly furnished; all improvements; only $23,000 WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 5½ Pine street.

Miscellaneous.

18 LOTS, HALF BLOCK, EMBRACING WHOLE front on street and half of front on Madison and Fourth avenues, for sale reasonably, or will take in exchange in part payment. MARTIN KLENEN, 111 Broadway.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

A.—FOR SALE, TWO FIRST CLASS NEW BROWN stone Houses, within two blocks of the main entrance to Prospect Park, one of the houses is a corner house, with bay window, very pleasantly situated; would trade one for a smaller house in a good neighborhood; terms easy. Inquire on premises, corner Prospect place (late Warren street) and Carlton avenue, or WM. FLANAGAN, owner.

A BEAUTIFUL PLOT OF TWENTY CITY LOTS FOR sale—Located at East Williamsburg, on Metropolitan avenue; horse cars from Williamsburg ferries passes the lots; price $4,000; terms easy. MITCHELL'S, 77 Cedar street.

BROOKLYN.—FOR SALE OR TO RENT, THE THREE story high stoop House, in fine order, 270 Union street, between Smith and Court; rent $450. S. P. IRELAND, 224 Broadway, New York.

EXTRA WIDE DOUBLE CORNER HOUSE; CURTAINS cornices, carpets, gas fixtures; splendid stables; all modern improvements; perfect order; seven minutes from ferry; choicest location; $60,000; terms very easy. Address BROOKLYN, box 102 Herald office.

FOR SALE.—IN BROOKLYN, LARGE FIRST CLASS three story and attic Philadelphia brick high stoop basement and sub-cellar House, No. 10 Strong place, near Harrison street, ten minutes from South ferry, 25x60, lot 120 feet, vestibule doors, bath-room and bookcase of black walnut, dumb waiter, fine laundry, stationary washtubs, three water closets with bathroom detached, complete plumbing, range, furnace in cellar, butler's tray, china closets, choice vine grape grape vines; one of the most desirable locations in the city, surrounded by first class improvements; price $22,000; terms to suit. Apply WM. J. MILLER, on premises, or 13 Maiden lane, New York.

FOR SALE—A GOOD CHANCE TO GET A PLOT OF 48 Lots, near Prospect Park, on the Flatbush side, very cheap. Apply to A. COOPER, 81 Fulton avenue, corner of Lawrence street.

FOR SALE—SIX LOTS IN GREENWOOD CEMETERY, beautifully situated on Woodland avenue; old ground; cheap. Inquire of J. W. GREGORY, 95 Broadway, basement.

FOR SALE CHEAP—AT THIRTY PER CENT LESS than appraised value, Dock Property, 18 feet water, improved and in use, 10 4-5 full lots, 25x100; price $50,000 half cash, balance may remain on bond and mortgage. Address or call on premises, Kent avenue, foot of Rush street, Williamsburg.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—TWO NEW THREE STORY frame Houses, filled in with brick; vestibule doors; all modern improvements, arranged for two families; range, hot and cold water bath, stationary washtubs, basins and two water closets; five marble mantels; within three minutes of the Tenth and Twenty-third street ferries; on one of the best streets of Greenpoint; Oak street, near Franklin. Also brick House on Heyward street, between Lee and Marcy avenues, Williamsburg, within twelve minutes of the ferry; all improvements as above; rent $300 each. Apply on the premises or to W. H. JACKSON & CO., grates and fenders, Union square, New York.

$16,000.—FOR SALE, THREE STORY BASEMENT brown stone House 327 Clinton street, Brooklyn; one of the most desirable locations in the city. Apply to E. A. BRADLEY, 44 Dey street, New York.

JERSEY CITY, HOBOKEN, HUDSON CITY AND BERGEN REAL ESTATE.

For Sale.

A FIRST CLASS FURNISHED HOUSE; SPLENDID view; five lots of ground, with an abundance of fruit trees, situated in Bergen, N. J. Apply to WILLIAM POE, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, 31 Montgomery street, Jersey City.

To Let or Lease.

A FINE COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—ON PALISADE avenue, West Hoboken, N. J.; splendid scenery, healthy location, with everything to make a comfortable and pleasant home. The house is surrounded with handsome residences and commands a fine view of the entire New York harbor and New York city. Will be rented low to a good tenant. Apply to A. ANDERSON, corner Clinton avenue and Malone street, West Hoboken, N. J.

AT HOBOKEN.—SEVERAL FIRST AND SECOND class Houses to let, at greatly reduced rents; also cheap apartments. CREVIER BROS., 24 Newark street, Hoboken, N. J.

AT HOBOKEN.—TO LET, SALOON 92 WASHINGTON street; a capital stand for lager beer saloon; immediate possession if required. CREVIER BROS., 24 Newark street, Hoboken, N. J.

CORNER OF PAVONIA AVENUE AND PROSPECT street.—To let or lease, two fine Stores, 25x50 each, with splendid apartments above, for genteel families; kitchen for each floor, with gas and water; horse cars pass every five minutes; terms easy. Inquire of H. POST, 177 Pavonia avenue, Jersey City.

TO LET—ALL OR PART OF A COMPLETELY FURnished House; part rent taken in board for gentleman and wife. Call at 250 Washington street, Hoboken, opposite Trinity church.

JERSEY CITY, HOBOKEN, HUDSON CITY AND BERGEN REAL ESTATE.

To Let or Lease.

TO LET—HOUSE, CARRIAGE HOUSE, WITH ONE acre, abounding in fruit and shade, $550; large House and grounds, $650, near steam and horse cars. G. P. HOWELL, opposite Court House, Jersey City.

TO LET—TWO NICE BRICK HOUSES AT WEST BERgen, on the New York and New York Railroad, near station; cheapest and most convenient location out of the city. F. REED, 171 Broadway.

PROPERTY OUT OF THE CITY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

ALL WANTING FARMS.—9,000 ACRES, GOOD SOIL, mild climate; 34 miles south of Philadelphia; price only $26 per acre; also improved Farms. The place is growing more rapidly than most any other place in the United States; thousands are settling. Address C. K. LANDIS, Vineland, N. J.

AT FORDHAM, NEAR DEPOT—LARGE HOUSE, 12 roomsbath, 6 acres, to let cheap or long lease for sale. STANLEY DAY, 111 Broadway, basement offices A and B.

AT III BROADWAY, COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET, FURnished or unfurnished. Call for descriptive list. Send for permits; compare rates; submit offers; enclose stamp for circular. STANLEY DAY.

A SHREWSBURY RIVER COTTAGE FOR SALE.—Situated opposite the Highlands, near Rumsonie station; four acres of ground, fruit, shade and ornamental trees, asparagus, berries, &c.; dwelling has twelve rooms, completely furnished; barn, carriage, boat and ice houses; all in good order. Address W. T. DEVOE, room 425 Metropolitan Hotel.

AT STAMFORD, CONN.—TO LET, A NEW BUILDING, 52x46 feet, at New York and New Haven railroad depot, well adapted for hotel or boarding house; nine rooms attached, suitable for billiard saloon and barber shop, a fine livery stable near by. Apply to or address D. H. CLARK, Real Estate Agent, Stamford, Conn.

A STORIA, L. I.—FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT, FOR summer or year, on Warnell street, near East river; garden and gate in front; healthy location. Apply on premises, to JAS. H. LAWRENCE.

AT FORDHAM, NEAR CENTRAL AVENUE AND JEROME Park.—For sale or let, very low, handsome modern House, Barn, 6 acres. Photograph with STANLEY DAY, 111 Broadway, basement, offices A and B.

A VILLA—WITH ONE ACRE OF GROUND, ON THE Raritan, opposite New Brunswick; five minutes from depot; for sale, exchange or rent. SIGLER & BACHE, 171 Broadway.

AT NEW BRIGHTON, HAMILTON PARK—BRICK Villa, at low rent, or lease to a good party; gas and all modern conveniences. This place presents great attractions in its beautiful views and close proximity to the city, while unsurpassed by any private and yet remote afforded by a country life; 30 minutes of Wall street. HAMILTON, 261½ Broadway.

AT NEW BRIGHTON.—TO LET TWO HANDSOME RESidences, excellently located and desirable in every respect. For particulars apply to Mr. PENDLETON, No. 45 Broadway.

A FARM FOR SALE—OF 105 ACRES, UNDER HIGH state of cultivation, with good House and outbuildings; fine orchard of choice fruits, situated one mile from Centerport station, L. I. Will be sold cheap or would trade for city Property. For particulars inquire of SMITH WHITSON, on the premises, or A. H. MITCHELL, 80 avenue D, New York.

AT YONKERS.—A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE, ON Palisade avenue, with an unsurpassed river view; all modern improvements, one acre of ground, good stable; price $40 0 to rent, furnished, $4,000, or $400 per month for summer. Apply to MITCHELL & CO., No. 7 Pine street.

A SPLENDID FRUIT AND TRUCK FARM—ALL SUperior land; seven acres in fruit; good buildings; fine location; 2½ miles from depot, five miles from New Brunswick; a bargain; $7,000; half cash. J. S. PERRINE, 35 Nassau street, room 24.

A NEAT HOUSE, THREE ACRES OF GROUND, fruit, stable, &c.; location high and healthy, near Paterson, on Erie Railway; rent, $—. Apply to E. V. PIATT, 95 Nassau street.

ALL WANTING HOMES NEAR NEW YORK AND a more convenient way reached from lower part of the city than Hoboken's best should send for pamphlet (free in relation to its uses at Lots in Bloomfield, N. J. Houses now on sold on principle of much convenient to lease or rent. E. R. KELLOGG, No. 3 Broadway.

A LARGE HOUSE, WITH FIVE ACRES OF GOOD Land plenty of fruit, 2½ miles from Brooklyn ferries, near the cars. Rent $300. HEDGES & DOTY, 29 East Fourteenth street.

AT FAIRMOUNT, NEAR TREMONT DEPOT—A NEW Cottage, 8 rooms, $750, also one of 8 rooms, $850; good gardens. STANLEY DAY, 111 Broadway, basement, offices A and B.

A—GOTHIC HOUSE, TEN ROOMS, STABLES, FINE grounds, well stocked, on the hill at Spuyten Duyvil; overlooking the Hudson; near depot; for sale. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine street.

AT NEW ROCHELLE.—FOR SALE OR TO LET, small Cottage, near depot, 8 rooms; lot 40x100; terms easy. Apply to S. ONNEIL, New Rochelle, or JOHN ANDERSON, 26 Pine street, room No. 5.

A DESIRABLE NEATLY FURNISHED HOUSE OF nine rooms to let—Near first landing, Tompkinsville, S. I.; good view of bay; $1,250 per year. W. A. COLLINS, 38 Pine street.

AT WEST BRIGHTON, S. I., A BEAUTIFUL HOUSE, containing 8 rooms (heater and water in house), one front garden, one near the ferry, rent $700 a year. Apply to J. A. LIPPITT, Sailors' road, Corner Joan street, West Brighton, or to W. A. HINKINS, 87 Nassau street, New York.

A FASCINATING MODERN BUILT VILLA RESIdence at Rockville Centre, L. I., one hour from city, five minutes from depot, containing eleven rooms, large piazza in front, plenty of fruit, with other charming quantities. Price $6,000; payments easy. Another, same distance, $2,000; another, $1,000. C. F. COMBS, Real Estate Broker, 170 Broadway, room No. 1, third floor.

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT OF 5 ACRES TO let, at Rahway; plenty of fruit; one hour from New York. WM. WATSON, 418 Broome street.

A HOUSE AND GARDEN, IN BAY RIDGE, TO LET—Five minutes' walk from ferry or cars; property beautifully situated, overlooking bay, cities, &c.; house double, contains near 20 rooms, garden, one acre, in good condition; outbuildings, &c.; would be rented for a term of years; possession immediately. Inquire of Mr. LIGHE, on the premises, any time of the week days.

A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE, FULLY FURNISHED, on the Hudson thirty minutes from Thirteenth street to let, at reduced rent, to a good tenant. Photograph and owner 309 Pearl street.

AT FORDHAM—TO LET, A COSEY FRENCH ROOF Cottage, twelve rooms; perfect order; delightfully situated in the Bronx orchards; three minutes from the depot; immediate possession; rent low to a desirable tenant. Apply to Mr. RICKINS, at office of H. B. Claflin & Co.

A DESIRABLE NEATLY FURNISHED HOUSE OF nine rooms to let—Near first landing, Tompkinsville, S. I.; good view of bay; $1,250 per year. W. A. COLLINS, 38 Pine street.

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO RENT ON NORTH SHORE, STATEN ISLAND, NEAR WEST NEW BRIGHTON.

This residence, situated on high grounds, commands an extensive view of the Narrows and Jersey shore, and is furnished with all modern improvements, a cozy house, with large parlors, dining and bath rooms and six large sleeping apartments. The grounds are extensive, well drained, with stable and lawn; rent low to acceptable tenant; immediate possession. Apply to JOHN MCDONALD, No. 8 Battery place, New York.

AT GREENWICH AND RIVERSIDE, ON THE SOUND—Several furnished Houses to let, at and near the water; others unfurnished. Address J. W. ATWATER, Cos cob Bridge Station, Conn.

A VALUABLE LONG ISLAND SHORE FARM, 320 Acres; good buildings, having an extensive water front and view of Connecticut, well watered and drained; land highly cultivated; one hours from New York. Sold to close an estate; price $ 5,000. D. F. CURLEY, 27 New Chambers street.

BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE TO LET—GOOD LOCATION; rent moderate; one hour from New York; four lines of cars, five minutes from depot; 11 rooms, gas and heaters; half acre ground, fruit, stable, &c., &c. Call on Y., 41 Park row, room No. 6.

CHARMING VIEWS, DELIGHTFUL RIDES, PLEASant homes may be had at RIDGEWOOD, N. J., twenty-one miles (one hour and ten minutes) on the Erie Railroad. Most of its building sites have southern and eastern exposures. The air is dry, roads are good, and the views beautiful and extensive. Churches, schools, stores and markets conveniently located. Annual commutation $71. Trains at 6:30 and 10 A. M.; 3:30, 5, 6, 8 and 11 P. M. Visitors will be met at all trains. Excursion tickets 50c. For particulars application may be made to WM. BOCKER, 177 Broadway, N. Y., or H. WESTBROOK, Ridgewood, N. J.

CHEAP RENT.—A FURNISHED HOUSE AND FARM, 100 acres, two hours from city; fruit, shade, pure mountain air, no mosquitoes, two and a half miles from railroad station; house has ten rooms; rent $500 per annum. Address Mrs. F. A. HAMILTON, box 219 Herald office.

COUNTRY PROPERTY FOR SALE, TO LET OR EXchange.—Farms and Villa Residences at reasonable rates. Particulars furnished by HASTINGS, COLVIN & SALMON, Nos. 4 and 6 Pine street.

CHEAPEST HOUSES IN RUTHERFORD PARK, N. J.—Six fine Dwellings on and near Passaic river, near two railroad depots, the Erie and Delaware, Lackawanna and Western; rent, $400 to $500 per year. ROBT. K. STEWART, Rutherford Park Hotel.

COUNTRY SEAT TO LET.—THE RESIDENCE OF J. T. Headley, near Newburg, on the Hudson river, to let, furnished, for the summer or year. Apply on the premises or to Mr. ARMSTRONG, at Scribner & Co.'s, 654 Broadway.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL, SARATOGA, N. Y.—NEAR depot; 115 rooms, furnished; for sale or exchange for good paying Property. J. B. KETCHAM, 491 Fourth avenue.

COTTAGES TO LET—AT ALL PRICES AND SIZES, AT Hackensack, Englewood, Tappan, Monsey, Oradell, New Bridge; also 17 acre place, near depot. F. M. MASON, No. 1 Centre street.

CHEAP.—HIGHLY CULTIVATED FRUIT FARM; 3,000 choice trees; large quantities small fruit; one hour in New Jersey; will be sold at sacrifice. GEORGE F. BOSTWICK, 19 Nassau street.

COUNTRY SEATS IN STAMFORD, LEONIA, ORANGE, Mountain, Rahway, Elizabeth, Flemington, Newark, Englewood, Perth Amboy, Rinefield. GEORGE F. THAYER & CO., 48 East Fourteenth street (Union square).

DOBBS' FERRY.—BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE FOR sale or rent at a sacrifice; house handsome; 12 acres finest fruit and shade, greenhouse, choice grapes, ice house filled, carriage house, &c., complete; finest place on Hudson; 7 minutes from depot; great bargain. WM. A. POOLEY, 178 Broadway.

ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE.—A RARE OPportunity for a gentleman of taste and means to secure one of the most desirable places on the Hudson, at Fishkill, is now presented and is offered below its value in consequence of ill health of the owner. It is complete in all its appointments; 9 acres well fruited, house 40x65; glass grapery and commodious outbuildings; scenery and neighborhood first class. For particulars apply to HOSER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine street, or EDMUND COFFIN, 77 Cedar st.

FOR SALE—AT TREMONT, 25 MINUTES BY HARLEM Railroad—House, containing nine rooms, in fine order; six city lots laid out in magnificent style; barn, carriage and tool houses; spring water; location on high grounds, with splendid view, and only five minutes walk from either steam or horse cars; stone fence and iron gates; price $9,000, including horse and carriage; terms easy. Apply to Dr. A. GENTIL, 825 Broadway.

PROPERTY OUT OF THE CITY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

ENGLEWOOD AND NORTHERN RAILROAD.—MAGnificent Country Seats, Farms, Cottages, Lots &c., for sale at great bargains; many houses to let. Full description with KELLY BROTHERS, 295 Broadway.

ENGLEWOOD.—HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE OR rent; all prices. Choice furnished Houses for summer. C. D. KELLOGG & D. W. SMITH, 115 Broadway, and corner Dean and Palisade avenues, Englewood.

FARM FOR SALE—AT QUEENS, L. I., ON THE KEMPstead road; 35 acres; house commodious; will be sold with Furniture if desired; will exchange for city Property; price $50 00. Apply to Dr. HENRY CRAMPTON, at office of G. L. Schuyler, East Thirty-fifth street and First avenue.

FOR SALE—THE HANDSOMEST SEAT ON STATEN Island, one hour from the city; new three story extension House; 15 rooms; all outbuildings; 11 acres, crops, stock, farming implements all complete. Owner and photograph, 48 Oak street.

FOR SALE—NEAR INWOOD STATION, HUDSON river, handsome Cottage, furnished; about 1½ acres Land, at a bargain; no cash down required. Call between 2 and 5 P. M. Price $20,000. G. F. JOHNSON & CO., 55 Water street.

FOR SALE—NEAR NANUET, ROCKLAND COUNTY, N. Y., Farm of 62 acres, nicely proportioned with wood, meadow and arable land; stone house, frame barn; two miles from railroad; $9,500; terms easy. E. HUTTON, Nanuet.

FOR SALE—SPRING VALLEY, ROCKLAND COUNTY, N. Y., House and Lot; two minutes to depot; lot 5x100; house 28x29, two stories, nine rooms; barn 18x24; all in first rate condition; $3,400; half cash. E. HUTTON, Nanuet, N. Y.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF ABOUT 80 ACRES (AN OLD homestead), at Stamford, Conn.; will exchange for city property. Inquire of CHARLES FOX, 70 Bowery, from 10 to 12 A. M.

FOR SALE—COTTAGES AND BUILDING SITES AT Cottage Park, Rye and Bream Point; neighborhood, views and advantages first class; all near Sound; some remarkably fine water fronts; terms moderate and easy. Apply to WILSON & WALLIS, Attorneys, 150 Broadway.

FOR SALE—ON LONG ISLAND, AT RAVENSWOOD, Jamaica, Comack, Brentwood, Wheatley, Northport, Valley Stream, Rockville Centre. GEORGE F. THAYER & CO., 48 East Fourteenth street (Union square).

FOR SALE—AT LONG BRANCH, A FRENCH MANsard roof House, 13 rooms, piazza all round, carriage house, stable, &c.; 6½ acres of land. GEORGE F. THAYER & CO., 48 East Fourteenth street (Union square).

FOR SALE—WEST NEW BRIGHTON, DESIRABLE Cottage, eight rooms, corner lot, carriage house, fruit, flowers; cosey place; surroundings good; eight minutes from ferry; walks flagged; $4,000. DARRIN, 50 Broad street.

FOR SALE—ON FORDHAM HEIGHTS, A BEAUtiful Residence; four acres of land, elegant house, barn and outbuildings; will be sold cheap. Apply at No. 3 West Sixteenth street, or to WM. H. ALLEN, No. 5 Pine street.

FOR SALE—ORANGE, N. J.—A HANDSOME FRENCH roof Cottage, with grounds well shaded; house 7 rooms; price very low and terms easy. R. F. SMALL, 169 Pearl street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE, AT NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., HOUSE, WITH STABLE; PRICE $9,000. R. B. BEAUVELT, 155 BROADWAY.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT UPPER PIERMONT, ON Northern New Jersey Railroad, a handsome two story Gothic Cottage House; barn and 10 acres of land; the property lately occupied by J. W. Fallon; five minutes' walk from depot; the house contains 8 rooms, kitchen, outhouses, &c.; the barn has two stalls and ample carriage accommodation; would exchange for Brooklyn city property. Apply to ANDREW FALLON, Upper Piermont, or BUEGER, HURLBUT & LIVINGSTON, 91 Wall street, New York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT NYACK, ON THE HUDson, House and ten acres Land, ¾ mile from depot. Inquire of W. S. STILWELL, Columbia, near Atlantic street, Brooklyn.

FURNISHED COUNTRY HOUSE TO RENT—ON THE banks of the Hudson River, within 45 minutes of the city, 12 or 15 rooms, coach house, stable and necessary outbuildings, all in good order; rent low to a desirable tenant. Apply to JAMES PRIOL, 520 Hudson street.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED—SOME DESIRAble Houses at reasonable rents; three large elegant summer or year—near St. Marks and Flatbush, New Brighton, S. I. COLLINS, 38 Pine street.

GREAT BARGAIN.—A COUNTRY STORE, MANSION House, 13 rooms, barn, ice house, hennery, &c., and 35 acres good land; Post Office in store; choice fruit, pure spring water, good business stand, very healthy; price $4,500; terms easy; buildings alone worth $7,000. Apply at once to Mr. WALKER, at Crook's Hotel, 84 Chatham street.

HOUSE TO LET—AT WILLIAMSBRIDGE; HOUSE contains eight rooms; lawn, garden with fruit and shade trees; from May 1. Inquire of B. VALENTINE, Williamsbridge.

HOLBROOK, L. I.—10 LOTS AT $25 EACH; FARMS of 5 to 25 acres, at $25 per acre, by easy payments; thriving settlement; many houses are being built; several for sale by monthly payments; good chances for a mason, also blacksmith and wheelwright; many shoemakers can get steady employment; high ground; no fever and ague. T. A. R. WEBSTER, 57 Broadway.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—FOR SALE OR TO RENT, VERY desirable Real Estate. Apply at Real Estate office opposite Montclair Railroad depot, or at 55 Liberty street, New York. WM. H. HARRIS & CO.

ONE HOUR FROM CITY HALL—HEALTHY LOCAlity, pleasant neighborhood, New Brighton, S. I.; ten minutes from ferry; hourly communication. For sale cheap, by order of executor, House, with two or more acres of land, garden, shade and fruit trees, never failing stream of pure water runs at foot of lawn, barn and other outbuildings; terms easy; title indisputable. Sent for circular. G. M. A. COLLINS, No. 38 Pine street.

ON FORDHAM HEIGHTS—FORTY MINUTES FROM city and five from depot, a small Cottage, 5 rooms, kitchen, cellar, garden, &c., to let, to a small family, or for sale. KOPPEL, 11 Ann street.

PORT CHESTER.—FURNISHED HOUSE, NINE rooms; one acre; gas, stable; five minutes' walk from depot; fine location. Address J. F. MILLS, Port Chester, New York.

SOUTHPORT, CONN.—TO RENT, FURNISHED (WITH privilege of buying), a French roof Cottage, fifteen rooms; three acres land; well shaded; pleasantly situated on spacious Lake; good bathing and fishing; only ten minutes' walk from depot; convenient for summer boarding. Apply to FRANCIS JELIFF, Southport, Conn.

STATEN ISLAND SPECIALTY.—FOR SALE, NEAR Prince's Bay Station, Cottage and one Acre, near the beach; $2,500. PHELPS, FALLON & CO., 185 Broadway.

SING SING.—(BROKERAGE ALLOWED).—TO LET, AN elegant Residence, for the season or year, unfurnished or furnished; three minutes' walk from steamboat and depot; house large, modern improvements, commanding elegant view of the Hudson; grounds large, with good stabling; very desirable for a boarding house; one hour from city. Address HOUSE, Herald office.

TO PHYSICIANS.—FOR SALE, GOTHIC HOUSE, BARN, acre of Ground, extensive practice, beautifully situated in Western part of New York. Price $5,000. Address Mr. THOMPSON, 22 West Baltic street, Brooklyn.

TO LET—AT MINEOLA, L. I., A FURNISHED HOUSE, with 11 rooms; attached is a fine garden, well stocked with choice fruit trees and vines; rent $60 per month. Apply at the Mineola Post office.

TO LET—AT ORANGE, N. J., NEAR BRICK CHURCH station, new furnished House; lot 60x140 feet; modern improvements. See B. BARR, with H. B. Claflin & Co.

TO LET—AT RYE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, FOR the summer, a furnished House, fronting on Long Island Sound, on high ground, 27 miles from the City Hall, with carriage house, stable and other outbuildings; 10 minutes from depot. Apply to JOSEPH R. KEARNY, at the office of the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, 52 Wall street, New York.

TO LET—HOUSE WITH EIGHT ROOMS, AND FOUR acres of good Land, 2½ miles from the Brooklyn ferries, suitable for florists, millinery or market gardeners; rent $220. Apply to E. GODFREY & SONS, 29 Spruce street.

TO LET—IN CENTRAL MORRISANIA, TO A FAMILY of a little, a Cottage elegantly furnished; Piano included; three minutes of depot, forty minutes of city; nearly an acre of ground, fine lawn, fruit and shade trees. Inquire at 60 Wall street, room 4.

TO LET—AT ELIZABETH, A FIRST CLASS HOUSE, delightfully situated; 15 rooms; modern improvements, wholly or partially furnished; rent reasonable. Apply at the corner Broad and South streets, Elizabeth, or to M. DAY, 33 Walker street.

TO LET—AT CLIFTON, STATEN ISLAND, A LARGE furnished House, beautifully situated on the Narrows, with fine water front on bay; eight acres of land; good stable; will be rented at a moderate rate to a good tenant. Address box 435 Post office.

TO LET—THE MANOR HOUSE AT SARATOGA Springs; twenty-five rooms, with matting on rooms and halls; piazza 87 feet front; fine garden and stable; will lease for one or two years. Apply to C. LEVI, 156 Ninth avenue.

TO LET—AT SCARSDALE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, 18 miles from Twenty-sixth station, Harlem Railroad, a Cottage House, containing 11 rooms; hot and cold water and bathroom; also carriage house, stables, a large garden, plenty of fruit, &c.; will let it with or without 40 acres of Land. Apply to GEORGE P. NEDSON, 55 Liberty street, up stairs.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE AT RYE; GOOD LAND, good buildings, choice fruits; everything in complete order; immediate possession. Address D. G. EATON, Brooklyn, N. Y.

TO LET—AT NORTH NEW YORK, 145TH STREET, Nos. 8 and 10, two three story brick Houses; 10 rooms each; water and gas; rent low. Apply on premises or to JAMES ORD, 62 William street, New York (basement).

TO LET—NEW BRIGHTON.—ELEGANTLY FURnished residence, $1,500; two acres; first class Residence, 14 acres; fully furnished; all modern improvements; $5,500; 1¼ mile from ferry. DARRIN, 50 Broad street.

TO LET—FOR THE SEASON, AT FAR ROCKAWAY, Long Island, a furnished Cottage, near the beach and depot; stable, carriage house, ice-house (filled). For terms, &c. address C., box 4,085 Post office.

TO LET IN NEWARK, A SECOND FLOOR, HANDsomely and fully furnished for housekeeping. Rent $300. Five minutes from depot. Address M. WILSON, Elizabeth, N. J.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSES AT ISLIP, LONG ISLand, 40 miles from New York. Rent $400 to $800. M. PORTER, No. 9 Pine street.

TO LET—NEAR ELIZABETH, N. J., FURNISHED OR unfurnished, one hour from New York, Gothic House, 11 rooms, nine large ornamental trees, fruit, stable, &c.; 1½ acre. Apply to W. L. BUTLER & CO., 69 Liberty street.

TO LET—A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE HOUSE AT WILton, Morrisania; contains eight rooms, kitchen, cellar and garret; in perfect order; grounds comprised of 16 city lots, handsomely laid out in garden; plenty of fruit and shade. Address W. B. C., Herald office.

TO LET—AT FAIRVIEW, ON THE NORTHERN RAILroad, 30 minutes from the foot of Chambers street, four splendid new Cottages, five minutes walk from depot; locality healthy; rent low. Inquire at depot, or MARSH & CO.'S Truss office, No. 2 Vesey street, New York.

TO LEASE—DWELLING, STABLE AND OVER 100 Lots, near High Bridge landing, Central avenue, Fleetwood Park and Jerome Park. Address M. D. K., box 128 Herald office.

TO RENT, $600—A TEN ROOMED HOUSE, 8 ACRES of land; five minutes' walk from depot. Address WM. H. NADIN, Milburn, N. J.

PROPERTY OUT OF THE CITY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

TO LET—COTTAGES AT ORANGE AND NYACK, ON the Hudson; also a small Dwelling of eight rooms, now occupied by a dentist. Apply at 35 Fourth street.

TO LET—AT JAMAICA, A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE, with elegant grounds; fruit of all kinds in abundance; ten minutes' walk to three steam railroads and three minutes' walk to horse cars; rent low to good tenant; possession; apply at 38 Broadway.

TO LET—AT TUTTENVILLE, S. I., A CONVENIENT Cottage, four lots, near the river; healthy and fine view; rent $250. Apply at No. 11 East Tenth street, near Fifth av.

TO LET—IN STAMFORD, PARTLY OR FULLY FURnished, for private family or boarding, a large and uncommonly desirable House; owner would like to remain. Inquire of S. B. GOODALE, No. 7 West Twenty-third street, Fifth Avenue Hotel.

TO LET—AT WILTON, 13TH AND 14TH STREETS, cottage House and one Acre; beautifully laid out; plenty of fruit and flowers; only ten minutes from Harlem; rent $250 per annum. WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 5½ Pine street.

TO LET, AT RYE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, TEN MINutes from depot—A Cottage House, containing 11 rooms, with two acres

WASHINGTON.

Another Dodge of the Gold Gamblers.

Sensational War Rumors — Conspirators Forging Despatches from Admiral Porter—Disgraceful Condition of the American Navy — Savings Effected by Logan's Army Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 21, 1870.

Exciting War Rumors—Shrewd Dodge of Gold Speculators.

Admiral Porter this afternoon received telegrams from Admiral Godon, at New York, and Captain Steadman, at Charlestown, Mass., announcing that despatches to their care, signed "Porter," and stating that trouble with Spain was inevitable, and to put every available vessel in commission, &c., had been received, and asking for explanations. The Vice Admiral telegraphed immediately that he had signed no such despatches and did not know the parties to whom they were directed.

It is hardly necessary to state that these war rumors originated in this city, and are pure fabrications, started by the gold speculators. The State Department is in possession of no facts changing in any respect our relations with Spain, which are about the same now as they were a year ago.

Troops for the Defence of Arizona—An Important Feature of Logan's Army Bill.

The House Committee on Military Affairs held a meeting to-day, at which Mr. McCormick, Delegate from Arizona, appeared and made an argument in favor of allowing the citizens of that Territory to raise troops for defence against the Indians, the troops to be commanded by United States army officers. It is understood that the committee will agree to report such a bill. The subject of the Army bill was informally considered, it having been ascertained that the Senate Military Committee was favorable to Wilson's bill. The House Committee will make a vigorous fight for Logan's bill, and should the Senate agree to Wilson's bill General Logan will move non-concurrence in the House. Logan claims that a careful calculation of the comparative cost of paying the army under the pay section of his bill and under the present system will show a large difference in favor of the former. It is alleged that the saving in the pay of general officers will be $104,191, and by the muster out of supernumeraries $1,222,423. The estimated difference in favor of Logan's bill in the pay of officers below the rank of brigadier general who will remain in the service, if the bill passes, is about $980,656, making the entire saving to be effected by the bill $2,217,219.

Revenue Reform—Important Movement Among the Republicans.

An important and significant meeting, made up mainly of republican journalists and other influential leaders of the party, not members of Congress, from all sections of the country, but mainly from the West, has been in session in this city for the last two days. The meeting, being entirely private, its proceedings have not been made public, but it is understood it was determined to call a mass convention of all friends of revenue reform to be held at an early day in some Western city. The numbers and character of the gentlemen attending this meeting render it one of unusual importance.

The Attempt to Corrupt Senators—Bold Offer by One of Bullock's Satellites.

There was no investigation to-day into the alleged corruption practised in securing certain results in the vote on the Georgia bill. The labors on the Judiciary Committee have not been concluded, as stated, but will be resumed, it is understood, about Tuesday next. Although some explanations have been made in regard to the migratory bonds, it does not satisfy the committee that the overtures said to have been made to a certain Senator were not made. It is understood that one of Bullock's satellites remarked that $10,000 worth of bonds would be given a certain Senator if he would vote against the Bingham amendment. The Senator, it is said upon responsible authority, was approached, but informed the parties that he intended to vote for the amendment.

Banquet to the Ohio Legislative Excursionists.

A grand reception was given to the Ohio legislative excursionists by the Ohio State Association, at the Masonic Temple, this evening. The entertainment was attended by the Senators and Representatives and by many private citizens, with the ladies of their respective families, from that State, prominent among whom were General Sherman and Secretary Cox. Secretaries Belknap and Boutwell and Attorney General Hoar were also in company. President Grant and Vice President Colfax remained for more than an hour, and hundreds of the vast assemblage of ladies and gentlemen were severally presented to them by Senators Sherman and Thurman and General Schenck. Many availed themselves of the music and danced. All appeared happy in meeting with their visiting friends. The supper room arrangements were in accordance with temperance principles. The hall was handsomely decorated with flags.

Distinguished Visitors at Washington's Tomb.

The members of the Ohio Legislature, on the invitation of Henry D. Cooke, of the firm of Jay Cooke & Co., made an excursion to-day to Mount Vernon. Among the invited guests present were Mrs. Grant, Senators Sherman, Howell, Warner and Drake; nearly all the members of the House from Ohio; General Rosecrans, General Ewing, Commissioner Delano and many prominent Ohioans.

Fortifications for Harbor Defence.

Colonel Casey, of the Engineer Bureau of the War Department, made a statement before the Committee on Appropriations to-day concerning the Naval Appropriation bill, wherein he stated that as a means of defensive warfare iron-clad monitors are not equal to fortifications for harbor defence, and that land fortifications for harbor defence could not be dispensed with on account of the existence of the monitors.

Payment of Federal Officers in Territories.

The House Committee on Territories agreed to-day to report a bill prohibiting federal officers in the Territories from receiving any pay or remuneration from the Territorial Legislature; also to annul the laws of Wyoming Territory which impose a special tax of five or ten dollars upon all Chinamen coming into the Territory.

The Georgia Bill to Lay Over.

At the instance of General Butler nearly all the members of the Reconstruction Committee have promised not to act on the Georgia bill until his return from Massachusetts, which will be on the 5th of May.

Inland Navigation.

Governor Austin, of Minnesota, and Governor Fairchild, of Wisconsin, had a hearing before the Committee on Commerce of the House and Senate in behalf of the improvement of the Wisconsin and Fox rivers, so as to give four feet of water in the channel between the Mississippi river and Lake Michigan. Governor Harvey, of Kansas, who was to make an argument for the same, was unexpectedly called away. Governor Merrill, of Iowa, will be here to-day for the same purpose. Favorable action by Congress upon this subject is anticipated.

The New York and Boston Post Offices.

The Secretary of the Treasury has under consideration the subject of the New York and Boston Post offices, in connection with the appropriation recently made by Congress, with a view to increased forces for the completion of the buildings at the earliest practicable time consistent with good execution of the work.

Homestead Relief for Freedmen.

Mr. L. H. Putnam (colored), of Brooklyn, addressed the Committee on Freedmen's Affairs to-day on the subject of his petition to Congress urging planters to sell lands to freedmen. Mr. Putnam submitted the draft of a bill to establish a bureau of homestead and relief with the view to the improvement of public lands in Florida in connection with the development of the principles in the Southern States.

Tobacco Manufacturers' Bonds.

Commissioner Delano decides that tobacco and cigar manufacturers' bonds need not be renewed on the first of May of each year, provided the amount of old bonds are deemed to be ample and the sureties good and sufficient.

Nominations by the President.

The following nominations were sent to the Senate to-day:—

Adam Badeau, of New York, to be Consul General at London; Edward Phelps, to be United States Marshal for Arizona; John G. Taylor, to be Collector of Customs at Annapolis, Md.; Frederick Morley, to be Register of the Land Office at Detroit, Mich.

Nominations Confirmed.

The Senate, in Executive Committee, this afternoon confirmed the following nominations:—

Judge George P. Fisher to be United States District Attorney for the District of Columbia; Charles White, Secretary to the President, to sign land warrants; Joseph Hobson, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Third Iowa district; Henry W. Denisson, of the District of Columbia, Marshal of the Consular Court of the United States at Kanagawa.

Collectors of Customs—John W. Dixon, Yorktown, Va.; David G. Carr, Petersburg, Va.; Amos D. Jonnson, Rappahannock, Va.

Consuls—Edmund C. Getty, at Gaspe Basin; Stephen M. Vale, of New York, at Rhenish Bavaria; Samuel A. Wheelwright, of New York, at Rosario; Spencer Vernam, of New York, at Kin-Kiang; Albert Green, of Norway, at Borgen; Lyell G. Adams, of New York, at Malta; Gerhardt Gade, of Norway, at Christiana; Charles H. Royce, of the District of Columbia, at Prague; William A. Gulix, of New York, at Aux Cayes; A. Jourdan, of District of Columbia, at Seville; Samuel J. Day, of Florida, at Pictou.

Postmaster—Martin Mulvide, Delevan, Wis.; William Jones, Dallas, Texas; Edward B. Stephens, Binghamton, N. Y.; Albert J. Lowry, Placerville, Cal.; Michael Grigsh, Fredericksburg, Va.; Joseph Jorgenson, Farmville, Va.; John H. Freeman, Lexington, Va.; C. B. Thomson, Leroy, N. Y.

Personal.

Among the late arrivals at the Ebbitt House are General Canby, from Virginia; Dr. Francis Lieber, A. Corbin and Elliott Sandford, of New York.

Weekly Customs Receipts.

The customs receipts for the week ending April 16 were as follows:—

Boston	$470,667 75
New York	3,278,651 82
Philadelphia	348,339 65
Baltimore	245,345 36
New Orleans (from March 26 to April 9)	272,663 82
San Francisco (from March 26 to April 9)	283,271 86
Total	$4,903,940 26

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

Second Session.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 21, 1870.

TAX ON FARM PRODUCE.

Mr. SCOTT, (rep.) of Pa., introduced a bill to amend the revenue law providing that the section which imposes a license upon the produce brokers shall not be so construed as to make subject to that license farmers who sell their own produce.

DEBTS OF SOUTHERN RAILROAD CORPORATIONS.

Mr. THAYER, (rep.) of Neb., introduced bills for the collection of debts due us from certain Southern railroad corporations, and relating to suits of the United States against the same.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

At twenty minutes past one o'clock the Northern Pacific resolution, authorizing the company to issue its bonds for the construction of its road and to secure the same by mortgage, was taken up, and

Mr. CASSERLY, (dem.) of Cal., resumed his argument upon the rapid absorption of the public lands by Western railroads, to show the mischievous effect of these excessive grants, as compared with a more equitable system, tending to paralyze rather than incite corporative energy, and inducing the roads to come to Congress and demand as a right what at first they asked as a favor. In view of the ambiguity of the resolution he charged that a fair inference to be drawn was to authorize the company to mortgage not only its property, but all its rights to property, though it should never build its road. Was it a bit thing, he asked, to pass legislation so destitute of limitations and safeguards that it should be in the power of a set of speculators to go to Europe, and by means of the credit obtained through the liberality of our government enrich themselves as a great stock jobbing concern? He objected to the continuance of this liberality towards corporations on behalf of the settler, believing that the effect of the land grant policy was to tie up an immense territory in the hands of a few. He did not object to railroads, but he would keep the public lands free and open to settlement by the people. He charged that the object in the present instance was to promote colossal speculation, and that the inevitable defeat of every attempt to amend the bill had demonstrated the great power of the Pacific Railroad Committee and its ability to dictate with impunity the railroad legislation of the Senate. He then proceeded to show the necessity of free lands in maintaining free institutions.

At three o'clock the Senate voted upon Mr. Thurman's amendment requiring that troops, stores and munitions of war of the United States shall be transported over the road free of cost, which was rejected—yeas 12, nays 35.

Mr. SCOTT offered an amendment that lands now granted not sold five years after the completion of the road shall be subject to settlement and pre-emption like other lands, at not exceeding $2.50 per acre. In case of foreclosure of mortgage by the government, lands to be sold in counties where situated after sixty days' advertisement. Agreed to—yeas 35, nays 8.

Mr. HOWARD, (rep.) of Mich., offered an amendment to add "and Congress may at any time alter or amend this joint resolution, having due regard to the rights of said company and any other party." Adopted.

Mr. CAMERON, (rep.) of Pa., moved to insert a proviso that in the construction of the road American iron or steel only shall be used, the same to be manufactured from American ore exclusively.

Mr. HOWARD said the provision was contained in the original charter.

The motion was then agreed to—yeas 27, nays 18.

The bill then passed by a vote of 40 to 11, as follows:—

YEAS—Messrs. Ames, Anthony, Brownlow, Buckingham, Cameron, Chandler, Cole, Corbett, Cragin, Fenton, Ferry, Flanigan, Hamilton of Texas, Hamlin, Harris, Howard, Howe, Kellogg, McDonald, Morrill of Me., Morrill of Vt., Norton, Nye, Osborn, Patterson, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Revels, Rice, Robertson, Sawyer, Scott, Sprague, Stewart, Sumner, Thayer, Trumbull, Wilkinson, Wilson and Yates—40.

NAYS—Messrs. Bayard, Bogman, Cassserly, Fowler, Harlan, McCreery, Morton, Pratt, Salisbury, Schurz and Willey—11.

Messrs. Thurman, Howell, Vickers and Hamilton of Maryland, opposed to the bill, paired off with Messrs. Sherman, Edmunds, Gilbert and Tipton, in favor of it.

The following is the resolution as amended and passed:—

JOINT RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF BONDS BY THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

Be it resolved, &c., That the Northern Pacific Railroad Company be, and hereby is, authorized to issue its bonds to aid in the construction and equipment of its road, and to secure the same by mortgage on its property and rights of property of all kinds and descriptions, real, personal and mixed, including its franchise as a corporation; and as proof and notice of its legal execution and effectual delivery said mortgage shall be filed and recorded in the office of the Secretary of the Interior; and also to locate and construct, under the provisions and with the privileges, grants and duties provided for in its act of incorporation, its main road to some point on Puget Sound, via the valley of the Columbia river, with the right to locate and construct its branch from some convenient point on its main trunk line across the Cascade Mountains to Puget Sound; and in the event of there not being in any State or Territory in which said main line or branch may be located, at the time of the final location thereof, the amount of lands per mile granted by Congress to said company, within the limits prescribed by its charter, then said company shall be entitled, under direction of the Secretary of the Interior, to receive so many sections of land belonging to the United States and designated by odd numbers, in such State or Territory, within ten miles on each side said road, beyond the limits prescribed in said charter, as will make up such deficiency on said main line or branch, except mineral and other lands as excepted in the charter of said company or U. S. 4, to the amount of the lands that have been granted, sold, reserved, occupied by homestead settlers, pre-emption or otherwise disposed of, subsequent to the passage of the act of July 2, 1864, and that twenty-five miles of said main line between its western terminus and the city of Portland, in the State of Oregon, shall be completed by the last day of January, 1872, and forty miles of the remaining portion thereof each year thereafter, until the whole shall be completed between said points, provided that all lands hereby granted to said company which shall not be sold or disposed of or remain subject to the mortgage by this act authorized at the expiration of five years after the completion of the entire road shall be subject to settlement and pre-emption like other lands at a price to be paid to said company not exceeding $2.50 per acre; and if the mortgage hereby authorized shall at any time be enforced by foreclosure of other legal proceedings, or the government lands hereby granted, or any of them, be sold by the trustees to whom such mortgage may be executed, either at its maturity or for any failure or default of said company under the terms thereof, such lands shall be sold at public sale at places within the States and Territories in which they shall be situate after not less than sixty days' previous notice, in single sections or subdivisions thereof to the highest and best bidders, provided, further, that in the construction of the said railroad American iron or steel only shall be used, the same to be manufactured from American ore exclusively.

SEC. 2. And be it further resolved, That Congress may at any time alter or amend this joint resolution, having due regard to the rights of said company and any other parties.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

The Senate, at quarter to four o'clock, went into executive session and subsequently adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, April 21, 1870.

THE TARIFF BILL.

Mr. DAWES, (rep.) of Mass., stated that he had received a note from the chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, stating that he was not well to-day, and would not be able to go on with the Tariff bill. He proposed, therefore, that, after the morning hour, some of the appropriation bills should be taken up.

PROTECTION OF LOYAL TENNESSEEANS.

Mr. STOKES, (rep.) of Tenn., asked leave to present a memorial from loyal citizens of Carroll county, Tennessee, asking for relief and protection.

Mr. BROOKS, (dem.) of N. Y., objected to its being presented in open House; it could be done at the Clerk's desk, under the rules.

CONGRESSIONAL VACANCY IN LOUISIANA.

The resolution offered by Mr. KERR, (dem.) of Ind., yesterday, to notify the government of Louisiana of a vacancy in the First Congressional district, having come up as the unfinished business, Mr. Kerr withdrew it and Mr. Stevenson renewed it.

Mr. STEVENSON, (rep.) of Ohio, proceeded to address the House on the subject of what he characterized as the extraordinary course of the House yesterday in reference to Mr. Sypher. If the facts were ever fully known about that case it would be found, if any improper influences had operated at all, they operated adversely by caucuses and by combinations. But he did not make any charges. He only wanted to caution the House as to its future action. There were to be more cases reported from Louisiana in which the principle involved was the same. There was not a hair's breadth difference in principle between the case of Sheldon, who was voted into his seat last week, and that of Sypher, who was rejected yesterday. They did not differ an iota. In the case of Sheldon the official returns showed that the majority against him was 10,615, and in the case of Sypher the official returns showed a majority against him of 9,614, less than the majority of Hunt over Sheldon.

Mr. FARNSWORTH, (rep.) of Ill., made the point of order that a discussion as to the majorities against Sypher and Mr. Sheldon had nothing to do with the pending resolution.

The SPEAKER sustained the point of order.

Mr. STEVENSON remarked that if the House adhered to its vote in the Sypher case all the seats from Louisiana would be vacated, and he proposed, therefore, that the resolution be withheld until that fact be decided.

After further argument in the same direction, and several interruptions by points of order, Mr. Stevenson resumed his seat, and the resolution was, on motion of Mr. Holman, laid on the table, the Speaker having intimated that there was no necessity for its adoption.

REVISION OF THE PATENT LAWS.

The House then, as its business for the morning hour, resumed the consideration of the bill "To revise, consolidate and amend the statutes relating to patents and copyrights."

Mr. DAWES argued against some increase of salaries of Patent Office employes proposed in one section of the bill, and he moved to reduce the salary of the librarian of the Patent Office from $2,500, as proposed, to the present rate, $1,800. Agreed to.

Mr. DAWES also offered an amendment reducing the salaries of first assistant examiners of the Patent Office from $2,000 to $1,800. Agreed to. Also reducing the salary of the examiner in charge of interferences from $3,000 to $2,500. Agreed to.

Various amendments proposing changes in the details of the bill, which comprises 111 sections, were offered and discussed by Messrs. Butler of Mass., Kerr, Poland, Cleveland and Myers.

All the pending amendments were rejected and the bill was passed.

The House then, at forty minutes past two o'clock, went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Eldridge in the chair, on

THE NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL.

The bill appropriates $16,841,846, including the following principal items:—Pay of commissioned and warrant officers, $4,000,000; pay of petty officers and seamen, $2,550,000; contingent expenses of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, $800,000; equipment of vessels, $1,500,000; Bureau of Ordnance, $988,000; Bureau of Construction and Repair, $3,565,000; Bureau of Steam Engineering, $1,040,440; Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, $824,650; Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, $141,000; Naval Academy, $163,000; Marine Corps, $1,050,000.

Mr. WASHBURN, (rep.) of Wis., who had charge of the bill from the Committee on Appropriations, made a general statement as to its provisions, and replied to several questions put by Mr. Morgan as to the pay of naval officers. He condemned the action of Secretary Welles in reviving the allowances to naval officers that were in existence prior to 1855; but he thought it fair and reasonable to suppose that the present Secretary regarded that matter as settled by his predecessor. He proposed to offer an amendment on that subject. As to the condition of the navy, he said that the ships of the navy did no credit to the country at home or abroad. The position of the navy was most humiliating, the war ships of the United States being the derision of the world. The Committee on Appropriations was unanimously of opinion that before spending any large sums of money for a class of vessels that were confessedly useless as cruisers they should pause and consider the question of future policy. Referring to the commercial iron steamships of England, he said that by them what little American commerce there was left would be swept from the ocean in thirty days. The United States had no such ships. This was a most humiliating statement, and he thought it well to consider whether the United States government might not wisely divert a part of the money now spent for the navy in encouraging the building of a class of ships that would be useful in peace and in war. He expressed the hope that Congress would on that subject profit by the experience of the past and adopt a policy which the experience of other countries had demonstrated to be efficient and economical. As to the question of the extension and improvement of navy yards it would be considered in another bill. The English government was now having most of its work done in private shipyards, and he had no doubt the work done in the navy yards cost twice as much as it would cost in private yards. Referring to the second section of the bill, which requires navy paymasters on foreign stations to render with their accounts an official consular certificate that all purchases and expenditures were made at the ruling market prices, he related at some length the circumstances of improvident contracts made at Lisbon with a Barbary Jew named Abicassis. It was to prevent such things that the section was reported and should be adopted. In conclusion, he said he was assured that the expenses of the navy for the present fiscal year would not exceed twenty millions.

Mr. COVODE, (rep.) of Pa., made some remarks denunciatory of the Abicassis' contracts, which, he said, were made during the Johnson administration.

Mr. HALE, (rep.) of Me., addressed the committee in defence of the Navy Department against the aspersions or insinuations of Messrs. Cox and Dawes and the newspapers.

Mr. MORGAN, (dem.) of Ohio, asked Mr. Hale whether he was aware that the Secretary of the Navy had estimated for the pay of naval officers two millions over the legal salaries?

Mr. HALE said he was not aware of it and did not know anybody who was.

Mr. MORGAN—I know it and will prove it.

Mr. HALE went on to compare the American navy with that of other nations to show its inferiority. The British navy had a total of 719 vessels of all classes, with a tonnage of six hundred thousand—a proportionate tonnage to its commercial marine of one-eighth. The French navy consisted of 401 vessels, including fifty armored ships. The Russian fleet in the Baltic alone consisted of eighty-one vessels, with a tonnage of 112,637—nearly double the force of the whole of the American fleet in all its squadrons. Spain had a navy of 128 vessels, and had now in the Cuban waters alone sixty-one vessels, mounting 360 guns—fifty per cent more of naval power than the United States could bring against her if all our squadrons were scooped together. Even Prussia, which had no naval outgrowth or ambition until recently, had a navy of eighty-six vessels, carrying 547 guns, twice the number of vessels and one and a half times the number of guns of the American navy. Even little Denmark, a fifth rate European Power, on the verge of annihilation, had a navy of thirty-three vessels, carrying 4.8 guns.

Without concluding his remarks, the Committee of the Whole, at half-past four o'clock, took a recess until half-past seven this evening.

Evening Session.

The Committee of the Whole resumed its session at half-past seven o'clock on the Naval Appropriation bill, Mr. Eldridge in the chair. There were not more than a dozen members present, and Mr. Hale, who was entitled to the floor in continuation of his remarks, yielded to a motion that the committee rise, which was agreed to.

The House thereupon adjourned.

TO THE POOR GREENHORN.

Proposition to Reduce the Per Capita Tax on Emigrants—As at Present Collected is It Just or Unjust, Legal or Illegal, Liberal or Illiberal?

The emigration laws of New York have been so tinkered, so hastily conceived and ridiculously enacted that the shipping interests of this great port have been materially injured, and the poor, helpless and struggling emigrants mercilessly bled to support institutions from which they get the most paltry alms. To efface such a stain from the statute books of the State a bill has been introduced in the Senate at Albany which, if passed and enforced, will prove of great benefit in subserving the interests of our shipping and the emigrants. This bill provides that commutation money for emigrants arriving at the port of New York shall be reduced from the present sum of $2 50 *per capita* to $1 55 *per capita*. This is coming back to the old standards. In 1847 commutation money by statute was fixed at $1; in 1851 at $1 50; in 1853 at $2. In 1863 it was also raised to $2 50, its present amount, to enable the Commissioners of Emigration to meet the expenses of the Marners' Hospital and Quarantine, both of which are now removed from their charge.

Since this diminution of their functions the *per capita* tax on the emigrant has largely exceeded the average individual expense of each person living on Ward's Island or otherwise quartered by the Commissioners. The actual cost does not exceed $1 55, and the excess of the $2 50 *per capita* has been accumulating for years. The revenues of the Commissioners of Emigration from this source since 1862, over and above the actual expenses, are as follows:—

1862 to 1863, net increase of assets	$35,930
1863 to 1864, net increase of assets	172,871
1864 to 1865, net increase of assets	179,132
1865 to 1866, net increase of assets	211,979
1866 to 1867, net increase of assets	220,092
1867 to 1868, net increase of assets	182,487
1868 to 1869, net increase of assets	129,599
Total excess of receipts	$1,127,702
Expended for buildings from 1862 to 1869	768,459
Net excess in receipts	$359,241

The buildings which have been put up with these moneys are for future use, belong to the State, and are the repository of revenues collected for no purpose of this character, but simply to support the poor emigrant who cannot take care of himself. It is evident that the whole system of accumulating taxes from these oppressed people is wrong and unjust, for the $2 50 *per capita* comes from the emigrant's pocket. It is first charged to the vessel owner, but he does not pay. It is the passenger that is bled and the State that gains. The professed liberality of our emigration laws is, therefore, a sham. Boston is a port where the emigrants, passing through to Western homes, are not taxed at all. Why cannot New York show this same spirit? or is it in the handling of the money that there is the most utility? In consequence of the oppression of this tax many of our steamships now moor their vessels to the Jersey docks, and New York State for a mere song looks with indifference upon this decadence of our shipping interests. Besides, it is nothing but a heavy, unwelcome burden upon the emigrant, who, with bright visions of a paradise in a pretty Western home, first lands on these shores to find that taxation begins upon his passport, only to end on his coffin. Emigration seeks other ports, and the injury to commerce is untold. It should be the early office of the Legislature to amend the laws, and not make the emigrants pay a tax unconstitutional and suversive of justice and decency.

It appears that large amounts of work are being done at Ward's Island without contract, and one man has performed over $70,000 in carpenter work.

FIRE IN BROADWAY.

Suspected Incendiarism—Two Colored Girls Nearly Suffocated.

About half-past nine last evening pedestrians on Broadway, near the quiet purlieus of Fulton street at that time of night, were startled by cries of fire and murder proceeding first from the roof of No. 202 Broadway, and afterward from No. 200. Shortly afterwards the officer on the beat saw smoke proceeding from No. 202, and gave the alarm. Fire was discovered on the floor above the basement, immediately under the stairs, where a quantity of office rubbish seemed to have been stored. The fire was extinguished in about half an hour, with a damage to the building of about $2,500, which sum may be divided between the first and second floors, occupied respectively by Frane, Hare & Lockwood, general insurance agents, and the Standard Life Insurance Company. In the basement is the billiard room of G. Ancela, which has sustained a damage of $4,900 by water. From inquiries of the janitor's family it seems that two colored girls, named Marshall, were sitting sewing in the attic of the building, and, about nine o'clock, heard a noise in the building as if the large iron door had been hastily closed. A few moments after they perceived smoke coming into the apartment, and, rushing into the hallway, discovered a dense volume arising from the stairs. They attempted to make their way down, but found it impossible, and fortunately escaped on to the roof and gave the alarm, and afterwards made their way on to the roof of No. 200, where they received assistance. The excitement among the crowd for a period of twenty minutes was intense, but on finding no one was in danger it subsided into equally intense indifference.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

Paymaster Robert W. Allen has been detached from the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing and ordered to the practice ship Savannah on the 30th inst. Master W. R. Newman has been detached from the receiving ship at New York and ordered to the Pilgrim. The order of First Assistant Engineer Wilson K. Puree to the Saugus has been revoked. Second Assistant Engineers W. A. H. Allen and George W. Hall have been ordered to the Pilgrim.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

Proceedings of the Legislature Yesterday.

The Tax Levies Not Yet in the Senate—Passage of the State Supply Bill in the House—Present to Mr. Tweed—Passage of the Arcade Railway Bill in the Senate.

ALBANY, April 21, 1870.

The tax levies still continue to absorb the majority of whatever liveliness there is in this place for outsiders. The boys still continue to come up from the big city and worry the leaders, and so

THE LEVIES

have been held in the Assembly until the arrangements are completed to have them passed in the Senate without unnecessary delay. It has been found much more convenient to make any amendments or alterations in the items since the bills were printed, and they have been undergoing a most careful revision since their passage through the Assembly. It is stated positively that there will be material

REDUCTIONS

made in many particulars in the bill. For instance, the provision in relation to the fire telegraph will be cut down about $200,000; the appropriation for the Normal school will be cut some $50,000. The section in relation to the Secretary of the Central Park, which, it is said, would involve some $50,000 or $60,000, will be cut out entirely. The section in relation to the sale of city property by officers who shall be authorized to sell or dispose of such property will be amended so as to make it obligatory that the property must be disposed of to the highest bidder. The transfer of property authorized by section twelve for a normal college is, no doubt, in reference to Reservoir square, and the clause authorizing the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund to dispose of such real estate acquired for school purposes as they may deem unnecessary or unsuitable it is believed refers to the Free Academy property on Twenty-third street. The twenty-ninth section is still giving a great deal of annoyance to certain legal lights, who have taken advantage of a mere technical informality in the revision of assessments during the three or more years that Mr. John E. Devlin was Corporation Counsel. That gentleman and his associates, under the advice of one of his predecessors, went on doing business in the manner which was finally decided to be illegal.

A PECULIARLY PRETTY PRESENT

was received this morning by Mr. Tweed from Health Officer Carnochan. The following note will explain the nature of the gift:—

NEW YORK, April 20, 1870.

MY DEAR SIR—I send with this a malacca cane, which was presented to the late Elijah F. Purdy by some members of the Tammany Society, in consideration of his integrity and devotion to the democratic party. After the death of our lamented friend the cane was transmitted to me by his widow, in remembrance—as she was pleased to say—of my attention to him during his last illness. I have treasured it as a souvenir of the old democratic chieftain. It may appropriately be regarded as a political heirloom, and I beg your acceptance of it as a tribute to your high personal character, and in admiration at your political wisdom in harmonizing and consolidating the great democratic party of this city and State.

I remain, my dear Sir, most truly yours,

J. M. CARNOCHAN.

Hon. WM. M. TWEED, Albany, N. Y.

This cane is an extraordinarily large and beautiful piece of malacca, fully an inch and a quarter in diameter at the thinnest part. The head is of heavy gold, carved and chased around the stick, while the tablet on top contains this inscription:—

ELIJAH F. PURDY,
Grand Sachem—1868.
WILLIAM M. TWEED,
Grand Sachem—1870.

The cane is enclosed in a beautiful rosewood case, and is altogether a most appropriate and valuable gift. The

ARCADIAN ABOMINATION

was to-day passed in the Senate. Despite the earnest protestation of the New York representatives; despite the fact that the

OWNERS OF $600,000,000 PROTEST

against the passage of the bill; despite the infernal and almost eternal buzzing they have been subjected to in regard to the matter, nineteen men voted to destroy the property along Broadway. Those who voted in the affirmative on the passage were all countrymen excepting Senator Genet, of your city; and so this crazy scheme goes down to the lower house, where, it has been stated,

THE ROAD HAS BEEN GREASED

with scrip and stock of the company. Should it go through, however, it is pretty certain that the Governor, who has been in New York city much oftener than some of the affirmative Senators, will show some regard for the wishes of his former direct constituents and place his veto against the measure.

THE STATE SUPPLY BILL

passed the Assembly this afternoon, after being slightly amended in several unimportant items, and after cutting out the clauses allowing $10,000 for Norton, the commissioner to the Paris International Exhibition, and $10,000 to Munson I. Lockwood, on a judgment said to have been rendered in his favor against the state some years ago. An amendment was inserted by which $6,000 were granted to the town of Canistota and $5,000 to the town of Montezuma, for the development of salines.

An amendment was offered by Mr. Irving, giving clerks to committees $200 each for extra work, instead of $100.

Mr. Bergen opposed the amendment, and showed by "fact, figures and philosophy" that the chief items in the bill relating to expenditures of the Legislature had increased within ten years over $100,000. He had no doubt that there were members of the Legislature who, when the Legislature adjourned, would take away the Capitol and the public buildings around Albany; but he would take the responsibility of opposing all attempts to swell these expenditures to such extraordinary figures. He did not state how much the responsibility was worth; but as he was willing to allow the other members to carry off the Capitol and public buildings, while he would take only the responsibility, the latter must be very valuable.

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, April 21, 1870.

REPORTS.

Mr. GENET reported the bill amending the General Railroad law authorizing an increase of fare.

By Mr. GRAHAM—Amending the charter of the Brevoort Savings Bank. Ordered to a third reading.

By Mr. TWEED—Closing part of Clove road, Brooklyn.

By Mr. MURPHY—Consolidating acts relative to the New York Marine Court; also authorizing the Atlantic Savings Bank of New York to change its location.

By Mr. WINSLOW—Amending the charter of the American Trust Company of New York.

MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Governor sent in the following message:—

TO THE SENATE—I respectfully call your attention to a subject of great importance, on which I trust you will act before adjournment. In my annual message I called upon the Legislature to put an end to the policy of practical repudiation under which for seven years the State has paid in depreciated paper the interest on its coin debt. The contract with our creditors as to all debts incurred prior to the bounty loan plainly calls for gold. A resolution was introduced in the Assembly early in the session, action on which was delayed until after the recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States that payment of private debts incurred before the passage of the Legal Tender act must be made in coin. A preamble was then prefixed to the resolution reciting that the reason for our State returning to the honest payment of her debts was simply that she might comply with this decision. This preamble is wrong; but the resolution itself, directing all future payments of interest on the principal of the State debt, except the bounty loan, which was negotiated for depreciated paper, to be made in coin, is right. It is of secondary consequence, however, what reasons may be assigned in the preamble, but it is of great and primary consequence not only that the State shall pay this portion of her debt in coin, as the Comptroller is already doing, but also that her public record on this point should at once be made right by authoritative declaration of the Legislature. This is especially important now, that great and unprecedented efforts are making to induce the Supreme Court to reverse its solemn and deliberate judgment. I plead the importance of your action upon this subject to the honor and good name of this the great State in the Union as my excuse for making to you this special communication. I recommend that the resolution on this subject which has already passed the Assembly be promptly passed by your body.

JOHN T. HOFFMAN.

BILLS PASSED.

Amending the General Railroad act relative to the time for constructing and completing railroads; amending the Fire Insurance law relative to the incorporation of companies.

THE NEW YORK ARCADE RAILWAY.

The bill incorporating the New York Arcade Railway Company passed by the following votes:—

AYES—Messrs. Banks, Blood, Bowen, Brand, Chapman, Elwood, Genet, Graham, Hubbard, Lewis, Lord, Miller, Morgan, C. P. Norton, Pierce, Scott, Winslow, Wood and Woodin—19.

NOES—Messrs. Bradley, Cauldwell, Creamer, Frost, Hardenburgh, Harpending, Kenneay, Murphy, M. Norton, Parker, Sanford, Thayer and Tweed—15.

THE REGISTRY AND COLORED SUFFRAGE BILLS.

Mr. M. NORTON called up the bill removing disabilities from colored voters, pursuant to the fifteenth amendment.

The pending question was the motion of Mr. Lord, to amend the bill by adding a proviso repealing the Registry law.

The republican Senators contended that the agreement was that the bills were to be separated, and a lengthy debate followed.

Mr. CREAMER denied that any such arrangement was made, and if made it could not bind him.

Messrs. PARKER and CHAPMAN denounced the proposition as an abominable breach of faith.

Mr. WOODIN said so far as the bill relating to colored citizens was concerned, it was entirely unnecessary, although he would be glad to vote for it as an expression of opinion. The constitution of the United States gave the colored man the right to vote. All laws or constitutions of States to the contrary were null and void, and any election inspector or other person obstructing colored voters in the right to vote would be punished. Therefore, if this Registry law repeal was tacked on to this bill he should vote against it.

Mr. MURPHY would not willingly place his republican friends in a disagreeable position, and would prefer to let the matter lie over.

After an animated party debate it was agreed on both sides that the vote should be taken immediately on the two questions separately.

Mr. GENET moved to amend the bill repealing the Registry law so as to make it applicable to New York city.

Lost, as follows:—

YEAS—Messrs. Banks, Blood, Caldwell, Creamer, Genet, Hardenburgh, Murphy, M. Norton and Sanford—9.

NAYS—Messrs. Bowen, Bradley, Brand, Chapman, Elwood, Frost, Graham, Harpending, Hubbard, Kennedy, Lewis, Lord, Miller, Morgan, C. P. Norton, Parker, Pierce, Scott, Thayer, Tweed, Winslow, Wood and Woodin—23.

By unanimous consent the bill repealing the Registry law, except in the city of New York, was read a third time and passed—18 to 14, a strict party vote.

The bill removing disabilities from colored voters was passed, with but three dissenting votes—Messrs. Creamer, Caldwell and Tweed.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The bill relating to proceedings in Surrogates' Courts in New York was passed.

Evening Session.

BILLS PASSED.

Amending the charter of Flushing.

Amending the charter of the Central Savings Bank of New York.

Amending the Brooklyn Water act relative to the commissioners.

For the better organization of the Physicians' Mutual Aid Society.

Amending the act regulating toll on roads and bridges in Newtown and Bushwick.

Incorporating Confidence Lodge, No. 51, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Fixing the compensation of stenographers in the courts of record.

Incorporating the New York State Loan and Trust Company.

Relative to Park avenue, Brooklyn.

Incorporating the Eighth Ward Savings Bank of New York.

Incorporating the Richmond Hotel Company.

Incorporating the Associated Hotel Company.

Incorporating the New York Loan and Indemnity Company.

Authorizing the Common Council to open and improve Van Cott avenue, Brooklyn.

Confirming the official acts of the Supervisors of New York and Westchester counties.

Granting a sale of land to the United States, to erect a building for a post office and for other offices, in the city of Albany.

Authorizing the New York and Oswego Midland Railroad Company to consolidate with other railroad companies.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, April 21, 1870.

BILLS PASSED.

Providing for a stenographer to the Court of Oyer and Terminer in New York city. Making provision for conducting elections in Kings county.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Details of the Killing of Lopez, of Paraguay.

The End of the Paraguayan War—Brazilian Troops Scouring the Country for Detached Parties—What is to be Done with the Republic?—Rejoicings in Rio—Affairs in the Argentine and Oriental Republics — Politics in Brazil.

RIO JANEIRO, March 25, 1870.

The Paraguayan war is at last really over. Lopez and his eldest son are slain, together with Vice President Sanches, Minister Caminos and various officers of high rank, and among the prisoners made are Lopez's mother and sisters, Mrs. Lynch and four children, Generals Resquin and Delgado and other officers of rank.

The scene of the death of Lopez was a bank of the Aquidaban, a small river which flows from the mountains at the northern frontier of Paraguay in a southwesterly direction to the river Paraguay. His pursuers, General Camara and 1,500 well appointed Rio Grande cavalry, had been delayed by a river freshet on their way, but on effecting their crossing they pushed on with increased vigor, and on the 27th and 28th made marches of seventy to eighty miles a day. On the 1st of March they came suddenly upon Lopez and his main forces, about 700 men, who were so completely surprised that the gunners had not time to fire their cannon and give the alarm before they were cut down or lanced. Lopez had barely time to draw up his infantry when the advance of the Brazilian cavalry fell upon them. The charge broke them almost instantly, and they took refuge in the woods, where, however, the Spencer repeating rifles of the troopers caused them great losses. When Lopez saw, when the Brazilian cavalry appeared, that further flight was impracticable, he drew his sword and took his place in the ranks of his troops. He received a severe wound in the short struggle, and was called upon by the Brazilian commander to surrender; but he refused, and a corporal called "Chico Diabo" (Frank, the Devil), ran him through with his lance and killed him. Thus the first fight in which Lopez took part in person, or as general, proved to be the last.

The Brazilian troops up to the 3d, the last date received, were engaged in scouring the country in quest of any remaining parties, some of which had been routed or dispersed. A party under General Cabellero, engaged in collecting cattle, was beaten by a Brazilian scouting party and he barely escaped. Lopez's trains and seventeen cannon had been got, together with many of the families that were accompanying them, and there is no probability that any of the refugees will attempt to carry on hostilities or even bushwhacking, as they are without resources.

It is announced that the plenipotentiaries of the allies and of the Paraguayan government were about to meet at Asuncion for the purpose of making a treaty of peace. It is also said that a general election would at an early date be made in Paraguay to elect a President and Legislature.

In the Argentine Confederation things appear to be going on prosperously and quietly, but a telegram at the last moment says that troubles had broken out among the numerous Italian population in the city of Buenos Ayres, and that blood was flowing freely.

The storm which fell upon the River Plate on the 9th was a most serious one, and caused immense damage to the shipping. Fifty-four vessels being lost or severely damaged. The waves even washed houses away on the shore in Buenos Ayres.

Montevideo is rapidly drifting into its former condition of chronic insurrection and insecurity. Armed forces are in insurrection in the north and virtually possess the departments north of the Rio Negro, and some parties have invaded Florida. The government is a most powerless but General Castro has been appointed commander-in-chief. He is in camp trying to collect men, and the National Guard is to be called out. Which will be the result it is difficult to surmise, but it is most probable that the foreign Powers will take measures to prevent the city of Montevideo becoming the scene of armed conflict. The Legislature sitting at Montevideo has not come to a decision about the question of how to pay off the bank bills which the government undertook to redeem, and it has consequently postponed the time for redeeming them for thirty days longer, say to the 15th of April.

The news of Lopez's death arrived here upon the 17th of March, St. Patrick's day, and some maintain that the soldier who killed Lopez is an Irishman named Thomas O'Flanagan, who enlisted in the Brazilian cavalry, and who, on account of his reckless bravery, got the name among them of Chico Diabo, that is to say, Devil Frank. Of course the Brazilians don't admit such a supposition, and the Rio Grandenses have been self-congratulating each other and shaking hands all over the town in ecstasy at the killing of Lopez being effected by a provincialist of theirs and the closing of the war effected by a Rio Grande general and Rio Grande troops. This brigadier general (Camara) has been made Viscount of Pelotas and has been promoted to the rank of field marshal, besides having a street in Rio redirectioned after him. As for Chico Diabo, I hear a subscription has been made, which will start him as a first class cavalier down South, with gold in his pocket and ten pounds of silver in his bridle, saddle and spurs.

The rejoicings in the city have been great. The Emperor's face is radiant; he talks no more of abdication, and after a grand *Te Deum* to-day he is going up to rest himself in his summer palace at Petropolis, from which he had exiled himself, during the whole of the war. The Princess Imperial is also in a high state of beatitude; she is warmly attached to the Comte d'Eu, and exceedingly proud of him, so that his early expected return has greatly excited her. A steamer has been chartered to send for him, and he is looked for about the 20th of April. The Princess received two female demonstrations—one when she was walking up the steep road to the Gloria church to attend mass, when a lot of ladies and children waylaid her and raised *vivas* to her, the Comte and the *ex voto* ar. The other demonstration was on the 22d, when a deputation of ladies waited on her at the city palace. A young lady who had just graduated delivered a little speech, and then piped the fugle note of seven *vivas* on various appropriate subjects, in which all the ladies joined. Having thus done their duty to the Princess and Brazil, they favored the populace of Rio with a procession through various streets, a widow with four sons in the army, besides three who died to it, carrying a flag. These female demonstrations would of course be nothing in most other countries, but in Brazil such a step outside their usual ultra-virginal prudery is a genuine phenomenon, and is enough to make one think the world is really coming to an end.

One other symptom of this approaching catastrophe is that the caged starlings in the nunneries here are crying to get out. The scene of this revolt against morality and religion is the Ajuda Convent. It is an immense building, every window of which is carefully guarded by a checkerwork of two inch iron bars. The new bishop, however, trained in morality and religion by the Jesuits, saw that, although their windows were forty feet above the streets, a passer-by might possibly see the noses of the nuns as they flattened them against the dirty glass; so, horrified at the possible sacrilege, he at once ordered close Venetian blinds to be nailed outside all of them. However, it would seem the sisters enjoyed the nose flattening greatly, or else even their nunnish tempers exacerbated at the hierarchic want of trust in them; so the Old Eve revolted and they managed to get their complaints brought to the First Public Prosecutor. This gentleman paid a visit to the abbess, got her to assemble the nuns, and then interrogated them in her presence. Many of them complained bitterly of the blinds, which they said shut out light and air from them; and four went further, and declared that they were tired of life in the convent, that they had no vocation for it, and that they wished to leave. This declaration the Public Prosecutor put in formal writing, and the four nuns signed it. A few days after he paid another visit, this time with the Most Reverend in charge of the bishopric while the Bishop is legislating in Rome. Both went through the rooms, and apparently concluded that the case of the blinds was not as bad as the grumblers made it. The nuns were then assembled; two of the four nuns backed out, but the other two still demanded release, which the Most Reverend declined to permit, as, he said, only the Pope could relieve the nuns from their conventual sequestration. The Public Prosecutor, however, has laid the matter before the government, who will turn it over to the Council of State for a report, and in about nine months, perhaps, a decision will be made whether nuns can, constitutionally, be retained in the convents against their will. If a decision be not shelved, I think it likely the decision will be in favor of the free will of the nuns, especially as the Minister of the Empire, under whose department such institutions fall, is not favorable to their maintenance. Public feeling will also be almost unanimous in favor of the nuns, the more that it is notorious that many of them were forced to take the veil for mere family reasons and interests.

Some more volunteers have returned, and between the demonstrations to them and the rejoicings over the death of Lopez the city has been in gala costume for the last eight days. Yesterday was to have witnessed the great procession of Our Lord of the Steps, but the clouds opened their floodgates so effectually that the priests and devotees thought dry skins and wet throats and stomachs more appropriate to the weather. To-day the City Fathers give their *Te Deum*, in which cannon and musketry are to take a part. A sort of national musical demonstration is also announced hereafter in the big chaos of a square called the Campo d'Acclamation in which the quavering fife, the rolling drum, the trumpet's brazen blare and the loud roaring cannon are to make the ancient hills wake in fear.

The Senatorial election in Minas Geraes is going as almost every one expected, the list of six being all conservative. Even the Brazilian "bravest of the brave," General Osorio, is in a minority of at least two-thirds. But this is the effect of the thorough rottenness of the franchise system here, which all parties admit, but take care to maintain. The land harry which I noticed in my last will help to give an idea of how Brazilian society is organized and how the franchise works.

The parties disputing are two of the "legitimate influences," as the slang of Brazilian politics has it, owning large estates at about a day's travel from Rio by rail and mule. By relationship they are respectively uncle and nephew; by connection they are brothers-in-law, the uncle having married his nephew's sister to keep the family property condensed. Both are very wealthy and very powerful; besides immense landed property and hundreds of slaves they own—yes, own is the fitting word—hundreds of tenants-at-will squatted on their estates, whom they can turn off at a moment's notice; whom they protect from justice, if required; who, in return for protection, are ready for anything, from thrashing a parish priest to shooting a judge, and who are usually national guards and voters. Besides this lower stratum of dependents, each "legitimate influence" keeps an open table and always harbors a number of bachelors and doctors at law, magistrates, even judges and general or provincial deputies, and similar pauperized gentlemen loiters who live upon him, execute his commands or wishes, and, besides forming his court when at home, attend him wherever he goes, as a kind of suite or gentleman body guard. And, in addition, he is looked upon by the "family" as a kind of chief of the clan, whom they are bound to serve, with or against the law; the patron returning the service when required. Such "influences" are nearly omnipotent in their district.

Consider, however, a state of society where the voters, and the lower strata generally, are virtual slaves to the land and negro aristocracy, yet where the government, by its command of the police and national guard, its appointment of almost every official in the province, its command of the judiciary, by indirect or direct powers, its position as judge of the validity of State and county elections, its power to dismiss county officials, almost every magistrate and some of the judges, can, at its will, completely overwhelm local influence, and by pressing for the army arbitrary, unchecked draftings of the militia to distant places for months, and equally arbitrary trumped up prosecutions, force the unfortunate voters to go directly against the will of the aristocracy on whom they are so dependent. Imagine what a state of political and social society could exist under such circumstances and you have a true picture of Brazilian liberties, as enjoyed by the mass of the "Constitutional Empire." In one region of Rio Grande do Sul there are 4,000 national guards refuged in the woods or the Argentine territory, fled from the oppression exercised upon them in order to command the elections in that stronghold of liberalism and republicanism.

Independent of the state to which electioneering agencies have reduced them, and in regard to which a distinguished liberal says in a just published pamphlet that in the northern provinces it would be very much easier to call the people together in armed revolt than to induce them to contest an election with the government, the whole of the provinces from Maranhão to Espirito Santo exclusive are in a very suffering state from the effects of the drought, now two years steady in many parts. Whole districts are famishing. Yet it is very difficult to get food sent to them on account of the general want of forage and water, and as the planting season has been without rain it is feared that matters will go on from worse to worse.

Emancipations of children continue to be the order of the day in the northern provinces, and the impulse seems undiminishing. Even in the province of Rio Janeiro some gentlemen have subscribed $1,000 to make a little emancipation celebration. On the other hand Rio imported 657 slaves from the northern provinces during January and February to fill vacancies caused by the great mortality steadily going on upon the plantations, and which itself would exterminate slavery in about a century.

The Custom House receipts for the quarter ending December 31 last year were $10,708,322, of which $8,269,360 were from imports and $2,426,960 from exports. Compared with the same quarter of 1869 there is an increase of $330,000 in the export duties and of $3,450,000 in the import duties, but this last increase arises mainly, if not totally, from the immense clearances effected last December, to anticipate the increased duties and storage dues going on at New Year's Day.

Since the war news exchange has risen to 20½ for bank ninety-day bills to the actives, and severe gns have dropped from 13,000 to 12,000.

Two important concessions have just been granted. One is to a company to be organized by Messrs. Stephen Busk & Co. and Engineer Rebouças to construct an import and an export dock, with repairing dock, warehouses, &c., and railroad communication with the Dom Pedro II. Railroad, in the Gamboa and Saude inlets of the port of Rio. The capital is to be $5,000,000 and the concession to be for ninety years, after which the works belong to the nation. The company is to be organized within two years. One dock must be finished in five years and the other in ten years. The charges may be the same as those in the Custom House dock.

The other concession is to Sir Charles Bright, E. B. Webb and William F. Jones, to lay a submarine telegraph cable from Para to Rio Grande do Sul, with branches to all the maritime provinces. The concession is a cable monopoly for sixty years, but will not prejudice land lines. The whole line must be at work within two years. After ten years the government may buy the lines at an arbitrated price, and at the end of the sixty years the whole falls to the government. A peculiar stipulation of the government is that all the telegraphists shall be appointed by the government, though paid by the company.

In both concessions it is stipulated that a representative shall reside in Brazil to receive service of suits, and that the Brazilian courts shall have complete jurisdiction.

The Killing of Lopez—Official Despatch from General Camara Announcing the Deed.

CAMP ON THE LEFT BANK OF THE AQUIDABAN, March 1, 1870.

MOST EXCELLENT SIR—I write to you from Lopez's encampment in the Sierra. The tyrant was routed, and having refused to surrender was killed before my own eyes.

I intimated to him to surrender when he was completely defeated and seriously wounded, and having refused he was killed.

I congratulate your Excellency on the termination of the war and on the complete vindication obtained by Brazil over the tyrant of Paraguay.

General Resquin and another officer have fallen prisoners.

CONCILLOR PARANHOS TO THE MINISTER OF BRAZIL IN BUENOS AYRES.

ASUNCION, March 5, 1870.

Long live the allied armies.

Lopez was overtaken by the forces of General Camara on the left bank of the Aquidaban on the 1st instant. He was wounded in the fight, and not choosing to surrender was killed during the action.

The mother and sisters of the tyrant, with several field officers, among whom is General Resquin, have fallen into our hands.

General Caballero was at another point, and a cavalry force had already marched against him.

Mrs. Lynch was hid in the woods, and up to the moment of the above news being forwarded, which was immediately after the action, she had not been met with.

Your Excellency will be pleased to felicitate the members of the Argentine government in my name.

BRAZIL.

Dom Pedro on a Proposition to Erect a Statue of Him—He Requests that the Money Subscribed be Devoted to Constructing School Buildings.

A number of gentlemen of Rio Janiero held a meeting recently to promote subscriptions for erecting an equestrian statue of the Emperor. His Majesty on hearing of the project sent the following letter to the promoters, through the Minister of the Empire:—

SENOR PAULINO—I read in the *Diario* that it is intended to raise subscriptions for the purpose of erecting a statue to me. You know my feelings, and I wish you to declare, as soon as possible, that if they wish to perpetuate the remembrance of how much I trusted to the patriotism of the Brazilians for the complete avenging of the national honor and for the reputation of the Brazilian name, in a manner not contrary to my satisfaction in serving my country only as fulfilling a heartfelt duty, I would prefer that they would employ their efforts only in the collection of the necessary money for the construction of buildings appropriated to primary school education, and for the improvement of the material of other institutions of public instruction. Both you and your predecessors know how I have always spoken of the need of caring seriously in regard to public education, and nothing would please me so much as to see the new era of peace, based upon a conception of the dignity of Brazilians, commence by a grand act of their own initiative in favor of public education.

While grateful to the sentiment which prompted the statue I feel assured that I shall not be forced to refuse it.

MARCH 19, 1870. D. PEDRO II.

THE CONNECTICUT PRIZE FIGHTERS.

How They Amuse Themselves in Limbo.

[From the New Haven Palladium, April 21.]

During the first few days after the arrest of the Charles Island excursionists the walls of the aristocratic mansion on Whalley avenue resounded with the songs and jests of the hard-visaged, rough-looking lodgers. As one by one the number has decreased and the days have glided by, these turbulent spirits have in a measure become calm. There are now about twenty-five left under the care of Mr. Webster, the jailer. Only three or four roughs remain, the large majority being young laboring men who went more for a lark, but who unfortunately have no money or friends to secure their release. In some cells there are two and in others only one. Once in a while they unite in a song, crack jests over each other's pot, blackguard the officials who arrested them, and blast the fate which places iron bars between them and the mellow sunlight streaming through the jail windows. Several have become very literary in their inclinations, and eagerly devour the contents of anything they can lay hands on in the shape of a book or pamphlet. Most of them have settled down quietly to await their fate, of which they have not the remotest idea, and perform their daily ablutions as regularly as veteran convicts, which some of them really must be if their countenances tell a true story.

JAPAN AND CHINA.

The Dead of the Oneida—Finding and Interment of the Bodies—The Rice Trade—American Interests in the Far East—England Drifting in a War with China.

The Dead of the Oneida—Finding and Interment of the Bodies—The Rice Trade—American Interests in the Far East.

By mail from the Far East we have our files from Japan, dated at Yokohama on the 22d of March. The journals supply the following interesting and melancholy details of our cable news telegrams to the last named day.

The Yokohama *Gazette* furnishes the following items:—

Leaving politics to take care of themselves—for there is literally nothing connected with foreigners to report—we have passed perhaps the barest month for news, or anything worth special notice in a summary of events, that we have ever had to transmit.

We have heard incidentally that it is the intention of Rear Admiral Rowan, on being relieved by Admiral Rodgers of the command of the Asiatic squadron, to return to the United States by way of the Suez Canal. We hope that he will find a sufficient depth of water to allow of the passage of such a large vessel-of-war as the Delaware.

Admiral Rowan, United States Navy, arrived in Yokohama on board the Pacific mail steamship America from Hong Kong on Saturday, March 19; his flagship, the Delaware, came in March 21.

His Excellency the Spanish Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary had an audience of the Emperor of Japan on the 8th of March, and was well received. The treaty which he came to make with Japan was satisfactorily arranged.

The Japanese Parliamentary session passed off quietly, hardly anything having been heard of its doings.

General Whitfield, commanding her Britannic Majesty's forces in China and Japan, arrived at Yokohama from Hong Kong by the America, and inspected the English regiment, the First battalion, Tenth regiment, the day after

The weather has been charming in the extreme, but fever has been and is prevalent in the native town.

The Yokohama *Gazette* adds:—

The large arrivals of rice imported by foreigners have alone preserved Japan this season from the horrors of famine, and we are happy to hear Japanese themselves admit the great benefit that foreign trade has been to them in averting this calamity.

The Dead of the Oneida.

The *Japan Gazette*, of Yokohama, March 22, publishes the following:—Another body has been recovered from the wreck of the United States steamer Oneida, that of Ensign Charles E. Brown, of Worcester, Mass., U. S. A. The funeral will start from the French Hatoba to-morrow, at three P. M.

The *Gazette*, of March 18, remarks as follows:—It was the remark of some of those who attended the funerals of the late Captain Williams and the carpenter and fireman of the United States corvette Oneida that the site of the graves was bad. The coffins have now been removed to a spot lower down, and where the monument that is to be placed over the remains will be more noticeable. Of course the removal took place under proper direction, and with every attention to the respect the public would demand in such a case.

The American Fire Brigade.

[From the Japan (Yokohama) Mail, March 12.]

The efficiency of the American Brigade at the late fires has been the theme of universal praise. None but those who know the practical working of establishments of this kind, the attention to detail which is required in the management of the engine, and the courage, sagacity and discretion necessary for the most efficient employment of it, have any idea of how much of these good qualities is involved in such conduct as was displayed by the brigade. Mr. Huribert, the foreman, and Mr. R. G. Walsh, the second foreman, were as indefatigable in their exertions as they were intelligent in their application of them.

Trade and Politics in Japan.

[From the Japan (Yokohama) Mail, March 12.]

Our last issue was dated the 23d February, since which the most remarkable feature of the fortnight has been the continued arrivals of grain from Saigon; eighteen vessels have entered the port and yet no stock remains on the market. This implies a grave deficit in the country of the first necessary of life and involves a large expenditure of the national resources to supply it. Presuming that we shall receive from first to last a million of piculs of rice costing, in round numbers, three millions of dollars, it is so much abstracted from the purchasing power of the country, so much less to spend in cottons and woollens, in oil and small luxuries. It is so much dead loss. And yet it might have been far worse for Japan. But for the foreign trade thousands would have starved outright who will now be preserved alive for four or five dollars a piece, and whose labor will still be available for the service of the country. Spring is approaching, and in a few short months the seed each of these men has sown will ripen, and nature will repay tenfold the amount spent meanwhile on his sustenance. Still we must look for a dull import trade, a dragging business and great poverty in the country, riots from inability to pay the taxes, and rumors of riots magnified into sounds of rebellion.

Religion and Horticulture.

[From the Hiogo (Japan) News correspondence, March 14.]

On good authority, I am informed that the native Christians—who to the number of about 40,000 were recently torn from their homes, mostly from the neighborhood of Nagasaki, in spite of the most strenuous protests upon the part of the foreign representatives—have been thus disposed of:—To every Daimio has been allotted a certain number of these poor creatures, in the proportion of fifty for each 10,000 koku of his annual revenue, and that the whole of the captives have been thus distributed. This, if true, is equivalent to treating them as so many slaves.

The balance of the kitchen garden seeds so serviceably sent out by the United States Agricultural Department, having been forwarded by the United States Consul, Colonel Stewart, to Bishop Williams, the latter gentleman is daily occupied in distributing them among the cottagers and farmers in this vicinity, and explaining to the natives their uses and modes of culture. It would be difficult, I imagine, to devise a scheme by which, at so trivial a cost, so much good could be done as is being done in this instance. Certainly, if he who has made two blades of grass grow where only one grew before has proved a benefactor to the human race, he who introduces new sources of food into a country is deserving of that country's gratitude.

England Drifting to a War with the Chinese—The Burlingame Mission and Its Consequences.

[From the Japan (Yokohama) Mail—English sympathizer—March 12.]

There is but one opinion at this moment in China respecting our relations with the empire, and that opinion is, that we are inevitably drifting into a war. It matters not from which port the cry comes or who utters it—Hong Kong agrees with Shanghae, Hankow with Ningpo and Taiwan with Amoy. It is one unisonous chorus led by the most experienced, the most discreet and the most sagacious men in China. Single voices raised the cry on the day that news reached England of the despatch of the Burlingame mission, and it gathered strength with every fresh utterance of the Envoy, and in spite of the protestations he made and the credulous enthusiasm with which, probably in all honesty, but certainly with an utter lack of insight, he proclaimed the dawn of a new era of progress in China, it has become the burden of every intelligent utterance which has been heard during the past twelve months, and it is because we share these views and dread the consequences of a war, which we are certain can be avoided, that we wish to add our voice to those which reach us from China. Nor are the causes for this apprehension difficult to discover. They lie in the fact that the Chinese are retreating month by month from the obligations imposed on them by the treaty of Tientsin, and that as we yield to their evasions they think us powerless to punish them. They will assuredly go too far—will outrage the national honor by some overt act, and, trusting to their new arsenals, their gunboats and the Northern army, they will refuse to apologize, and then only one course is open to England.

We are very prone as a nation to accept the plea *ad misericordiam*; mingled with the fierceness of the English character there is great generosity and tenderness, and Asiatics soon discover this and take advantage of it. They plead weakness, inability to carry out their promises, the disturbance of the *Foong Shuen*, and a host of other excuses, which are urged with such consummate skill that we cannot find it in our hearts to gainsay them. We give way on some apparently unimportant point, and from that moment they begin to advance and we to retreat. This retreat confirms them in their policy, and no one who reads the despatches of their statesmen can doubt that, as far as their light goes, those statesmen are among the most acute in the world. But all statesmen, whether European or Asiatic, will oppose innovations of every kind; for innovations alter the existing relations of things, involve a fresh distribution of the national moral forces, and it is long ere the old machinery is adjusted and brought into harmony with the new weights or springs. And if this is the case even in Europe, where the progress of society is a law and condition of its existence, much more is it so in China, where there is no such progress, and where immobility is the real law of the national existence, an immobility all the more difficult to deal with, because in addition to the causes which have produced it, you find it in the largest mass the world has any experience of. As we recently observed, a social law, which admits of no exception, provides that the larger the space over which a particular set of institutions is diffused the greater is its tenacity and vitality. In Europe the problems to be dealt with are problems in dynamics; in China they are problems in statics. In one case you have bodies in motion, in the other a body at rest. But it appears to us that the operation of our treaty, if its provisions were insisted on, would gradually involve the progress of European ideas in China. It is good to endow colleges to found chairs and stipendiate professors, but it may be, and often is, far better to secure the easy and untaxed transit of cottons and woollens, to reduce duties and to bring the ordinary common-place individuals of different nations face to face with each other. It may be doubted whether England owes as much to the first Reform bill as she does to the penny post, to the abolition of the Corn laws or the reduction of the duty on paper.

THE M'FARLAND TRIAL.

Further Adjournment—Recorder Hackett Too Unwell to Preside—The Mysterious Lady in Court—Is She Mrs. McFarland?—The Trial to be Resumed on Monday.

The appearance of the court yesterday morning was indicative of considerable uncertainty on the part of every one present as to the trial proceeding or not. There was not quite so eager a rush for seats until a few minutes before eleven o'clock, and then the court room was comfortably filled but not crowded. The absence of leading counsel on either side was the first indistinct intimation that the Recorder was not sufficiently convalescent to resume the judicial chair. Mr. Gerry, who was present, was appealed to, and he said that he had no positive information, but he was under the impression that the trial would not proceed. A minute or two after this was circulated among the press men Judge Davies entered, with a spring overcoat on, and, although he took his accustomed seat, there was a significance in his not removing his coat. He was soon followed by the District Attorney, and all doubts as to an adjournment were dispelled by the

APPEARANCE OF JUDGE BEDFORD,

who immediately took the Recorder's seat. The court was opened by the crier, the jury sworn, and after a short private consultation of all the counsel engaged in the case, standing in a group on the floor.

THE CASE ADJOURNED TO MONDAY.

Counsel for prisoner, addressing the Bench, said—My associates and myself agree to request the adjournment of the court till Monday next, at eleven o'clock A. M., and ordered to have it so entered on the minutes—the three counsel for the defendant, the District Attorney concurring, on account of the indisposition of his Honor, Recorder Hackett, that, therefore, this court adjourn till Monday next at eleven o'clock.

Judge Garvin—I consent to this, and desire to have it recorded on the minutes that his Honor, Recorder Hackett, being unable to continue the court, had therefore adjourned the court till Monday morning next.

Counsel for prisoner—We consent to that. The minute can be put in both forms, so as to make it perfectly secure.

Judge Garvin—I desire to have it so entered on the minutes.

Counsel for the prisoner—Make it as strong as it perfectly can be.

Judge Bedford—Let the order be so entered and the court be now adjourned till Monday morning next, at eleven o'clock.

CAUTION TO THE JURY.

Judge Bedford then cautioned the jury not to converse with any person on the merits of the case, and, if possible, to avoid reading the newspapers. Should any person attempt to converse with them on the subject, or force any allusion to it in their presence, it would be their duty to report the parties, and they would be dealt with according to law.

There was then a general break up of the assembled throng; but the ladies, of whom there were a goodly number, were evidently greatly disappointed. The bevy of fair women included

A MYSTERIOUS LADY,

whose appearance at the court has made her the cynosure of the neighboring eyes of her sex. That appearance is so distinguished that it is not remarkable that it should excite attention. Yesterday morning the mysterious lady arrived about twenty minutes past ten o'clock, and took her seat in the third row of chairs assigned for the ladies. It was whispered confidentially that this lady bore a resemblance in feature to Mrs. McFarland; but those in court who were most familiar with that person denied that any resemblance existed between the ladies. That she does resemble the photograph of this celebrated lady, that her figure and height are similar, and that the hair underneath the remarkable chignon she wears is exactly opposite in color to her natural hair, and that, inadvertently, she threw inside the light fur covering from her neck, and displayed a brooch having a colored photograph of a gentleman whose face resembled that of the late Mr. Richardson, are facts that came within the observation of more than one person in court, who had reason to believe that

MRS. M'FARLAND HAS BEEN PRESENT

at the trial for several days, but so disguised as to baffle the eyes of those who were familiar with her; but to whom the precincts of the court, where the father of her children was on trial for his life, would be the last place where they would expect to find her. The lady, whoever she was, was a reader of the *Tribune*, and had a copy of that journal in her hand, and, although she sat with perfect ease and freedom, she was careful to be busily engaged in reading the newspaper if any wandering eye was directed to the place where she was located.

Later in the day the satisfactory announcement was made that Recorder Hackett had so much improved in health that there is little doubt that he will preside on Monday.

JAMAICA.

Death of Mr. Wheeler, United States Consul—Departure of Governor Grant—Steam Connection with New York—Tonnage Dues Ceased.

KINGSTON, April 8, 1870.

Mr. Wheeler, the United States Consul in this city, died this forenoon very suddenly. The flags at the several consulates and on the vessels of war and shipping generally have been half-masted all the afternoon. The funeral takes place to-morrow.

Sir John Peter Grant leaves this on the 25th inst. in the British mail packet for England, on six months' leave of absence. He has been on a tour of the southwestern parishes, and everywhere he was received with the greatest demonstrations of welcome. He visits the scene of the Morant bay massacre next week on board one of her Majesty's vessels of war.

A proposition is on foot to induce the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company to run a line of steamers between this island and New York, making a run to Santiago de Cuba and back to Kingston, so as to convey the British mails, which at present travel on board a Spanish mail steamer, subsidized by the British government to the extent of £2,030 per annum, between St. Thomas and Cuba. These vessels, as now proposed, would be arranged so as to connect with the British mail steamer on its way to Colon, and the British mail packet from Colon on its way to Plymouth via St. Thomas.

The tonnage dues on vessels arriving at Jamaica ports ceased to be levied on and since the 1st of April.

OLD WORLD ITEMS.

Four volcanic craters have been discovered in the island of Chedoba, through one of which mud, strongly tainted with petroleum, bubbles up.

The military post of Wilhemshaten or Jade of the North German Confederation is nearly completed, and will be formally opened about the close of May.

The election of Mr. R. W. Crawford, M. P., as Governor, and of Mr. George Lyall as Deputy Governor of the Bank of England, took place on the 5th of April.

Baron Stackelberg, the Russian Minister at Paris, has undergone a very painful and exhausting operation for carbuncle. Dr. Nelaton reports that he will recover.

It was reported in the diocese of Exeter that the Rev. Charles Voysy, on his resigning, will be presented to a valuable Cornish living by "a very broad Church" layman.

The extent of the area under cotton in the Northwestern provinces of India has been considerably extended during the past year, and the staple of the crop is said to have improved.

Marshal Prim has sent to the French Emperor 20,000 cigars, gilded at both ends and decorated with a gilded N. They are worth one and a half francs a piece. Napoleon has sent in return two Sevres vases to Prim.

The Grand Federal Council of Switzerland will extend aid to the railroad line through the Spligen pass whenever the success of the St. Gothard enterprise shall have been assured. They have granted 1,500,000 of francs to the latter.

A Paris paper thus characterizes the *Plebiscitum*:—"Neither delegates nor intermediaries will interfere; it will pronounce direct on the appeal of the Emperor. This is where the really democratic character of the monarchy founded by Napoleon III. appears."

The British Minister at Athens protested, on the 6th of April, against the loan of 9,000,000 drachmas contracted recently by the Hellenic government, on the ground that, in accordance with the treaty of 1832, Greece is bound to pay in preference the loan guaranteed by the three Powers.

The *Schwäbische Volks Zeitung* has an article on the dissolution of the Würtemburg Chambers and the modification of the Ministry. It thinks the real importance of the late changes is clearly shown by the exclamations of the ultramontane Great German *Volksblatt* and the *Beobachter*. They are a guarantee that the military law of 1868 will not be repealed and consequently that the alliance with Northern Germany will be preserved.

THE COURTS.

The Rights of a Postmaster Defined—Important Decision as to the Legality of Detaining Fraudulent Communications—Counterfeiting and Smuggling Cases—More Railroad Litigation—The Rioter Burke in Court—The Fortunes of a Thief of Color.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE.

The Case of Postmaster Jones—Bogus Letters Authorized to be Detained.

Before Commissioner Osborn.

The United States vs. Patrick H. Jones.—The facts set forth in this case were as follows:—W. F. Martine, said to be a lawyer, having an office at No. 75 Nassau street, issued circulars throughout the country stating that he would furnish imitations of national greenbacks, which were almost as good in appearance as the genuine ones, for twenty-five cents each. He requested that the utmost secrecy should be observed by correspondents in addressing him. One of the parties to whom this circular was issued forwarded it to Mr. Gaylor, the special detective agent of the Post Office. Shortly after the receipt of this communication some 1,500 answers to the circular came to the Post Office directed to Martine. Under the instructions of the Postmaster those letters were ordered to the Dead Letter Department. Martine, as alleged, called upon the Postmaster to ascertain why his letters were detained. The Postmaster informed him that he had received such information which led him to believe that the letters in question were answers to a bogus circular, and that he was, therefore, authorized to detain them. Martine denied having issued any such circular. Whereupon the Postmaster informed him that he might take what he (Martine) considered as his private correspondence, or, in fact, all the letters, providing all answers to the circulars were returned. Martine declined that proposition, and at once instituted a criminal prosecution against the Postmaster for the illegal detention of his letters. The case has been several times before the court and the evidence has been thoroughly gone into. Ex-District Attorney S. G. Courtney, with Mr. Phelps, conducted the case on the part of Postmaster Jones and Mr. E. James for the complainant.

Commissioner Osborn in rendering his decision yesterday said:—

The facts disclosed in this case and the questions of law have been hurriedly considered by reason of great pressure of official duties, and what views I here express are the impressions received from a hasty perusal of the opinions of the Attorney General on similar questions. Two or three cases have been cited, one of which has a marked application to the question involved in this case. She Yazoo City Post Office case (volume 8, Attorney General's opinions) related to printed matter the design and tendency of which are to promote insurrection in a State. The opinion of the Attorney General seems to be confined to acts of treason and domestic violence, and does not apply to lesser offences of fraud and misdemeanor. Able and argumentative as the opinion is, the subjects discussed, the views presented and the questions solved do not have pertinency to the case in question. The case of Emory A. Cox (volume 9, Attorney General's opinions) is more direct in point. There the Attorney General declares that the right of the Post Office Department to make regulations which will prevent the service from being prostituted to purposes of fraud has never been denied. The Postmaster General has the right to order the non-delivery of letters to persons who are carrying on a system intended to cheat and defraud the public. At the same time great caution should be exercised, and clear and convincing proof of fraudulent intent should be made known before a postmaster should detain any letter or refuse to deliver the same to the person addressed. To invest a postmaster with power to inquire into the character of each man's correspondence before he delivers the letters, in order to protect the department from being used as a channel for crime and immorality—such power, I apprehend, would never be submitted to by the people. But when outside information, reliable and trustworthy, reaches the postmaster that certain parties are carrying on a system of fraud and crime by the use of the mails and when such a system has been brought to the knowledge of the Postmaster General, and he issues instructions or regulations pertaining to the same, which are not inconsistent with the statutes, I hold that the postmaster is bound to obey such instructions and if in good faith carries them out and refuses to deliver letters which he has reason to believe contain fraudulent and immoral matter, to be circulated among the people, for purposes of illicit gain, and does not break the seal of or otherwise tamper with said letters, but merely detains them in his custody, calling upon the party demanding or sending the same to satisfy him that said mailable matter is in violation of no law of the United States or the State, and showing to said addresses the evidence he has of their fraudulent character, the postmaster should not, in my opinion, be held criminally responsible for such an exercise of discretion. He may make himself liable in damages to the party aggrieved, but the unlawful detention is to be understood as acting with criminal intent or reckless indifference to the discharge of his duty and exercising the functions of his office. In this case the postmaster had almost conclusive proof that the letters addressed to the complainant were answers to a circular issued and circulated by complainant, infamously audacious propositions, disgraceful to any being who pretends to call himself or to be called a man. The facts in this case, in my opinion, abundantly justified the Postmaster in detaining the letters addressed to complainant, and the good faith of the Postmaster was shown when complainant asked the reasons why his letters were stopped; that if the complainant thought he had any business letters among the great number addressed to him he would allow him to look them over and select such and take them; and furthermore, the evidence shows that Mr. Gaylor, the Special Agent, also informed him that he might have all the letters if he would promise to return all that were in answer to the circular shown him. This the complainant refused to do. He denounsing the circular at this interview, but afterwards comes on the stand and on oath swears he did, and admitted also on the stand that he issued it and circulated it for the purpose of deceiving the public, and for the purpose of gain. Under the circumstances of this case, with the instructions of the Postmaster General to the defendant to detain and send to the dead letter office all letters connected with swindling concerns, together with the knowledge before the Postmaster of their fraudulent character, at and before the time complainant demanded his letters, and what has developed on the examination before me, I cheerfully sustain the action of the Postmaster and honorably acquit him of any criminal or improper conduct, and discharge him under these proceedings.

Passing Counterfeit Money—Technicalities of the Law.

Before Commissioner Shields.

The United States vs. Jacob P. Cooke.—In this case an elderly man of the Jewish persuasion, named Moses Gompertz, importuned the defendant, a merchant at No. 225 Washington street, to purchase a painting. The defendant handed him a counterfeit twenty dollar note, knowing it to be such and at the time of passing it informing him of the fact. Gompertz accepted the note, but returned next day and demanded genuine money, which, however, was refused. The defendant was arrested, and the evidence having been given he was held to await the action of the Grand Jury, the Commissioner holding that although there may have been no criminal intent, the passing of a counterfeit note, knowing it to be such, was an offence in the eye of the law.

The Pedlar Pays His License.

The United States vs. Jacob Silvester.—The defendant, who had been arrested for non-payment of special tax, has been released after a night's imprisonment on payment of the tax.

Smuggling Oil.

The United States vs. Hall & Rackel.—The defendants, druggists, carrying on business in Greenwich street, were arrested on a charge of smuggling bay oil. The case was adjourned till Tuesday next.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART 2.

Another Railroad Accident.

Before Judge McCunn and a Jury.

Abraham Scheiv vs. The Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery Railroad Company.—For the past three days Judge McCunn has been doing a rushing business in railroad accidents, resulting in verdicts against the companies in handsome amounts. The present case, however, which came up yesterday, was an exception, as the jury found for the defendants. It appears that the plaintiff in this case got on one of the defendants' c